

C A P . X X V .

An Act to amend the Post-Office Laws of this Province.

[Assented to 10th June, 1857.]

Preamble. **W**HEREAS it is expedient to amend the Post-Office Laws, in the manner hereafter provided : Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows :

Sects. 1 and 5 of 18 V. c. 79, repealed. I. Sections one and five of the Post-Office Act passed in the eighteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and chaptered seventy-nine, are hereby repealed.

Newspapers printed in the Province, when to pass free. II. Newspapers printed and published within this Province and addressed from the Office of Publication, shall be transmitted from the Post-Office where mailed to any other Post-Office in Canada, or to the United Kingdom, or to any British Colony or Possession, or to France, free of Canadian postage.

And when printed in H. M.'s dominions or in France. III. Newspapers printed and published in the United Kingdom, or in any British Colony or Possession, or in France, when received in mails addressed to this Province and directed to any place in Canada, shall pass through the Post and be delivered at the Post-Office addressed, free of Canadian postage.

What shall be deemed Newspapers. IV. For the purposes of this Act, the word "newspapers" shall be held to mean periodicals published not less frequently than once in each week, and containing notices of passing events, or any such newspaper published fortnightly or monthly at the time of the passing of this Act.

Certain other periodicals to pass free. V. Periodicals printed and published in this Province other than newspapers, when specially devoted to Religious and to General Education, to Agriculture or Temperance, or to any branch of Science, and addressed directly from the Office of Publication, shall be transmitted from the Post-Office where mailed to any other Post-Office in this Province free of postage.

Letters to and from Members, Clerks and Officers of the Legislature to pass free in certain cases. VI. Letters and other mailable matter addressed to or sent by the Speaker or Chief Clerk of the Legislative Council or of the Legislative Assembly, or to or by any Member of the Legislature at the Seat of Government, during any Session of the Legislature, or addressed to any of the Members or Officers in this section mentioned, at the Seat of Government as aforesaid, during the ten days next before the meeting of Parliament, shall be free of postage.

Post Master General's re- VII. So much of the twelfth section of the Post-Office Act, passed in the session held in the fourteenth and fifteenth years of

of Her Majesty's Reign and chaptered seventy-one, as requires the Postmaster General to make to the Governor General of this Province, annually, certain Reports for the purpose of being laid before the Provincial Parliament at each Session thereof, for the year ending the fifth day of April previous to such Session, is hereby repealed; and it shall, hereafter, be the duty of the Postmaster General to furnish such Reports annually so that they may be laid before the Provincial Parliament within ten days after the assembling thereof, and such Annual Reports shall be made up to the thirtieth day of September previous to each Session.

ports when to be made and up to what time.

VIII. Nothing in the twenty-first section of the Act last above cited, shall be construed to prevent the Postmaster General from requiring any Postmaster or other person authorized to receive the postage of letters and packets, to render his accounts and pay over to the Postmaster General the balance by him due, at shorter intervals than three months, but it shall be lawful for the Postmaster General to instruct and require any such Postmaster or person, or any class or number of such Postmasters or persons, to render his or their accounts and pay over the balance due by him or them, respectively, at the end of every month, or such other period as the said Postmaster General may from time to time see fit to appoint; and if any such Postmaster or person shall fail to render his accounts and pay over the balance due by him, at the time so appointed, it shall be the duty of the Postmaster General to cause a suit to be commenced against him, and to such suit and to such default on the part of the Postmaster or other person as aforesaid, all the provisions of the said twenty-first and of the twenty-second section of the said Act do and shall apply as fully as to cases where the accounts are required to be rendered and the balance to be paid at the end of every three months.

Postmasters, &c., may be called upon to account and pay over, at such intervals as the Postmaster General shall see fit.

In default, suit to be brought against him.

IX. In addition to the information required by the Act recited in the preceding section, it shall be the duty of the Postmaster General to include in his Annual Report, Returns of the transactions of the Money-Order Branch of the Post-Office Department, shewing:

Certain particulars as to the Money Order Branch to be included in P. M. G's. annual report.

First—The Money-Order Offices in operation at any time within the year for which the Return is made, designating in each case the County wherein the Office is situated, the number and amount of Orders issued and paid, and the amount of Commission arising thereupon at each Office respectively—distinguishing, with respect to the Commission, the proportion allowed as compensation to the Postmaster, and the proportion accruing to the Revenue in each case;

List of Money Order offices.

Commission paid.

Secondly—The annual cost of the Money-Order system, specifying in detail the disbursements for salaries, advertising, account

Annual cost.

account books, printing, stationery, and every other item of expenditure ;

New offices.

Thirdly—The names of the additional Money-Order Offices opened, and of such Money-Order Offices as may have been closed within the year ;

Losses.

Fourthly—The losses, if any, sustained in conducting the system, and how incurred.

Commencement of this Act.

X This Act shall take effect on and from the first day of August next.

C A P . X X V I .

An Act to encourage the gradual Civilization of the Indian Tribes in this Province, and to amend the Laws respecting Indians.

[Assented to 10th June, 1857.]

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is desirable to encourage the progress of Civilization among the Indian Tribes in this Province, and the gradual removal of all legal distinctions between them and Her Majesty's other Canadian Subjects, and to facilitate the acquisition of property and of the rights accompanying it, by such Individual Members of the said Tribes as shall be found to desire such encouragement and to have deserved it: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows :

To what persons only section 3 of 13, 14 V. c. 74, shall apply.

I. The third section of the Act passed in the Session held in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered seventy-four and intituled, *An Act for the protection of the Indians in Upper Canada from imposition and the property occupied or enjoyed by them, from trespass and injury*, shall apply only to Indians or persons of Indian blood or intermarried with Indians, who shall be acknowledged as members of Indian Tribes or Bands residing upon lands which have never been surrendered to the Crown (or which having been so surrendered have been set apart or shall then be reserved for the use of any Tribe or Band of Indians in common) and who shall themselves reside upon such lands, and shall not have been exempted from the operation of the said section, under the provisions of this Act ; and such persons and such persons only shall be deemed Indians within the meaning of any provision of the said Act or of any other Act or Law in force in any part of this Province by which any legal distinction is made between the rights and liabilities of Indians and those of Her Majesty's other Canadian Subjects.

Such persons only to be deemed Indians for certain purposes.