under this Act, whether formed of more than one County or of only part of a County, or otherwise howsoever; and the Municipal Council or Councils of such Registration Division shall be held to be included when the Municipal Council of an Electoral or Registration County is mentioned, unless there is something in the context inconsistent with such interpretation; and if in any case it be doubtful where the Registry Office of any Registration Division is to be kept, the Governor shall fix the place by the Proclamation establishing such Division.

CAP. C.

Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act of 1855.

[Assented to 30th May, 1855.]

Preamble.

THEREAS it is necessary to reform the Municipal and Road system of Lower Canada, and to establish therein County, Parish, Township, Town and Village Municipalities: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and intituled, An Act to re-unite the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, and for the Government of Canada, and it is hereby enacted as follows :

Commence. ment of Act.

I. That this Act shall come into force on the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and not before.

II. This Act shall apply to Lower Canada only. Extent of Act.

Act not to apply to certain works unless ceded to Municipalities;

III. This Act shall not apply to Roads or Bridges under the control of the Commissioners of Public Works, unless and until the same shall be relinquished to the Municipal Authorities; nor to Roads in possession of any individual proprietor or Company under any Act or By-law:

But shall apply after such cession.

2. But whenever any Road or Bridge theretofore under the control of the Commissioners of Public Works, or of any Trustees or other like authority, or of any incorporated Company or individual proprietor, shall cease to be under such control, such Road or Bridge shall thereupon be vested in the local Municipality or Municipalities in which it lies, as a public road, and shall be maintained and dealt with under the provisions of this Act.

Act not to extain parishes included in cities or towns.

IV. The provisions of this Act shall not extend to that portion tend to those of the parish of Montreal which forms the city of Montreal as incorporated by law; nor to those portions of the parishes of Quebec and St. Roch respectively which form the city of Quebec as incorporated by law; nor to that portion of the parish of St. Hyacinthe the Confessor which forms the town of St. Hyacinthe as incorporated by law;

2. So that the Municipality of the parish of Montreal shall Municipalities comprise only that portion of the said parish which is without of parishes of the limits of the said city of Montreal; the Municipality of real and St. the parish of Quebec shall comprise only that portion of the said Hyacinthe deparish which is without the limits of the said city of Quebec; fined. the Municipality of the parish of St. Roch shall comprise only that portion of the said parish which is without the limits of the city of Quebec; and the part of the parish of St. Hyacinthe the Confessor which is without the limits of the said town of St. Hyacinthe, shall for the purpose of this Act be deemed to be an extra parochial place, and shall be annexed to the adjoining parish of Notre-Dame de St. Hyacinthe;

3. The provisions of this Act shall extend to the Municipality Act to extend of the town of Three-Rivers, as it now is, as if the said Muni-cipality had been creeted into a Town Municipality according to the formalities prescribed by this Act in such case; and from have the powand after the commencement of this Act the said Municipality ers vested in the town by shall be, to all intents and purposes, considered as a new Town 13 & 14 V. Municipality created by this Act, and all the powers, functions c. 104. and duties vested in, or imposed upon, the Municipal Council of the town by the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of this Province, which was held in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered one hundred and four, and intituled, An Act to transfer to the Municipal Council of the Municipality of the Town of Three-Rivers the administration of the Common of the said Town, and for other purposes, are hereby vested in the said Municipality;

4. So that the Municipality of the parish of Three-Rivers Municipality shall comprise only that portion of the said parish which is of parish of Three-Rivers without the limits of the said town of Three-Rivers; and for defined. the purposes of this Act, the parish of Three-Rivers shall be understood to comprise all that tract of country now being within the ministration of the Ecclesiastical Authorities (desserte) of the parish of Three-Rivers, including the several concessions upon the St. Lawrence and in the rear of such concessions, up to the tract comprised within the ministration (desserte) of the parish of Pointe-du-Lac, and as far as the fiel St. Etienne:

5. The provisions of this Act shall also extend to the Munici- Act to extend pality of the Town of Sherbrooke, as it now is, as if the same to the town of had been erected into a Town Municipality under this Act: and Sherbrooke.

The said town the said Municipality of the Town of Sherbrooke and the Town-defined. ships of Ascot and Orford shall be, for the purposes of this Act, included within the County of Compton;

How this Act shall apply to Ste. Antie des Nonts and Cap-Chat, 12 V. c. 126.

6. The provisions of this Act shall also extend to the settlements of Ste. Anne des Monts, except in so far as the same may be repregnant to the provisions of the Act passed in the twelfth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act detaching the Settlements of Ste. Anne des Monts and Cap-Chat from the Municipality of Gaspé, and to erect the same into a separate Municipality, which Act shall remain in force, except that the Municipality of Ste. Anne des Monts and the Municipal the powers conferred Council thereof shall possess all not only on Parish and Township Corporations and Councils, but also on County Corporations and Councils by this Act; and that the Act passed in the Session held in the tenth and eleventh years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to make better provision for the establishment of Municipal authorities in Lower Canada, and all other Acts amending the same, shall be repealed, and shall cease to have any force and effect in respect of the said Manicipality of Ste. Anne des Monts: Provided always, that the said Minicipality of Ste. Anne des Monts shall, for the purposes of this Act, form no part of the County of Gaspé;

Act 10 & 11 V. c. 7 repealed as to Ste. Anne, &c.

Proviso.

How this Act shall apply to the Magdalen Islands.

7. The provisions of this Act shall also apply to the Magdalen Islands, which, for the purposes of this Act, shall form a separate Municipality under the name of the Municipality of the Magdalen Islands, and the Municipal Council thereof shall be composed of five members, and shall be presided over by a Mayor, as if the said Islands formed only one Parish or Township; but the said Council shall possess all the powers conferred by this Act not only on Parish and Township Corporations and Councils, but also on County Corporations and Councils: Provided always, that the said Municipality of the Magdalen Islands shall not, for the purposes of this Act, form part of the County of Gaspé.

Proviso.

Acts and Ordinances repealed: L. C. 36 G 3, c. 9.

V. The Act of the Legislature of Lower Canada, passed in the thirty-sixth year of the Reign of King George the Third, and intituled, An Act for making, repairing and altering the Highways and Bridges within this Province, and for other purposes, and the Act of the said Legislature, passed in the thirty-L. C. 39 C. 3. ninth year of the same Reign, and intituled, An Act to amend an

Act passed in the thirty-sixth year of His present Majesty's c ő. Reign, intituled, An Act for making, repairing and altering the Highways and Bridges within this Province, and for other pur-

L. C. 48 G. 3, poses, and the Act of the said Legislature, passed in the fortyeighth year of the said Reign, and intituled, An Act more effectually to provide for the making, altering and repairing the Highways and Bridges within the Inferior District of Gaspe, and to repeal so much of an Act passed in the thirty-sixth year of His Majesty's Reign, and intituled, 'An Act for making, repairing and altering the Highways and Bridges within this Province, and for other purposes,' as regards the Inferior District, and the Act of the said Legislature, passed in the third year of

c. 25.

the Reign of King George the Fourth, and intituled, An Act to L. C. 3 G. 4. explain and extend the provisions of an Act passed in the thirty- c. 19. sixth year of the Reign of His late Majesty, intituled, 'An Act for making, repairing and altering the Highways and Bridges within this Province, and for other purposes,' in so far as respects the townships, and the Ordinance of the Legislature of Lower Canada, passed in the second year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Ordinance to amend the Act passed in L. C. 2 V. the thirty-sixth year of the Reign of King George the Third, c. 7. Chapter Nine, commonly called the Road Act, and the Act of the Legislature of the Province of Canada, passed in the Session thereof held in the tenth and eleventh years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to make better provision for the Canada. establishment of Manicipal Authorities in Lower Canada, and an 10 & 11 V. Act of the Legislature of the said Province of Canada, passed c. 7. in the session thereof, held in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to amend the 13 & 14 V. Municipal Law of Lower Canada, and another Act passed by c. 34. the Legislature of the said Province of Canada, in the Session thereof, held in the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act further to amend the Municipal 14 & 15 V. Laws of Lower Canada, and so much of another Act passed by c. 98. the Legislature of the said Province of Canada, in the sixteenth year of Her Majes:y's Reign, and intituled, An Act to remove 16 V. c. 211: doubts with respect to the proper Courts of Review for Appeals from By-laws of the Municipal Councils, and to amend the Municipal Laws of Lower Canada, as relates to the opening or changing of front roads, shall be and are hereby repealed, except in so far Exceptions. as any of the said Acts or the said Ordinance may relate to the City of Quebec, or the City of Montreal, or to any road or street therein, and except in so far as relates to any Proces-Verbal or Order lawfully made and in force immediately before the com-mencement of this Act, which shall remain in force, as aforesaid, until it be otherwise lawfully ordered under this Act, and except as to any penalty or forfeiture incurred or any assessment due under them, or any of them, before the commencement of this Act, which may be recovered as if this Act had not been passed: Provided always, that the Acts and Or- Proviso: redinances, or parts of Acts and Ordinances, repealed by the said pealed Acts, Acts or Ordinance, shall remain repealed: And that each repealed: and Parish, Township, or place which, immediately before the certain patime when this Act shall come into force and effect, shall be a rishes and Municipality for the purposes of the Act passed by the townships to remain Municipality of the said Province of Canada, in the ninth year cipalities for of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to repeal certain the purposes enactments therein mentioned, and to make better provision 9 V: c. 27, and for Elementary Instruction in Lower Canada, and of another 12 V. c. 50. Act of the said last mentioned Legislature, passed in the twelfth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An. Act to amend the School Law of Lower Canada, shall, notwithstanding any thing in this Act, continue to be a Municipality within the meaning of the said last mentioned Acts, and for all

24th and other parts of 14 & 15 V. c. 100, inconsistent

Part of section the purposes thereof. And so much of the twenty-fourth Section of the Act passed in the Session held in the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to make better provision for granting Licenses to Keepers of with this Act, Taverns and Dealers in Spirituous Liquors in Lower Canada, and for the more effectual repression of Intemperance, and any and all portions of the said Act which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, is and are hereby repealed.

Short title of this Act and mode of referring to it of it.

VI. In citing this Act in other Acts of Parliament, or in any Instrument, Document or Proceeding, it shall be sufficient to use the expression "The Lower Canada Municipal and Road or any section Act, 1855"; and in any process for enforcing the remedies or penalties given or imposed by this Act, it shall be sufficient, without specifying more particularly the cause of complaint or offense, to refer by number, according to the copies of the Act printed by the Queen's Printer, to the section or sections under which the proceeding is taken.

Interpretation clause.

VII. The Interpretation Act shall apply to this Act; and for the purposes of this Act, the following terms, whenever they occur, shall respectively have the following significations, that is to say:

Parish.

The term "Parish" shall not only signify any territory erected into a Parish either by civil or ecclesiastical authority, but shall apply, in like manner, to any part of a Parish incorporated under this Act, and shall also signify and include any extra parochial place or part of a Parish or part of a Township annexed to a Parish under this Act, and the Parish to which such extra parochial place or part of a Parish is or shall be annexed conjointly, and shall also signify and include a Township annexed to a Parish under this Act and the Parish to which such Township is annexed conjointly, unless the context be inconsistent with such interpretation;

Township.

And the term "Township" shall not only signify any Territory erected into a Township, but shall apply in like manner to any part of a Township incorporated under this Act, and shall also signify and include any part of a Township or Parish annexed to a Township under this Act, and the Township to which such part of a Township or Parish. is or shall be annexed conjointly, and shall also apply to two Townships annexed to each other for the purposes of this Act conjointly, unless the context be inconsistent with such interpretation;

Municipality.

The term "Municipality" shall signify any territory incorporated under this Act;

County Muni. cipality.

The term "County Municipality" shall signify a County incorporated under this Act;

The

The term "Local Municipality" shall signify any territory Local Muniincorporated under this Act, except a County, and shall apply cipality. equally to Parish, Township, Town and Village Municipalities;

The term "County Council" shall signify the Municipal County Council of a County, incorporated under this Act;

The term "Local Council" shall signify the Municipal Local Council. Council of a Local Municipality;

The term "Chief Officer" shall apply equally to the Warden Chief Officer. of a County and to the Mayor of a Local Municipality;

The term "County Councillor" shall signify a member of a County Councillor.

The term "Local Councillor" shall signify a Member of a Local Council cillor.

The term "County Superintendent" shall signify the Su-County Superperintendent of Roads and Bridges in a County; intendent.

The term "Owner" shall apply not only to an individual Owner. proprietor but also to several co-proprietors and to any Corporation or Association of persons in whom the right of ownership in any real or personal property mentioned in this Act is vested;

The term "Road" shall signify a Public Highway, and Road shall include all Bridges upon it, and all ditches, fords and other works and things therewith connected, unless it be otherwise expressed or the context be inconsistent with such interpretation;

The term "Public Bridge" shall signify any bridge of more Public Bridge. than eight feet in span;

The term "Lot" shall apply not only to a lot of land in any Lot. Range or Concession in its entirety, but shall also signify any subdivision of such lot, and any parcel of land owned or occupied by any one person or by several persons conjointly, and shall also include all buildings and other improvements thereon, unless the contrary be expressed or the context be inconsistent with such interpretation;

The term "Public Notice" shall signify a notice given, Public Notice. or to be given, to the Inhabitants of the whole, or of any part or parts of any Municipality or of several Municipalities;

The term "Special Notice" shall signify a notice given or to special Nobe given to any Member or Officer of any Municipal Council tice. or to any other person under this Act, or in pursuance of any By-law

By-law passed by any such Council, for the purposes of informing him of any appointment or appointments or of any other fact or facts, or of requiring him personally to attend, or be present! at any particular place, or for any other object;

District.

The term "District" shall signify a Judicial District as now established by Law;

County: 16 V. c. 152. 18 V. c. 75.

And the term "County" shall signify each and every County as defined and described in and by "The Parliamentary Representation Act of 1853" as amended by "The Parliamentary Representation amendment Act of 1855," except that for the purposes of this Act, the Island of Orleans, in the County of Montmorenci, shall form a separate Municipal County, by the name of the Municipal County of the Island of Orleans; and all that part of the said County which lies to the North of the River St. Lawrence, shall also form a separate Municipal County, by the name of the Municipal County of Montmorenci.

VIII. Every Public Notice shall be given in the manner following, that is to say:

shall be given.

The person required to give such Notice shall cause the same Mode in which Public Notices to be drawn up in the English and French languages, and after signing it, shall publish it by causing a true copy thereof, certified by him, to be posted up on the front door of at least one church or chapel, or other place of public worship, and, whether there be or not any place of public worship, at

[Form B.]

some other place of public resort in the Local Municipality, or in each of the Local Municipalities, to the inhabitants of which such Notice is addressed. If such Notice be given within the limits of a Parish, the person required to give the same shall cause it to be read at the door, of every such church or chapel, at the issue of divine service in the forenoon, on the Sunday next following the day on which the same was published If it be to call by posting a copy thereof, as aforesaid; and if such Notice be

ing.

a Public Meet- for the purpose of announcing a Public Meeting, or the future adoption of any proceeding under this Act, the person required to give it shall specify therein the day, hour and place at which such Public Meeting is to be held, and the purpose or purposes for which it is convened, or the day, hour and place at which such proceeding is to be had; and every such Notice shall be published by posting a copy thereof, as aforesaid, at least seven clear days before the day appointed for such Public Meeting or proceeding.

> IX. Every Special Notice shall be given in the manner following, that is to say:

1. The person required to give such Notice shall cause it to be Mode in which special notices drawn up in the language of the person to whom it is addressed,

if such language be the English or the French language, or if shall be givenit be any other language, then, in either the English or the French language, and after having signed it, shall serve it on the person to whom it is addressed, by causing a true copy thereof to be delivered to him personally, or left with some grown person at his domicile; and in every such Special Notice the person required to give the same shall mention distinctly the fact intended to be communicated to the person to whom it is addressed, the time and place at which he is required to attend or be present, or such other object as such Notice is given for;

- 2. The person required to give any notice, whether it be a Certificate of public or a special notice, shall cause a Certificate or Certification or service of such notice to be annexed to or endorsed upon the original notice, stating distinctly [Form D.] the manner in which, and the time or times, and place or places at which the same was so published or served;
- 3. The truth of the facts stated in every such Certificate shall Attestation of be attested under eath by the person making the same. And the such certifiperson required to give such notice shall deliver the original cate. notice with such Certificate or Certificates to the Secretary-Treasurer of the Council to the affairs of which it relates, and the Secretary-Treasurer shall file the same amongst the records

GENERAL ORGANIZATION.

X. And be it enacted, That the inhabitants of every County Inhabitants of shall be a Corporation or body politic under the name of "The each County Corporation of the County ot " (here insert the incorporated name of the County:

2. The inhabitants of every Parish and Township shall be a And those of Corporation, or body politic, under the name of "The Corpo-each parish or ration of the Parish (or Township or Townships, or of the township.

part of the Parish or Township, as the case may be) of "(here insert the name of the Parish or

Township);

of such Council.

3. The inhabitants of every Town and Village, being a body And those of corporate at the time of the commencement of this Act, or certain towns being declared such by this Act, or for the incorporation of which the formalities hereinafter prescribed shall have been observed, shall be a Corporation or body politic under the name of the Corporation of the Town (or Village, as the case may be) of (here insert the name of the Town or Village).

PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO MUNICIPAL COUNCILS GENERALLY.

CORPORATE FOWER AND NAME.

General corpo. XI. Every such Corporation shall have perpetual succession; rate powers. may have a common seal; may sue and be sued under its corporate name in all Courts of Justice; may acquire by purchase, donation, devise or otherwise, any real or personal

Further gene- property, and may hold or enjoy, or alienate the same; may enter into all contracts necessary to or connected with the exercise of its functions, power and authority; and shall have all other collective rights and powers necessary for the performance of the duties imposed upon, and for the exercise of the authority vested in it:

Corporation to act by a Council.

2. Every such Corporation shall be represented by a Council, to be composed as hereinafter provided with special reference to County Councils and Local Councils respectively; and all the powers, authorities, duties and obligations of every such Corporation shall be exercised and performed by such Council and its Officers;

Names of Councils of Counties.

3. The Council of a County Municipality shall be called " The Municipal Council of the County of " (here insert the name of the County);

Of parishes, townships, towns or villages.

4. The Council of a local Municipality shall be called "The Municipal Council of the Parish (or Township or Townships, or of the part of the Parish or Township, or Town or Village, as the case may be) of insert the name of the Parish, Township, Town or Village);

Composition of County Councils.

5. Every County Council shall be composed of the Mayors of the several Local Municipalities of such County in which Mayors have been elected or appointed;

Of Local Councils.

6. Every Local Council shall be composed of seven Councillors, to be elected or appointed in the manner hereinafter provided;

Councillors Nor hold office under Council.

- 7. No Councillor shall in any case receive or be entitled to not to be paid any wages, allowance, profit or emolument whatever, for his services as such Councillor; nor shall any Councillor hold any subordinate office under any Municipal Council, or become surety for the performance of the duties of any such Officer;
- 8. Each Member of a Council shall, immediately after his Oath of office to be taken by election or appointment, take an oath well and faithfully to perform the duties of his office. [Form N.]

SESSIONS OF MUNICIPAL COUNCILS.

- XII. A General Quarterly Session of each County Council Quarterly Sesshall be held on the second Wednesday in each of the months of sion of County March, June, September and December, at the place which shall be determined upon by the Council, except the first General Session, the time and place of holding which shall be appointed in the manner hereinafter provided:
- 2. A General Monthly Session of each Local Council shall Monthly Sesbe held on the first Monday in each month, at the place sions of Local which shall be determined upon by the Council, except the first General Session, the time and place of holding which shall be appointed in the manner hereinafter provided;

- 3. But if any of the days so fixed be the Queen's Birthday Holidays. or a Holiday (Fête d'Obligation), such General Session shall commence and be held on the day next following;
- 4. Special Sessions of any Council may also be convened special Sesby the Chief Officer, or any two Members of such Council, sions of any after special notice, given to all the other Members, by the Council. person or persons requiring such Session. And every Session, Hour of Meetwhether General or Special, shall commence at the hour of ing. ten in the forenoon, unless otherwise determined by By-law, [Form L.] notice or adjournment;
- 5. The Chief Officer of the Council, or in his absence such Who shall one of the Councillors as shall be chosen by a majority of votes Meetings. of the Councillors present, or, upon an equal division of votes, the Senior in age of such Councillors, shall preside;
- 6. All disputed questions shall be decided by a majority Questions how of the votes of the Members present, not including the Chair- decided. man; and when the votes are equally divided, the Chairman shall give the casting vote;
 - 7. The Sessions shall be held with open doors;

Open doors.

- 8. Every Council, and any two of its Members when Adjournthere is not a quorum present, may adjourn any General or ments. Special Session to a subsequent day, but no such adjournment shall be made until after the expiration of one hour from the failure of the quorum;
- 9. And no adjournment of the Session of a County Council Further limishall be made to any time less than seven clear days subsequent tation as to to the day on which such adjournment is made; and no adjournments. adjournment of the Session of a Local Council shall be made [Form M.] to any time less than two clear days subsequent to such day, unless in either case a quorum of the Council were present when such adjournment was made; and special notice Notice of

of adjournment.

of every such adjournment shall be given by the Clerk to all the Members of the Council who were not present at the time it was made, if there was not a quorum present at that time;

Failure of Ses-

10. No Council shall be dissolved by the fact of any Session sion not to dis-solve Council.

Chief Officer a Justice of the Peace.

11. Every Chief Officer of a Municipal Council shall be ex to be ex officio officio a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Municipality wherein he has been elected or appointed, so long as he shall continue to act as such Chief Officer.

APPOINTMENT OF OFFICERS.

THEIR DUTIES, &C.

Secretary-Treasurer.

XIII. Every Council shall at its first General Session, or at a Special Session which shall be held within fifteen days from the first day of such first General Session, appoint an Officer who shall be called the "Secretary-Treasurer" of the "Municipal Council of the County (or Parish or Township or Townships, or of the part of the Parish or Township or Town, or Village, as the case may be,) of the name of the Municipality):

2. The Secretary-Treasurer of every Council shall be the

Duties of Secretary-Tieasurer.

Custodier of all the Books, Registers, Valuation Rolls, Collection Rolls, Reports, Proces-verbaux, Plans, Maps, Records, Documents and Papers kept or filed in the Office of the Council. He shall attend all Sessions, and shall enter in a Register to be kept for that purpose all the proceedings of the Council; and he shall allow persons interested therein to inspect the same at all reasonable hours. And every copy or extract of or fied by him to from any such Book, Register, Valuation Roll, Collection Roll, Report, Proces-verbal, Plan, Map, Record, Document or Paper, certified by such Secretary-Treasurer shall be deemed authentic:

Copies certihe authentic.

3. Every person appointed Secretary-Treasurer to a Council, Secretaryshall, before acting as such, give the security hereinafter Treasurer to give security. mentioned;

How such segiven. Two sureties required.

4. He shall furnish two sureties, whose names shall be curty shall be approved by a resolution of the Council, before they shall be admitted as such; all such sureties shall be jointly and severally bound together with the Secretary-Treasurer, and their obligation shall extend to the payment of all sums of money for which the Secretary-Treasurer may at any time be accountable to the Corporation, including principal, interest and costs, as well as all penalties and damages to which he shall become liable in the exercise of his office;

5. Every such security may be given by a Bond executed Form of sebefore Notaries, or before a Notary and two witnesses, and curityship; accepted by the Chief Officer of the Council, or by Bond under Bond, &c. private signature in duplicate; the Secretary-Treasurer shall deliver a duplicate of such Bond, if executed under private signature, or a copy thereof if executed before Notaries or before [Form 0.] a Notary and two witnesses, to the Chief Officer who shall be the Custodier thereof; and another copy, or the other duplicate, shall be filed by such Secretary-Treasurer among the records of the Council;

6. Every such Security-Bond, when duly registered in the Registration Registry Office for the County or Registration Division in which of Bond. the Secretary-Treasurer resides, shall carry with it a hypothec (hypothèque) only on such immoveable property as shall have been therein designated. And it shall be the duty of the Chief Officer of the Council to cause it to be enregistered immediately on receipt thereof;

7. The Secretary-Treasurer of every Council shall receive Duties of all moneys due or payable to the Municipality, and he shall Secretary-Treasurer; pay out of such moneys all drafts or orders drawn upon him receipts and by any person thereunto authorized by this Act for the payments, payment of any sum to be expended or due by the Municipality whenever thereunto authorized by the Council; but no such draft or order shall be lawfully paid by the said Secretary-Treasurer, unless the same shall shew sufficiently the use to be made of the sum mentioned in such draft or order, or the nature of the debt to be paid thereby;

8. The Secretary-Treasurer shall keep in due form Books of Accounts and Account, in which he shall respectively enter each item of receipt and expenditure, according to dates, mentioning at the same time the names of the persons who have paid any moneys into his hands, or to whom he has made any payment respectively; and he shall keep all Vouchers for expenditure:

9. The Secretary-Treasurer shall render to the Council, every Rendering six months, that is to say, on the thirtieth day of June and on the accounts. thirty-first day of December in each year, or oftener if required by such Council, a detailed account of his receipt and expenditure attested by him under oath;

10. The Secretary-Treasurer's Books of Account and Vouchers Accounts to shall be open for inspection at all reasonable hours, to the Members of Council, and to each of the Members thereof, to the Municipal Council, &c. Officers by them appointed, and also to all persons liable to assessment in the Municipality;

11. The Secretary-Treasurer, or any other person who Mode of comshall have filled the said office, may be sued by the Chief pelling Secretary-Treas-Officer of the Council or by the County Superintendent in surer to render

pay, &c.

accounts and the name of the Municipality before any Court of competent jurisdiction, to compel him to render an account; and in any such action he may be condemned to pay damages for having failed to render such account; and if he render an account, he shall be condemned to pay such balance as he shall acknowledge or declare to have in his hands, together with such other sums as he ought to have debited himself with, or as the Court shall think be ought to be held accountable for; and every judgment pronounced in any such suit, shall include interest at twelve per cent on the amount thereof, by way of damages, together with costs of suit;

Judgment. Interest.

Contrainte par corps, to en-force judgment.

12. And every such judgment shall carry contrainte par corps against the said Secretary-Treasurer, according to the laws in force in such cases in Lower Canada, if such contrainte be demanded in the action to compel the rendering of the said account;

Council may appoint other Officers.

13. Every Council shall have power and authority to appoint such other Officers as may be necessary for carrying into effect the provisions of this Act or of any By-laws or Regulations of such Council:

Delivery of moneys, &c., by an Officer to his succes-

14 Every Municipal Officer, whether elected or appointed shall, within eight days from the day on which he shall cease to hold such office, deliver to his successor in office, if then elected or appointed, or if not, within eight days after the election or appointment of such successor, all moneys, keys, books, papers and insignia belonging to such office;

His representative to deliver the same in case of his death, &c.

15. If any such officer die or absent himself from Lower Canada, without having delivered up all such moneys, keys, books, papers and insignia, it shall be the duty of his heirs or other legal representatives to deliver the same to his successor in office within one month from his death, or from his departure from Lower Canada;

Successor may recover the same if not delivered.

16. And in every such case the successor in office of every such officer shall, besides all other legal remedies, have a right of action before any Circuit Court, either by saisie revendication or otherwise, to recover from such officer or from his legal representatives, or any other person in possession of the same, all such moneys, keys, books or insignia, together with costs and damages for the benefit of the Municipality, and every judgment rendered in every such action may be enforced by contrainte par corps against the person condemned, according to the laws in force, in such cases in Lower Canada, if by the declaration such contrainte is demanded.

Contrainte par corps.

Mode of appointing Officer.

XIV. Every appointment of an Officer by a Municipal Council shall be made by a resolution of such Council, and the Secretary-Treasurer Secretary-Treasurer shall without delay give special notice Notice. thereof to the person appointed:

- 2. Every Officer so appointed, except Secretary-Treasurers, Termofoffice. and County Superintendents, shall remain in office for a period of two years from the date of his appointment, and no longer, unless re-appointed;
- 3. Every such Council may remove any Officer appointed Officer may by it, and may also remove any Officer appointed by the Gover- be removed, nor and not being a Member of such Council, provided that ou certain another person be appointed in his stead by the same received another person be appointed in his stead by the same resolution proposing to remove such Officer, but not otherwise.

POWERS COMMON TO ALL MUNICIPAL COUNCILS.

XV. Every Council shall have power and authority to make Councils may and from time to time amend or repeal a By-law or By-laws make By-laws for all or any of the following purposes, that is to say:

concerning-[Forms I & J.]

- 1. For the maintenance of order and decorum during the Order, &c., at Sessions thereof, and for compelling the members to attend Sessions. such Sessions and to perform their duties;
- 2. For the purchase and acquirement of moveable or im- Acquiring and moveable property for the use of the Municipality, and for disposing of the sale and disposal of the same when no longer required; property.
- 3. For the construction, acquirement, leasing, or repairing Constructing of any building required by the Municipality, either for the orleasing, &c. sessions of the Council or for other Municipal purposes within the scope of its functions;
- 4. For the erection, construction, widening, altering or re- construction pairing of such fences, ditches, drains or watercourses as the &c.,—of interests of the inhabitants shall require to be so erected, confences, ditches, &c. structed, widened, altered or repaired, at the expence of the Municipality;

5. For regulating any ferry under its control,—for fixing the Regulating tolls to be charged for crossing the same,—for authorizing any ferries. officer to grant a license to keep such ferry, and for fixing the Licenses for sum to be paid for such license, and the other conditions on terries. which such license shall be granted, and for imposing penalties on any ferryman or other person contravening such By-laws; but no such license shall be granted for more than one year, Limitation as and it shall not be lawful by any such By-law to make the to period of tolls payable by any of the inhabitants of any Local Munici-licenses, &c. pality, or of any part of a Local Municipality on any Ferry, less than those payable by other persons, or to give any undue advantage to any such inhabitants with respect to such tolls;

Acquiring roads or bridges from Government.

6. For the acquirement from the Government, gratuitously or for consideration, of any public road or public bridge made or erected at the expence of the Province, or of the late Province of Lower Canada, within the limits of the Municipality, or of such portion of any such road or bridge as may be within, or partly within and partly beyond the said limits, together with the lands and dependencies required for the use or management of the same;

Raising and levving money by rates equally imposed.

7. For raising and levying such sums of money as may be necessary for any purpose within the scope of the functions of such Council; such sums to be raised by rates equally assessed upon all the persons liable thereto in proportion to the value of their assessable property;

Aiding in construction of roads, benefitting the Municipality, tho' not in it.

8. For raising and levying moneys in aid of the construction, maintenance or repair of any Road leading to the Municipality, or of any Bridge or other public work beyond the limits of the Municipality, whereby the inhabitants thereof may, in the opinion of the Council, be sufficiently benefitted to warrant the granting of such aid;

9. For borrowing any sum of money (the principal and inte-

Borrowing money, and issuing Bonds or Debentures, &c. for

Assisting in construction of Railways. rest of which may be payable either in this Province or clsewhere, and either in the currency of this Province or of the country where the same may be payable,) necessary for any of the purposes within the scope of the functions of the Council, or for giving assistance to the construction of any railroad under the provisions of the eighteenth section of the "Railway Clauses Consolidation Act," or for taking stock in, or lending money to, any incorporated Railway, Road or Bridge Company in whose Railway, Road or Bridge the inhabitants of the Municipality shall, in the opinion of the Council thereof, be sufficiently interested to warrant them in taking such stock or lending such money for the advancement of such work; or for issuing Deben-

[Form M M.]

Managing limited.

Rate for interest and Sinking Fund.

tures or Bonds for any of the purposes mentioned in this section, every such Debenture or Bond being issued for a sum not less than twenty-five pounds currency of this Province, and being payable in not less than five and not more than thirty years; or Sinking Fund. for the management of any Sinking Fund provided by any such Total amount By-law; but no By-law made under the provisions of this section shall have any force or effect unless it be made for a sum not exceeding twenty per cent on the aggregate valuation of the property thereby affected according to the Valuation-Rolls then existing, nor unless it impose a yearly rate sufficient, according to such Valuation-Rolls, to pay the interest on the sum to be borrowed, and two per cent. over as a Sinking Fund; nor unless it shall have been approved in the manner hereinafter provided.

By-law not to be repealed,

No such By-law shall be repealed or altered until the whole sum borrowed and the interest thereon shall be paid off, except

by

by some other By-law approved by the Governor in Council, the except, &c. repeal or alteration of which shall be subject to the like conditions.

Whenever any such By-law is passed by a County Coun-Money borcil, the principal and interest of the Loan shall be payable rowed by a by all the Local Municipalities in the County, and the Secre-Railway purtary-Treasurer of the County Council shall in each year appor- poses as aforetion the amount to be paid by each according to the assessment said, to be rolls then in force in such Local Municipalities respectively; Municipalities and every such By-law shall be approved in the manner pro- within it. vided by the Act passed in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's By-law must Reign, intituled, An Act to establish a Consolidated Muni- be approved cipal Loan Fund for Upper Canada, as amended by the Act c. 22. and passed in the eighteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, inti- 18 V. c. 13. tuled, An Act to extend and amend the Act to establish a Consolidated Municipal Loan Fund for Upper Canada by applying the same to Lower Canada, and for other purposes, and all the provisions of the said Acts shall apply to every such By-law except in so far as they may be inconsistent with any of the provisions contained in this section.

- 10. For depositing the funds of the Municipality or investing Depositing the same at interest, in any chartered Bank or public security money. of the Province;
- 11. For indemnifying persons who shall have lost buildings Paying daor other property destroyed either wholly or in part by rioters mages done by Rioters. within the Municipality;
- 12. For the remuneration of their Officers, in addition to any Paying Offifees, penalties or per centage which they may be entitled to cers. under the authority of this Act or of any other;
- 13. For defining the duties of all the Officers appointed by the Definingduties Council or by the Governor, and imposing penalties upon of Officers and the said Officers for neglect of duty in cases in which such formance duties have not been sufficiently defined, or such penalties have thereof. not been determined by law; but no such fine or penalty shall in any case exceed the sum of five pounds currency for any one offence;

14. For requiring sufficient security whenever the same Taking seshall not have been specially regulated by law, from all percurity from Officers, Constant of the Municipality and from the same Taking seshall not have been specially regulated by law, from all percurity from the manager of the Municipality and from the same Taking seshall not have been specially sessions. sons accountable for the moneys of the Municipality, and from tractors, &c. all Contractors with the Council or its Officers, in such manner, and to such amount as the Council shall think proper to determine;

15. For imposing and collecting, by seizure and sale of the Imposing and goods and chattels of the offender, any reasonable penalty collecting net exceeding in any case five pounds currency, and for

imposing

Imposing im- imposing reasonable punishment by imprisonment, not exceeding thirty days, for the breach of any of the By-laws or Regulaprisonment. tions of the Council;

Other Local Regulations.

16. For making such other local Regulations, not contrary to Law, as the good of the inhabitants of the Municipality may require.

PUBLICATION OF BY-LAWS.

Publication by posting up copies of By. laws.

XVI. Every Municipal Council shall publish all By-Laws made by them, by causing a copy thereof written in the English and French languages, and certified by the Secretary-Treasurer of the Council, to be posted up, within fifteen days from the date thereof, on the front door of at least one Church or Chapel, or other place of Public Worship, and whether there be or not any place of Public Worship, at some other place of public resort, in each of the Parishes, Townships or parts of Parishes or Townships, Towns and Villages, the inhabitants, or any portion of the inhabitants of which, may be interested in such By-Laws. In Parishes the Council shall also cause all By-laws to be published, by causing them to be read at the door of the Church of the Parish to which they relate, immediately after Divine Service in the forenoon, on each of And by inser- the two Sundays next after the passing of such By-laws. And every such Council may also cause all or any of such By-Laws to be published in any Newspaper printed in the district, or in any adjoining district.

tion in Newspapers.

> PERSONS DISQUALIFIED OR EXEMPT FROM ACCEPTING MUNICIPAL OFFICE AS MEMBERS OR OFFICERS OF COUNCILS.

Persons dis. qualified as Members.

XVII. No person being in holy orders, or a Minister of any religious denomination, nor any Member of the Executive Council, nor any Judge, or Sheriff or Clerk of any Court of Justice, (except Clerks of Commissioners' Courts for the trial of small causes, any one of whom may, with his own consent, be appointed Secretary-Treasurer,) nor any Officer of Her Majesty's Army or Navy on full pay, shall be elected or appointed as a Municipal Councillor, nor appointed to any office under any Municipal Council, and no person receiving any pecuniary allowance from the Municipality for his services, nor any person having directly or indirectly, by himself or his partner, any contract, or any share or interest in any contract, with or on behalf of the Municipality, shall be qualified to be elected or appointed or to act as, a Councillor of such Local Municipality: Provided always, firstly, that no person shall be disqualified from acting as Municipal Councillor, by reason of his being a proprietor or shareholder in any incorporated Company, which shall or may have any contract or agreement with any Local Council as aforesaid; And provided always, secondly,

Proviso as to Contractors with the Council.

Proviso ;

that the word "contract" in this section shall not extend to any What shall be lease, sale or purchase of any lands, tenements or heredita- a "Contract" ments, or to any contract for such lease, sale or purchase, or for section. the loan of money, or to any agreement for the loan of money only, but any Municipal Councillor having any interest in any such matter, as in this second proviso mentioned, shall not vote at any meeting of the Municipal Council, or of any Committee thereof, of which he is such Councillor as aforesaid, upon any question arising upon the matter in which he is so interested as aforesaid:

2. No Member of the Provincial Legislature, no person hold- Persons exing any civil appointment under the Imperial or Provincial empted from Government, or under either House of the Legislature, no Prac- by their own tising Physician, Surgeon or Apothecary, no School Master ac- consent. tually engaged in teaching, no Branch Pilot, no Miller, being the only one employed in a mill, no person over sixty years of age, shall be bound to accept the office of Municipal Councillor or any office under any Municipal Council; and every person being at the time of the commencement of this Act, or having been within the two years next preceding, a Member of a Municipal Council, or an Officer under any such Council, and any person who shall have paid a penalty for refusal or neglect to accept of any such office, shall be exempt from serving in the same office during the two years next after such service or payment;

3. If any person disqualified, or exempt, and claiming Appointment exemption from serving as such Councillor be elected, it shall be the duty of the Warden or Registrar, immediately on his becoming aware of the fact, to notify the same, through the Provincial Secretary, to the Governor, who shall appoint without delay another Councillor in the stead of such person so elected. delay another Councillor in the stead of such person so elected.

COUNTY COUNCILS.

SPECIAL POWERS.

XVIII. All the powers vested by the Act of the Legislature of County Coun-Canada passed in the twelfth year of Her Majesty's Reign, cils to have chaptered fifty-six, and intituled, An Act to authorize the certain pow-formation of Joint Stock Companies in Lower Canada, for the v. c. 56. construction of Macadamized Roads, and of Bridges and other works of like nature, in the Municipality and Municipal Councils therein mentioned, shall be transferred to and vested in the County Councils created by this Act.

XIX. Every County Council shall also have power and They may authority to make, and from time to time amend or repeal, a make ByBy-law or Ky-laws tor all or any of the following amend and laws concern-By-law or By-laws for all or any of the following purposes, that ingis to say:

[Form I.]

Cap. 100.

1. For appointing the place at which all Sessions of the County Council after the first Session shall be held; and every

Place of sit-

Proviso.

place so appointed shall thereafter be the County Town (chef lieu du comlé); Provided always that if the first session of such Council shall have been held at a place which at the time of the passing of this Act, was the place of holding the meeting of If the first Meeting be the Municipal Council of a County or Division of a County, held at a place the concurrence of two thirds of the members for the time being where a Counof such Council, shall be necessary for the making of a By-law ty Council now meets. appointing any other places for holding the subsequent sessions of such Council;

Construction, House and Gaol.

2. For the acquirement or construction and maintenance of a &c, of a Court House and Gaol, in such place as may be hereafter lawfully appointed for that purpose, and for providing means in aid of the acquirement, construction or maintenance of any such buildings;

Maintenance Deeds, &c.

3. For the acquirement or construction and maintenance of or an Office for the Registration of Deeds, either apart from or forming part of any Court House situate within the County, and for the construction and maintenance therein of a Fireproof Vault for the preservation of such Deeds; and for providing means for the acquirement or construction and maintenance of such Office, and also for the transcription of any Deeds which it may be deemed expedient to transfer and deposit in such Office, for the convenience of the inhabitants of the County;

Turnpikes.

Limitation. Tolls to be equal on all.

4. For placing toll-bars, and for levying tolls on persons, animals and vehicles passing over any roads or bridges within the limits of the County; Provided that it shall not be lawful, by any such By-law, to make the Tolls payable by any of the inhabitants of any Local Municipality or of any part of a Local Municipality, less than those payable by other persons for the use of the road or bridge therein mentioned, or to give any undue advantage to any such inhabitants with respect to such tolls;

Fire in the woods, &c.

5. For determining the periods of the year during which fire may be applied to logs, bush and other wood for the purpose of clearing land within the limits of the County, and for compelling persons so applying fire to adopt such precautions as may be deemed requisite to prevent such fire from extending to adjoining forests, crops and other property;

Regulating Superintendent or Treasurer.

6. For regulating the fees to be paid for the services rendered tees to County by the County Superintendent, or by the Secretary-Treasurer, either in making Reports or Proces-Verbaux, or in furnishing copies of documents at the request of any person or number of persons, whenever the County Council, or any local Council within the County, deem it just that such fees should not be made a charge upon any Municipality in the County, but should be paid by the person or persons requiring such services;

7. For regulating fisheries carried on, either upon the sea- Regulating shore or upon any waters adjacent to, or passing through the fisheries. County.

SESSIONS OF COUNTY COUNCIL, ELECTION OR APPOINTMENT OF WARDEN, &c.

XX. The first general session of every County Council First Sessionshall be held at the time and place to be fixed for that purpose by the Registrar, who shall give notice thereof to each Member of the Council, and every subsequent session shall be held at the place appointed for that purpose by the County Council, as provided in the next preceding section:

2. Five Members of the County Council in every County Quorum of comprising seven or more Local Municipalities, and three County Counmembers of such Council in every County comprising any number of Local Municipalities less than seven, shall form a quorum;

3. The Registrar, or in his absence, such one of the Members Who shall of the Council present, as shall be chosen for that purpose by a Meeting. majority of votes, or if the votes be equally divided, the senior in age of the Members present shall preside at the first general session;

4. The Members of the County Council shall, at the said Election of Warden. first session, choose from amongst themselves some fit and proper person, to be the Warden of the County; and if there be an equal number of votes, the person presiding at the said session, whether such person be a Member of the Council or Warden to the Registrar, shall give the casting vote; and the Registrar preside when shall cease to have the right to preside, so soon as the Warden chosen. so chosen shall have taken the oath of office;

5. If no election of a Warden take place in the manner above Governor prescribed, at the said first session of the Council, then the warden if Governor, upon the fact being notified to him by the Registrar, none be electshall appoint without delay one of the Members of the ed. Council to be Warden of the County;

6. The Warden so elected or appointed shall hold his office of Warden; until the next general election of Councillors, and thereafter until another person shall be appointed in his stead; unless Removal of Warden by such Warden, if elected by the County Council, be removed Council. before that time by a vote of two thirds of the Members of the Council, or unless such Warden, if appointed by the Governor, be removed by the Governor. If the Warden be removed by a Hisplace how two third vote of the County Council, the said Council shall to be filled. appoint another at the same session, otherwise the Governor shall appoint one, on being notified of the fact by the Registrar or by the Secretary-Treasurer of the County Council. If the Warden be removed by the Governor, another shall be appointed by the Governor. APPOINTMENT

APPOINTMENT OF COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

To be appoint-

XXI. In addition to the Officers which all Municipal Councils ed by County are required or authorized to appoint under this Act, every County Council shall, at its first General Session after each General Election of Councillors, or at a Special Session, which shall be held within fifteen days from the first day of such first General Session, appoint a Superimendent of Roads and Bridges for the County:

Must reside in the County. Not to hold any other office.

2. Every County Superintendent shall, while he holds office as such, reside within the County for which he is appointed and shall be disqualified to accept any other office under any Municipal Council:

May appoint Deputies.

3. Every County Superintendent may, under a Resolution of the Council, appoint one or more Deputies, for the payment of whose services, when appointed, provision shall be made by the County Council. But the County Superintendent shall be responsible for all the acts and omissions of every Deputy so appointed;

Responsibility for his acts.

Appointment of Deputy.

4. Every appointment of a Deputy by the County Superintendent shall be made by a letter under his hand, addressed to the person so appointed. And the Superintendent shall, without delay, give special notice of every such appointment, not only to the person appointed but also to the Secretary-Trea-Notice thereof. surer of the Council of the Municipality for which such De-

[Form G.] [Form H.]

puty has been appointed;

Secretary-Treasurer to act for him in certain cases.

5. In the absence of the County Superintendent and of his Deputies, the Secretary-Treasurer of the County Council shall do every thing which the County Superintendent ought to do under the provisions of this Act;

To keep a Repertory.

6. The County Superintendent shall keep a Repertory in which he shall refer in a summary manner, and as near as may be in the order of their dates, to all Registers, Reports, Proces-Verbaux, Valuation Rolls, Collection Rolls, Judgments, Resolutions, Maps, Plans, Returns, Notices, Letters and Papers whatsoever which may come into his possession in the exercise of his functions;

And deliver copies of doeuments.

7. He shall deliver to any person who shall apply for the same, a copy of any document which shall be in his possession or custody, or of record in his office as such County Superintendent, upon payment of such fees as shall be fixed by the County Council; and every such copy certified by him as correct shall be prima facie evidence of the contents thereof; and he shall allow all such documents to be inspected at

Copies to be evidence, &c.

Special duties may be as-

8. And the County Superintendent shall perform all such signed to him, other duties as are specially imposed upon him by this Act.

reasonable hours by all persons interested therein;

COUNTY

COUNTY DELEGATES.

XXII. In every County there shall be three Delegates to re- There shall be present the interests of the County at every Meeting of Dele-three Delegates held under the provisions of this Act, and to exercise and gates for each County. perform, in conjunction with Delegates sent from another, or several other Counties, as the case may be, the powers, authority and duties hereinafter mentioned:

2. The Warden shall be ex officio one of the said Delegates; Warden to be the two other Delegates shall be such two Members of the one other County Council as shall be appointed for that purpose at the two how appointed. first session held after the General Election of local Councillors, or at a Special Session held within fifteen days from the first day of such General Session; and the said Delegates shall hold Term of office: their office as such during their tenure of office as County Councillors, and no longer;

3. And whenever any one of such Delegates dies, or is ab- Vacancies sent or incapacitated to attend to his duties from sickness or any how filled up. other cause, the County Council shall appoint another Delegate or other Delegates in the stead of the Delegate or Delegates deceased, absent or incapacitated.

LOCAL COUNCILS.

POWERS COMMON TO ALL LOCAL COUNCILS.

XXIII. The powers and authority of each Local Council (in Local Counaddition to the powers hereinbefore conferred upon all Muni- cils may make cipal Councils) shall extend to the following objects:

cerning-

1. To the opening, constructing, making, levelling, pitching, Opening, raising, planting, improving, preserving and maintaining of making and repairing any new or existing highway, road, street, side-walk, crossing, roads, bridges. alley, lane, bridge, ford or other communication within the &c. Municipality; the stopping up, pulling down, widening, altering, changing, diverting or cleaning of any such highway, road, street, side-walk, crossing, alley, lane, bridge, ford or other public communication within such Municipality, in conformity with the provisions of this Act relative to all such matters; the taking possession of any land or real property required for any such purposes, and the making provision for the indemnity to be paid to the owners of such land or real property; but it Proviso: rate shall not be lawful for any Town or Village Council to levy any not to be assessments from persons not residing or holding assessable tain purposes property within the limits of such Town or Village, or to require or on certain from any such persons the performance of any labor, towards persons. the construction or maintenance of Public Roads beyond the limits of such Town or-Village, any proces-verbal, rules or Bylaws to the contrary notwithstanding;

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Opening and adorning public squares,

2. To the opening, enclosing and maintaining, at the expense of the Municipality, such squares, parks or public places, as may be conducive to the health or convenience of the inhabitants; to ornamenting the same by planting trees therein or otherwise, and causing trees to be planted along any sidewalk or foothpath, at the expense of the Municipality;

3. To the prevention or removal of abuses prejudicial to agri-

Prevention of abuse prejudicial to agriculture; Pounds, &c.

culture and not specially provided for by law; the establishment of Public Pounds for the safe keeping of animals and poultry, found astray or doing damage on the public roads or bridges, or on the lands of others than the owners of such animals or poultry; the determination of the periods of the year when such Animals running at large. animals and poultry either may be allowed to run or should be prevented from running at large; the fees to be taken by the Keepers of such Pounds; the damages payable by the owners of such impounded animals or poultry, the manner in which such animals or poultry shall be sold, in the event of their not being claimed within a reasonable time, or in case the damages, penalties and expenses shall not have been paid

Fees to pound keepers.

Dama ges by animals.

Pits and precipices.

4. To the making of Regulations as to pits, precipices and deep waters, or other places dangerous to travellers;

according to law, or to any By-laws made for the said purpose;

Dogs, and tax on dogs.

5. To the imposition of a tax on the owners or harbourers of dogs; the making of regulations, whenever the public peace and safety may require it, to keep dogs tied up and to prohibit them being at large, and for killing all dogs found at large contrary to such regulations;

Regulating persons retailing liquors, or keeping places of public entertainment; or prohibiting sale of liquors.

6. To the regulating and governing of all Shopkeepers and Storekeepers and others selling wine, brandy or other spirituous liquors, ale or beer, by retail, in places other than houses of public entertainment, and the determining under what restrictions and in what manner any such person shall take out a license from the Revenue Inspector of the District within which he resides, before it shall be lawful for him to sell any wine, brandy or other spirituous liquors, ale or beer, as aforesaid, within such Municipality, and for fixing the sum which shall be payable for each such license, and the time during which it shall be in force, or for limiting the number of persons to whom and the houses or places for which such licenses shall be granted within the Municipality, or the preventing absolutely of the sale of wine or brandy, or other spirituous liquors, ale or beer, or any of them, by retail, within the Municipality, and the making of such further enactments as may be deemed necessary for giving full effect to any such By-law, and for imposing penalties for the contravention thereof: Provided always, that the selling of any wine, brandy or other spirituous liquors, ale or beer, in the original packages in which the same were received

Proviso.

from

from the importer or manufacturer, and not containing respectively less than five gallons or one dozen bottles, shall not be held to be a selling by retail within the meaning of this Act: Provided, however, that no Municipal Council shall have power Proviso as to to fix any sum below that now payable for any such license; price of li-and any license granted by any Revenue Inspector to any person to sell by retail spirituous liquors, ale or beer, in any place within any Local Municipality after the Corporation of such Municipality shall have enacted a By-law either regulating the mode of the granting of such license or absolutely prohibiting such license, otherwise than in conformity with the By-law of such Local Council, shall be null and void in law;

7. To the licensing of carters and common carriers;

Carters.

- 8. To the regulation of the manner in which any theatrical Public exhibiperformance or other public exhibition shall be held, and the tions. imposition of a tax or duty not exceeding five pounds currency upon every such performance or exhibition, which tax or duty, if not paid on demand, may be levied out of the goods and Levying fines. chattels, of all or any of the persons connected with such performance or exhibition, under a Warrant of distress signed by the Mayor of the Municipality; and to the prohibition of any [Form W.] such performance or exhibition tending to endanger public safety or morality;
- 9. To the making or procuring of maps, plans or surveys of the Maps, plans municipality, whenever the Council may deem it expedient to and surveys of make or procure the same, but no such man or plan shall be the Municipamake or procure the same; but no such map or plan shall be lity. procured, at the expense of the municipality, unless it be drawn by a Provincial Surveyor upon a scale of at least four inches to the mile:
- 10. To the dividing of the Municipality into Inspectors' divi- Dividing the sions, and subdividing any such division into Overseers' for road pursections. poses.

SPECIAL POWERS OF TOWN AND VILLAGE COUNCILS.

XXIV. In addition to the powers and authority hereinbefore Town and vilconferred upon all local Councils, the Municipal Council of lage Councils every town and village Municipality shall have power and laws concernauthority to make By-laws for all or any of the following ingpurposes, that is to say:

1. For establishing markets or market places; for abolishing Markets. any market, or market place, existing at the date of the commencement of this Act, or which shall thereafter exist, within any such Municipality, or for appropriating the whole or any

Proviso.

part of the site of any market or market place for any other public use whatsoever; reserving nevertheless to any person aggrieved by any act of the said Council respecting any such market or market place, any recourse which any such person may lawfully have against any such Municipality for any damage suffered by any such person by reason of such act;

Appointment, &c., of Clerks other market Officers, stalls, duties, sale of certain arlicies, &c.

2. For regulating and defining the duties and powers of the of markets and Clerks of the markets within the Municipality, and of all other Officers employed on the said markets; and for leasing stalls and stands for the sale, and offering for sale, of every description of articles or goods whatsoever upon the said markets; and for imposing duties or taxes on all persons vending upon such markets any provisions, vegetables, butcher's meat, grain, fowls, hay, straw, coal, salt, cord-wood, shingles, or any thing else whatsoever; for prohibiting the sale, or exposure for sale, by any person not resident within the municipality, of any such provision or other things elsewhere than upon such markets and in such other places as may be appointed for that purpose by any such By-law; and for regulating the conduct of all persons vending or purchasing upon the said markets:

. Duties on vehicles in market.

3. For imposing duties upon waggons, carts, sleighs, boats, which articles canoes and vehicles of all descriptions, in which articles shall are brought to be exposed for sale upon any such market, or in any street, or upon any beach, within the Municipality, and for regulating the manner in which such vehicles shall be placed when used for any such purposes;

Weighing and measuring certain articles.

Fees.

4. For regulating the weighing or measuring of cord-wood, lumber, shingles, coal, salt, hay, straw and grain, brought within the Municipality for sale; for regulating and determining whether any other articles purchased or sold within the Municipality shall be weighed or measured, or both; and for appointing persons to weigh and measure any or all such things, and for fixing and determining the remuneration to be paid to such Officers and the duties to be performed by them;

Weight of bread.

Marking bakers' names,

5. For regulating, fixing and determining the weight of bread sold or offered for sale within the Municipality, and for compelling bakers to mark with the initials of their respective names the bread made by them, and for confiscating Bread of insufficient weight or unwholesome quality;

Commutation of statute labour.

6. For increasing the personal commutation to be paid in each year by each person subject to perform statute labour on the roads and streets within the Municipality, to an amount not exceeding five shillings currency for each person; and for obliging obliging every such person to pay the amount of such personal commutation so determined upon, without allowing any such person to offer his personal labour in lieu of such commutation, and for exempting from the payment of such commutation persons or any class of persons whom the Council shall deem it expedient to exempt by reason of their want of means;

7. For assessing the proprietors of real property for such sums Assessing for as may at any time be necessary to defray the expenses of making making or repairing any common sewer under any public sewers. street or road within the Municipality, and immediately in front of such property, and for regulating the manner in which such assessments shall be collected and paid;

- 8. For obliging the proprietors of real property situate within Fencing real the limits of the Municipality to fence in and enclose such property. real property;
- 9. For directing and requiring, at any time, the removal of Removing enany door-steps, stairs, porches, railing or other projections into, croachments on streets, &c. or obstructions in, any public street or road within the Municipality, by and at the expense of the proprietors of the real property in or connected with which such projection or obstruction shall be found;

10. For establishing or altering the level of the foot-paths or Altering level side-walks in any street or road within the Municipality in of side-paths, such manner as the Council shall deem conducive to the convenience, safety and interest of the inhabitants; Provided Proviso. always, that the Council may make compensation, out of the Compensation funds of the Municipality, to any person whose property shall in certain be injuriously affected by any such alteration of the level of cases. any foot-path in front thereof;

- 11. For pulling down and removing, so often as shall be Pulling down deemed necessary, all old walls, chimnies or buildings in a decayed buildstate of dilapidation or decay; and for fixing at what time, ings. by what means, and at whose expense, the same shall be so pulled down and removed;
- 12. For preventing accidents from fires and for regulating Preventing the conduct of persons present at any fire within the Munici- accidents by pality, and (among other By-laws for the same purpose) for fire, and arrangements for regulating the mode of placing stoves, or stove-pipes, flues, fur-extinguishing naces or ovens, or the mode of keeping ashes; for obliging pro- fires. prietors or occupiers of houses to provide themselves with proper fire-buckets, and to have ladders from the ground to the roofs of their houses, and from such roofs to the tops of the chimnies; for preventing any person from entering any stable, barn, shed or out-house

out-house with a light not enclosed in a lantern, or from entering any such building with a lighted cigar or pipe, or from carrying into the same any fire not properly secured; for preventing any person from lighting or having any fire in any wooden shed or out-house or other wooden building, unless such fire be placed in a chimney or in a stove of iron or metal, or from carrying fire in or through any street or public place, garden or yard, unless such fire be confined in some metal vessel; and for compelling the proprietors or occupants of barns, lofts or other buildings containing combustible or inflammable materials to keep the doors thereof closed when not necessarily required to be open;

Obliging certain trades to construct furtain manner.

13. For preventing any baker, potter, blacksmith, brewer, manufacturer of pot ashes or pearl ashes, or other manufacturer or naces in a cer. person, from building, making or having any oven or furnace, unless such oven or furnace communicate with, and open into, a chimney of stone or brick, which shall rise at least three feet higher than the top of the house or building in or in connexion with which such oven or furnace shall be placed;

Keeping and sale of gunpowder.

14. For providing that gunpowder be safely kept in boxes of copper, tin or lead; for regulating the quantity which may be kept in each house or building not being a powder magazine, and for prohibiting the sale thereof after sun-set;

Furnaces for coal.

15. For preventing the erection of furnaces for making lime and char charcoal, and for regulating the manner in which quick lime may be kept or deposited;

Discharging Fireworks.

16. For preventing persons from throwing up Fire Works. firing off Crackers (pétards), discharging Fire Arms, or lighting Fire in the open air, in any of the streets, or roads, or in the neighborhood of any buildings, groves, hedges or fences within the Municipality;

Purchasing fire-engines,

17. For defraying, out of the funds of the Municipality, all such expenses as the Council may deem it just to incur, for the purchase of engines, or any other kind of apparatus, or any article whatsoever that may be necessary for the prevention of accidents by fire, and for facilitating the means of arresting the progress of fires;

Preventing thens, &c., at fires.

18. For preventing thefts and depredations at fires, and for punishing any person who shall resist, oppose or ill-treat any Member or Officer of the Council while in the execution of the duty assigned to him, or in the exercise of any power or authority with which he may be invested in virtue of any By-law made under the authority of this section;

19. For defraying out of the funds of the Municipality any Compensating expense which may be incurred by the Council for assisting persons any person employed by such Council, who shall have received performing any wound or contracted any sickness or disease while attend- services at any wound or contracted any sickness of disease white attending at any fire, or for assisting or for providing for the wants of fires, or the lamilies of the family of any person who shall lose his life at any fire while persons killed. so employed; and for granting rewards in money, medals or otherwise, to persons who shall have performed any meritorious action at any fire, or in saving persons from drowning or from other serious accidents;

20. For investing the Members of the Council and such Authorizing Officers as shall be designated in such By-laws, with the power the destruction of houses to cause to be blown up, pulled down, or otherwise destroyed, to step fires, any building or fence which any such Member, or any such &c. Officer, shall deem it necessary to direct to be pulled down or destroyed for the purpose of arresting the progress of any fire, and for providing and paying an indemnity, when justly due, Compensato the owners of any building or fence so blown up, pulled tion. down or destroyed, or to any person sustaining any damage or injury from any such acts;

21. For regulating the conduct of apprentices, servants, la- Regulating bourers and hired persons, and for the conduct of masters and masters, sermistresses towards their said apprentices, servants, labourers or vants, &c. hired persons in the Municipality;

22. For preventing gambling and the keeping of gambling Preventing gambling. houses in the Municipality;

23. For establishing a Board or Boards of Health in the Preserving Municipality, and for appointing the Members of such Board public health. or Boards, and for securing the inhabitants of the Municipality from contagious and pestilential diseases, or for diminishing the danger resulting from the existence of such diseases;

24. For compelling the proprietors or occupants of houses to Compelling clean all stables, outhouses, privies and yards connected there-cleanliness in with, at such times and in such manner as the Council may yards, &c. deem expedient;

25 For preventing the throwing, into any public street or Preventing road, of any sweepings, filth, dirt, rubbish or ordure, and for the deposit of filth in steets, enforcing the removal thereof; also for preventing and removing all encroachments and nuisances in or upon any street or road;

26. For authorizing such Officers as shall be appointed by Authorizing the Council for that purpose, to visit and examine at suitable Officers to times and hours to be fixed in and by such By-laws, as well inspect property to see the inside as the outside of all houses, buildings and real protatal By-laws perty of any description in the Municipality, for the purpose are complied; of ascertaining whether the By-laws, to be made as aforesaid. with

have been duly observed, and for obliging all proprietors, possessors or occupants of such houses, buildings or real property, to admit such officers and persons into and upon the same at the times and hours, and for the purposes aforesaid;

Preventing violent driving or riding.

27. For preventing persons from passing along the public streets or roads in any vehicle or on horseback at any faster pace than an ordinary trot;

Providing in default of

28. For providing within the Municipality if there be no lock-up house District Gaol therein, a lock-up-house or other place for the safe keeping of persons sentenced to any term of imprisonment not exceeding thirty days under any of the provisions of this Act, or of the ordinance mentioned in the next following paragraph.

> CLAUSES OF QUEBEC AND MONTREAL POLICE ORDINANCE, RELATING TO DISORDERLY PERSONS EXTENDED TO TOWN AND VILLAGE MUNICIPALITIES.

XXV. And be it enacted, That the eighth, ninth, tenth and

Certain secextended to towns and villages.

tion of Ord. of eleventh clauses of the Ordinance of the Legislature of Lower L. C. 2 V. c. Gonzala passed in the accord was of the Reislature of Lower 2, as amended Canada, passed in the second year of the Reign of Her Majesty, by 7 V. c. 21, intituled, An Ordinance for establishing an efficient system of and 9 V. c. 23 Police in the Cities of Quebec and Montania. Police in the Cities of Quebec and Montreal, as amended by an Act passed in the seventh year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to alter and amend certain provisions of the Ordinance of the Governor and Council of Lower Canada of the second year of Her Mojesty's Reign, intituled, An Ordinance for establishing an efficient system of Police in the Cities of Quebec and Montreal, and by an Act passed in the ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to amend the Act amending certain provisions of the Ordinance for establishing an efficient system of Police in the Cities of Quebec and Montreal, shall extend to and have force of law in every Town and Village Municipality hereafter erected or existing under the provisions of this Act; To what place and that in every case where under any of the provisions conoffenders may tained in the said clauses of the said Ordinance so as aforesaid amended a Justice of the Peace may commit any person brought before him, in either of the cities mentioned in the said Ordinance, to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace to commit any person brought before him in any such Municipality to imprisonment for any term not exceeding thirty days, either in the Common Gaol of the District, or in any lock-up-house or other place pro-

PERSONS QUALIFIED TO VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF LOCAL COUNCILS.

vided by the Municipal Council for that purpose.

Qualification of voters at

XXVI. No person shall be entitled to vote at any election of Members of any Local Council, unless he be of the male sex,

of the full age of twenty-one, and a natural born or naturalized Municipal subject of Her Majesty, nor unless at the time of giving his Elections: as you at such election, he he possessed as proprietor either in his to property. vote at such election, he be possessed as proprietor, either in his own right or in the right of his wife, and for his own proper use and benefit, or for the use and benefit of his wife, of a real estate in the Local Municipality in which the election is held, in fief, in censive, in franc-aleu, or in free and common soccage, of the yearly value of at least forty shillings currency, or shall hold, as a tenant or lessee, in such Local Municipality, an estate of the yearly value of at least five pounds currency, or shall be otherwise liable to assessment under this Act; nor unless, Residence. in either case, he shall have resided in such Local Municipality during at least the year next preceding the day of the opening of such election; nor at any election after the first, unless he Not being in shall have paid all rates or local taxes due by him at any time arrear for before the election, whether the same were imposed for Municipal or Educational purposes.

ELECTION OF COUNCILLORS.

XXVII. A public meeting of the inhabitants qualified to vote Meeting of shall be held in each Local Municipality, in the month of qualified elec-July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, cond year. in the month of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and in the month of January in every second year thereafter, for the general election of Local Councillors. Public Notice of notice of the meeting to be held in each Local Municipality Meeting, and for such General Election in the month of July, one thousand given in first eight hundred and fifty-five, shall be given by the Registrar instance; of Deeds for the County, or if part of the County be in one Registration Division and part in another, then by the Registrar [Form A.] for the Registration Division in which the greater part of the County lies, or if there be in the County two or more Registration Districts or Divisions, then by the Registrar of the first Registration District or Division, or the Registration District or Division Number one in the County, or, in his default, by his Deputy Registrar, and the term "Registrar" in any of the following provisions shall include the Deputy Registrar. Public notice of every such subsequent meeting shall be given And afterby the Warden of the County, or in his absence or default by wards. the Registrar; and the said Councillors shall be chosen from Who may be among the inhabitants of the Local Municipality, or if the same be a Parish or Township Municipality from among the inhabitants of any Town or Village Municipality, within the limits of such Parish or Township, whether they be or be not qualified to vote at such election; but no person shall be so Proviso: elected unless at the time of such election he be possessed as Qualification proprietor, either in his own right or in the right of his wife, of of Councillor. a real estate held in fief in censive in franc-alcu, or in free and common soccage, in the Municipality of the value of one hundred and fifty pounds currency:

Appointment of a person to preside at such Meetings.

[Form C.1]

2. The Registrar or the Warden, as the case may be, shall appoint a fit and proper person to preside at each of such meetings, and shall give to such person special notice of his appointment, and of the time and place at which the first session of the Councillors, elected at the meeting to be presided over by him, shall be held;

Who shall preside in default of the person so appointed.

3. If on the day appointed for the general election of Local Councillors, the person named by the Registrar or Warden to preside at the meeting, be absent therefrom, then the senior Justice of the Peace there present, or in the absence of a Justice of the Peace, any person chosen from amongst themselves by a majority of the persons constituting such meeting, shall preside thereat, and perform, in so far as regards the said election and the proceedings consequent thereupon, the same duties as are required to be performed by the person appointed by the Registrar or Warden as aforesaid;

Person prequalified.

4. No person shall be disqualified for election as a Counsiding not dis- cillor because he presides at the Election;

Powers of person presiding for preserving the peace.

5. The person presiding shall, during the election, be a conservator of the peace, and shall be invested with the same powers for the preservation of the peace and the apprehension, imprisonment, holding to bail, trying or convicting violators of the law, as are vested in the Justices of the Peace, whether he do or do not possess the legal property qualification of a Justice of the Peace:

assistance, swear in specialconstables,

[Form U.]

[Form V.]

6. In order to maintain the peace and preserve order at may command every such election, the person presiding thereat may command the assistance of all Justices of the Peace, Constables and other persons residing in the County, and may also swear in as many Special Constables as he shall deem necessary; he may also commit to the charge and custody of any Constable or other person, on view, for any period not exceeding fortyeight hours, any person whom he shall find breaking the peace or disturbing public order at any such election, or he may, by a Warrant under his hand, commit the offender to the common gaol of the district in which the Municipality is situate, or to any Lock-up-House or other place established for the safe keeping of prisoners in any Municipality within the County, for any period not exceeding ten days;

Poll Book to be kept if more than seven candi-

Casting vote.

7. If there be more than seven Candidates at any election, the person presiding shall take down, or cause to be taken down, the votes of the electors present, in a Poll Book kept for that purpose, and shall declare such seven Candidates as have the largest number of votes in their favor, to be duly elected Councillors; and if an equal number of votes be polled for any two or more of the Candidates, the person presiding shall be entitled to vote, but in such case only; and he shall give his casting vote in favor of such Candidate or Candidates as he shall think fit; and he shall be entitled to give such casting vote, whether whether he be otherwise qualified to vote or not; and whenever the election is not opposed by more than three persons qualified to vote thereat, the person presiding shall declare the Candidates duly elected;

8. If the votes of all the electors present have not been polled Poll may be by the hour of five in the afternoon of the first day of the said continued to I meeting, the person presiding shall adjourn the proceedings second day if the read to the hour of ten in the foreneer of the following the thereof to the hour of ten in the forenoon of the following day, polled on first, when he shall continue to take down the votes; and he shall close the election at the hour of five in the afternoon of the said second day (whether any more votes remain to be polled or not) and shall then declare duly elected Councillors such of the Candidates as shall be entitled to be so declared elected;

9. If at any time after the votes have commenced to be To be closed polled, either on the first or on the second day of the said elec- if no vote be tion, one hour elapse without any vote being polled, it shall be offered for an the duty of the person presiding after the expiration of the mid-hour; the duty of the person presiding, after the expiration of the said hour, to close the said election and declare duly elected as Councillors such Candidates as shall be entitled to be so de- provided perclared elected: Provided that no person shall have been within sons have not the last hour prevented from approaching the poll by violence, been prevent-of which notice shall have been given to the person presiding; ing, by viol-

10. Every person tendering his vote shall, before voting, if Voter may be required by the person presiding, or by any one of the Candi- required to dates at the said election, or by any person representing any take an oath. such Candidate, or by any inhabitant qualified to vote at the said election, take the following oath before the person pre-

"I swear (or affirm) that I am entitled to take part in the Oath. " proceedings of this meeting, that I am twenty-one years of "age, that I am duly qualified to vote at this election, that I " have paid all local rates or taxes due by me, and that I have " not already voted at this election. So help me God."

XXVIII. The person presiding at any such election shall, within Notice to be two days from the close of the election, give special notice of given to Counhis election to each of the Councillors so elected, and of the place, day and hour determined upon by the Registrar or Warden, and at which such Councillor will be required to attend, for the holding of the first session of the Council after such election. The Councillors so elected shall enter upon Entry into the duties of their office, as such, respectively on the day of their office. election, and remain in office until the day of the next general [Form E.] election, and thereafter until their successors are elected or appointed:

2. The person presiding at every such meeting shall, within Notice to eight days after the day appointed for such meeting by a letter Warden or under his hand, inform the Warden, or, if there be no such officer, Registrar.

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[Form F.]

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the Registrar, of the result of such meeting, and (if an election took place,) of the names, occupation and residence of each of the Councillors elected thereat; and shall deliver up the Poll Book kept at such election, and certified by him, to the War-Delivering of den or Registrar. And the Warden or Registrar, as the case may be, shall deliver to the Secretary-Treasurer of the County Council, without delay, if there be any such Officer, and, if not, immediately after his appointment, all such letters and Poll Books, together with a Certificate or Certificates of the public notice of all such meetings held in the County having been duly given.

Poll Books, &c.

Appointment of Councillors

XXIX. If any such meeting do not take place at the time appointed in the public notice, or if it take place and no elecby the Go- appointed in the public notice, or if it take place and no elec-vernor if they tion of Councillors be made, or less than five Councillors be are not elected elected thereat, the Registrar or Warden, so soon as the fact comes to his knowledge, shall notify the same to the Provincial Secretary, for the information of the Governor, who, if no election has taken place at such meeting, shall select and appoint seven Councillors duly qualified as aforesaid, and who, if any number less than five Councillors have been elected at such meeting, shall appoint a sufficient number of Councillors

Their powers, to complete the required number; and the Councillor or Councillors so appointed, shall have the same powers, perform the same duties, and be subject to the same penalties as if they had been elected:

Entry into office.

2. The Councillors so appointed shall enter upon the duties of their office as such, respectively, on the day on which special notice of their appointment is given to them by the Registrar or Warden, and remain in office until the day of the Term of office. next general election, and thereafter until their successors are elected or appointed;

Place and time of first Session to be notified

to them.

3. The Registrar or Warden, in giving such special notice, shall also notify the Councillors so appointed of the place, day and hour at which the first session of the Council after such appointment is to be held; and the said day shall be some day between the first and second Sundays after such notice.

SESSIONS OF LOCAL COUNCILS, ELECTION OR APPOINTMENT OF MAYOR, &c.

First Meeting, &c.

XXX. The seven Councillors elected or appointed in the manner by this Act prescribed, shall meet at the place, on the day, and at the hour determined upon by the Registrar or Warden for holding the first session of the Council after their election or appointment: and at all other subsequent sessions of the Council:

Quorum.

- 2. Four Members of the Council shall form a quorum;
- 3. On the first day of every such first session of the Council, Appointment the Councillors then present, after having appointed a Secretaryof Secretary-Treasurer and Treasurer, shall elect one of their number to be the Mayor of Mayor.

the Local Municipality; and every such officer shall be designated as "The Mayor of the Parish (or Township or Townships, or of the part of the Parish or Township, or Town or Village, as the case may be) of (here insert the name of the Local Municipality);

4. If no election of a Mayor take place as aforesaid on the Who shall be first day of the said session of the Council, then the person Mayor if no who was elected Councillor by the greatest number of votes, made on first or the senior in age of any two of such Councillors who may day of Session. have been elected by an equal number of votes (such number being greater than the number recorded in favor of any other of such Councillors,) shall be the Mayor; and if any one or more of such Councillors have been elected, and the others appointed by the Governor, that one of the persons so elected by the greatest number of votes shall be the Mayor; and if all If all the Councillors the said Councillors have been appointed by the Governor, are appointed then the Councillor first named in the letter making their ap-by the Governor. pointment known, shall be the Mayor;

5. The Secretary-Treasurer of the Local Council shall, im- Notice of elecmediately after the Election or appointment of the Mayor, tion signified signify such Election or appointment to the Warden of the to Warden &c. County or to the Registrar, if there be no Warden at the time [Form Q.] of such Election or appointment.

VACANCIES.

XXXI. Whenever any Councillor dies, or has been absent vacancies in from the Local Municipality, or has been incapable to act as the Council, such through infirmity, illness or otherwise, for three calendar how filled up. months, the remaining Councillors, shall at the next Meeting of the Council after such decease or after the expiration of the said three months choose from among the inhabitants of the Municipality another Councillor in the stead of the Councillor so deceased, absent or incapacitated: Provided always, Proviso: that notwithstanding the decease, absence or incapacity to act Vacancy not of any such Councillors the remaining Councillors shall conto affect acts tinue to exercise the same powers and perform the come of others. tinue to exercise the same powers and perform the same duties as they would have been required to exercise or perform, if the decease, absence or incapacity to act of such Councillor, had not occurred:

2. If the Councillor in whose stead another has been elected If the person as aforesaid, be the Mayor, then the Members of the Council occasioning shall, on the first day of the first session of the Council next be the Mayor. after the election of his successor to the office of Councillor, elect another Mayor in the manner above prescribed;

3. Every Councillor so elected or appointed in the stead of Term of office another, shall remain in office for the remainder of the period of new Counfor which his predecessor had been elected or appointed, and no longer.

APPOINTMENT OF CERTAIN OFFICERS.

Certain other Officers to be appointed.

XXXII. In addition to the Officers which every Municipal Council is hereinbefore required to appoint, every Local Council, at its first General Session, or at a Special Session to be held within fifteen days from the first day of such General Session, shall also appoint:

Valuators: their qualification and oath of office.

Three Valuators; each of whom shall be possessed of a property qualification equal to that required of Municipal Councillors by this Act: The appointment of any person not so qualified shall be null and void, and each Valuator shall immediately after his appointment take an oath well and faithfully to fulfil the duties of his office;

Road Officers, Fence View-Keepers.

And as many Inspectors and Overseers of roads and bridges, ers, and Pound Inspectors of fences and ditches and Pound Keepers as such Council shall deem expedient.

ANNEXATION OF PARTS OF PARISHES AND TOWN-SHIPS AND OF EXTRA PAROCHIAL PLACES.

Extra-parochial places.

XXXIII. For the purposes of this Act, subject to the exceptions hereinafter mentioned, the following territorial ar-Every extra-parochial place rangements shall be made: shall be annexed to one of the adjoining parishes in such county; and such extra-parochial place shall thenceforth, for all the purposes of this Act, form part of the said parish; every parish shall of itself form a separate Municipality, unless such parish be comprised and included in a tract of land erected into a township, in which case it shall not of itself form a separate Municipality, but shall form a part of the Municipality of such township:

Parishes in townships.

Parishes, &c., partly in one County and partly in another.

2. Whenever a parish, or a township is situated partly in one County and partly in another, each part shall be annexed to some adjoining parish or township in the County within which it lies, unless there be, at least three hundred souls therein, in which case the said part of such parish or township shall of itself form a Municipality, under the name of "The Corporation of the "North," "South," "East" or "West" part (as the case may be) of the Parish or Township of (here insert the name of the parish or township);

Every township to be a Municipality. Exception.

3. Every territory erected into a township beyond the limits of lands comprised and included in fiels and seigniories, and wholly situate in one and the same county, (whether such township be or be not wholly or in part erected into a parish) shall, except in the cases hereinafter provided for, form a Municipality under the name of the "Corporation of the township " (insert here the name of the township); of

4. When the population of a township does not amount to Exception as three hundred souls, such township shall not of itself form a to a township Municipality, but shall in such case be annexed to some having less than 300 souls, adjoining parish or township in the same county, and thence-which shall be forth it shall be and form part of the township, or parish to annexed to another Muniwhich it shall be thus annexed;

5. When a parish wholly situated in one and the same county Parishes inshall include any town, village or township, no Councillors cluding town, shall be elected in that part which shall be beyond the limits of townships: such town, village or township, but such part of such Parish shall be annexed to some adjoining Parish or Township, except when there is in such part a population of, Exception if it at least, three hundred souls, in which case, the said part has less than of the said parish shall form by itself a Municipality, under the name of "The Corporation of the "North" "South," "East" or "West" "Part of the parish of " (here insert the name of the parish);

6. Every such annexation of an extra-parochial place, or of a Annexation parish or township, or part of a Parish or Township, to another chial places, Parish or Township, shall be made by a resolution of the &c., how ef-County Council; and the Secretary-Treasurer of the Council fected. shall, immediately after the passing of every such Resolution, give public notice of such annexation, not only by publishing [Form K.] a copy of such Resolution in the manner provided by this Act, with respect to public notices generally, but also by causing the same to be inserted in the English and French languages in at least one newspaper published in the District or in an adjoining District, if there be no newspaper published in the District where such annexation has taken place;

7. But whenever it shall appear by a general census, or by Separation a special enumeration of the inhabitants, that the locality so when such annexed contains a population exceeding three hundred souls, more than 300 the County Council shall by another Resolution declare souls. that the Resolution under which such locality was so annexed, shall be revoked from the first day of January then next; and from and after the day so appointed for the revocation of the former Resolution, the locality therein mentioned shall cease to be so annexed, and shall thenceforward form a separate Municipality;

8. And the County Council may at any time, and shall, Enumeration whenever required by any two or more persons resident in any to be made in locality so annexed, cause a special enumeration of the inhabitants thereof to be made by the County Superintendent or by some other Municipal Officer;

9. But if it appear from such enumeration that the locality so Costs of enuannexed does not contain a population of three hundred souls, meration, how the the persons requiring such enumeration shall reimburse to the Council the costs thereof, for the payment of which costs the County Council shall require security from such persons before causing the enumeration to be made;

Preceding paragraphs not to apply to first Election; but each parish or township now electing Councillors to be a Municipality. until second Election.

10. None of the provisions contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Section shall apply to the first General Election of Councillors; but every parish, township, or part or parts of a parish or township, the inhabitants whereof are now entitled to elect two members of the County Council, shall, for the purposes of the said election, be considered as a Local Municipality, and shall elect seven Councillors, to compose the Local Council of such parish or township; and notwithstanding any change which may be subsequently made in the limits of such parish or township, the Councillors so elected shall continue to act as such until the second general election of Councillors;

Certain parishes and parts of townships or parishes to be Municipalities, &c.

11. And notwithstanding any of the foregoing provisions the following places, that is to say: the parishes of St. Anicet, Ste. Julienne de Rawdon and St. Alphonse de Liguori, in the District of Montreal, the parishes of St. Norbert d'Arthabaska and St. Christophe d'Arthabaska, in the District of Three-Rivers, all that portion of the Township of Shipton, in the District of St. Francis, comprising the first eight ranges thereof, to be designated hereafter as the Township of Shipton, and all the remaining ranges of the same Township to be designated hereafter as the Township of Cleveland, and the place known as Mont Carmel, and forming part of the parish of La Rivière Ouelle, in the District of Kamouraska, shall each form a separate municipality; all that part of Upton which comprises the eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth and thirteenth ranges of Upton shall, for the purposes of this Act, be annexed to and form part of the Parish of St. Hugues, and all the ranges of the said Township which now constitute the Parish of St. Ephrèm d'Upton, shall form a separate Municipality.

ERECTION OF TOWNS AND VILLAGES.

Erection of town and village, how effected.

XXXIV. The erection of any tract of land into a town or village Municipality, shall take place in the manner hereinafter provided, that is to say:

Petition by forty electors.

[Form R.]

Reference to County Superintendent.

1. Whenever a Petition is presented to any County Council by forty or more inhabitants qualified to vote at the election of Local Councillors, praying for the erection into a Town or Village Municipality of any tract of land lying within the limits of the Local Municipality in which the petitioners reside, and clearly defined in such Petition, the County Council shall refer such Petition to the County Superintendent, with an order to visit the said tract of land and to report on the said Petition;

2. The County Superintendent shall give public notice of the His report. day and hour at which he shall visit such tract of land and commence his examination thereof, and shall hear all parties; [Form S.]

3. If there be not at least sixty inhabited houses erected upon If the number some part of such tract, within a space not exceeding thirty of houses be superficial arpents, the County Superintendent shall report the fact to the County Council, whose duty it will be in such case to reject the Petition;

4. But if the said number of inhabited houses be erected on And if the such tract within the said space of thirty superficial arpents, number to the County Superintendent shall define in his Report and describe in a Plan accompanying the same, the limits which, in his opinion, should be assigned to the said tract of land when Limits to be erected into a separate Municipality; and if the limits so defined assigned. and described by the County Superintendent are different from the limits mentioned in the said Petition, the County Superintendent shall specify in his Report the motives of such deviation;

5. After having made and signed such Report, the County Deposit of re-Superintendent shall deposit a copy thereof and of the plan port, &c., accompanying the same in the office of the County Council;

6. The County Council may homologate every such Re-Homologation port, with or without amendment, after having caused of report by public notice to be given to the inhabitants of the Local County Cou Municipality from which it is proposed to detach such tract of cilland of the day and hour at which they shall proceed to the examination thereof, and after having heard the County [Form T.] Superintendent and the parties interested, (if required to do so), upon the merits thereof;

7. If after the lapse of two months from the day of the deposit Presumed hoof a copy thereof in the office of the County Council, no mologation if amendment have been made to the said Report, it shall be ment. considered as having been homologated by the County Council;

But if before the expiration of that time the said Report If amendment be amended by the County Council, the County Superintendent be made. shall enter upon the original or on a paper annexed thereto all such amendments as the County Council may have made upon or annexed to the copy thereof;

9. In either case the County Superintendent shall after the Copy to Proexpiration of the said period of two months transmit to the vincial Secre-Provincial Secretary a true copy of the said Report and of any amendments which may have been made thereto, and of all plans and other documents connected therewith;

10. It shall thereupon be lawful for the Governor of this Pro-Governor in vince by an Order in Council, to approve or reject the said Council may Report,

Report, whether the same be amended or not by the said approve, reje or amend. ct Municipal Council, or to modify or amend the same in such manner as shall be deemed expedient;

Proclamation. if approved with or without amendments.

- 11. If, by the said Order in Council, the said Report be approved, with or without amendments, then it shall be lawful for the Governor to issue a Proclamation under his hand and seal, declaring the name to be given and defining the limits to be ascribed to such tract of land as a separate Municipality;
- 12. From and after the first day of the month of January Effect of Proclamation, and next after the expiration of the two months immediately folwhen it shall lowing the date of the said Proclamation, every such tract of take effect. land the limits whereof shall have been so defined, shall be considered as detached from the Local Municipality whereof it shall have theretofore formed part, and its inhabitants shall be a corporation or body politic, to all intents and purposes whatsoever, by the name of "The Corporation of the Town or Village of (as the case may be) " (here insert the name of the Town or Village);
- 13. The said Proclamation shall be published in the Canada Publication of Proclamation. Gazette, and at least two copies of such Proclamation duly certified by the Provincial Secretary, shall be by him sent to the County Superintendent, whose duty it shall be to give public notice thereof;

Council of the parish, &c., may still be held in town or village.

14. The Municipal Council of any Parish or Township Municipality may hold their Sessions, in any Town or village within the limits of such Parish or Township after the erection of such Town or Village into a separate Municipality, as well as before:

Towns and villages being now Municipalities, to and elect

Councillors.

Proviso; for union with another Municipality if necessary.

15. But the inhabitants of every Town, Borough or Village, now erected into a separate Municipality shall, notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this section, at the first general continue such, election of Councillors, elect seven Councillors to compose the Local Council of such Municipality, which shall continue to exist as a separate Municipality within its present limits until the same shall be changed under the foregoing provisions; and the Councillors so elected shall continue to act as such until the second general election, whether in the meantime the limits of the Municipality be or be not changed: Provided always, that upon a Petition presented by at least two thirds of the assessable inhabitants of any Town, Borough or Village, now being or hereafter to be erected into a separate Municipality, the Governor may issue a Proclamation uniting such Town, Borough or Village to some adjoining Local Municipality, if satisfied that such union will promote the interests of such Town, Borough or Village.

CONTESTED ELECTIONS.

XXXV. If the election of all, or of one or more, of the Coun-Circuit Court cillors of any Local Municipality be contested, such contesta- to decide them. tion shall be decided by the Circuit Court sitting in the Circuit within the limits of which the place of election is situate:

- 2. Every such election may be so contested by one or more Whomay conof the Candidates or at least ten of the inhabitants qualified to lest. vote at such election:
- 3. The said contestation shall be brought before the Court, To be brought by a petition signed by the petitioner or petitioners, or by an before Court Attorney duly authorized, setting forth in a clear manner the by petition. grounds of such contestations;
- 4. A true copy of the petition, with a notice stating the day Service of on which the said petition will be presented to the Court, shall copy of petibe first duly served upon the Councillor or Councillors whose tion. election is contested, at least eight days before the day on which the said petition shall be presented to the Court; and a return of the service shall be drawn up and signed in due form upon the original of the said petition by the person who shall have made such service; but no such petition shall be Time within received after the term next following the election thereby con-which petition must be pretested, unless such election took place within the fifteen days sented. next preceding the first day of such term, in which case any such petition may be presented on the first day of the second term, but not later; nor shall any such petition be received unless security for costs be given by the petitioners;

5. If the Court be of opinion that the grounds set forth in the Adduction of petition are sufficient in law to void the election, it shall order evidence and hearing. proof to be adduced, and the parties interested to be heard on the nearest day which it shall deem expedient; and shall proceed in a summary manner to hear and try the said contestation; the evidence may be taken down in writing or given orally in whole or in part, as the Court shall order; and if the Trial may be trial of such contestation be not concluded at the close of the continued in term of the Court during which it began, the Judge shall convacation, and
tinue the same in vacation, and shall adjourn from day to day
given.
until he shall have pronounced his final judgment upon the merits of the same; and every such judgment so pronounced and all proceedings had in any such case in vacation, shall have the same effect as if the same had been pronounced or had in term;

6. The Court may on such contestation confirm the Election, What may be or declare the same to be null and void, or to declare another ordered and person to have been duly elected, and may in either case regulated by judgment. award costs to or against either party, which costs shall be taxed and recovered in the same manner, and by the same

Service of Judgment on Warden.

means, as costs are taxed and recovered in actions of the first class brought in such Circuit Court; and the Court may order its judgment to be served upon the Warden, or if there be no such Officer upon the Registrar of the County, by such person as it shall appoint for that purpose, at the expense of the party condemned to payment of costs as aforesaid;

Irregularities in Election, how to be considered.

7. If any defect or irregularity in the formalities prescribed for the Election be set forth in any such petition, as a ground of contestation, the Court may admit or reject the objection, according as such defect or irregularity may or may not have materially affected the Election;

Proceedings if the Election be declared void.

S. If such Election be declared void, the Warden, or if there be no such Officer, the Registrar, as soon as he hath cognizance thereof, shall call a meeting of the inhabitants of the Local Municipality, and shall proceed to the Election of another Councillor or Councillors in the stead of the Councillor or Coun-New Election cillors whose Election shall have been so declared null and void, and the same formalities shall be observed at such Election as are required to be observed at every General Election of Councillors;

[Form A 2.]

Election of Mayor or Warden may be contested.

Proviso.

9. The Election of the Mayor of any Local Municipality or of the Warden of any County, may also be objected to and contested, and such contestation may be proceeded upon and decided in the same manner, and by the same means, as the contestation of the Election of a Councillor or Councillors; but no such Election of a Mayor or Warden shall be so objected to or contested by any other than a Member of the Council who shall have elected him;

If Election of clared void.

10. If by the judgment of the Court the Election of a Mayor Mayor be de- or of a Warden be declared null and void, then it shall be the duty of the Council to proceed to the Election of a person to serve in his stead as such Mayor or Warden, within one month from the date of such judgment.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE GOVERNOR.

Governor to be informed by Chief Offitrar of failure to elect or appoint any Councillor or Officer, and to appoint to the vacant office.

XXXVI. Whenever a calendar month has elapsed after the time when any Chief Officer of a Municipal Council, or any cers or Regis. Municipal Councillor or Councillors should have been elected either by the inhabitants of a Municipality, or by a Municipal Council, or when any Officer should have been appointed by any Municipal Council, under any of the provisions of this Act, which precede this section, the Chief Officer of such Municipal Council, or in his absence, or upon his default, the Registrar of the County, shall, by letter under his hand, addressed to the Provincial Secretary, inform the Governor of the fact, and the Governor shall thereupon appoint such Councillor or Officer; and every such appointment shall be made known by a letter

under the hand of the Provincial Secretary addressed to such Appointment, Chief Officer or Registrar, who upon receipt thereof shall give special notice of such appointment to the person so appointed, and also to the Secretary-Treasurer of the Council of the Municipality for which such person is appointed:

2. After the expiration of forty-five clear days from the time How informawhen such Election or appointment should have taken place tion may be under any of the provisions of this Act which are all this given if under any of the provisions of this Act which precede this Chief Officer section, the Chief Officer of the Council (if there be any such or Registrar Officer) and the Registrar shall be held to be in default of fail to give it. giving such information if neither of them has in the interval addressed and transmitted to the Provincial Secretary the letter required by the last paragraph; And in such case the Gover- Appointment nor shall make such appointment upon being informed of the by Governor. vacancy required to be filled up by any two persons qualified to vote in the Municipality.

MONEYS, DEBTS AND PROPERTY OF MUNICIPALITIES HEREBY ABOLISHED.

XXXVII. All moneys which at the time this Act shall come into force, shall be or ought to be in the hands of the Secretary-paid over to Treasurer of any Municipality, and which shall belong to any Treasurer of such Municipality which will then cease to exist, shall be paid council and council and the Secretary Treasurer of the County in into the hands of the Secretary-Treasurer of the County in hew applied. which the place where the sittings of the Council of such Municipality were held is situate, and shall be at the disposal of the Council of the said County, to be applied first to the discharge of the debts and expenses of the Municipality Recourse of so ceasing to exist, and afterwards to the discharge of those any other which the said County Council may have itself contracted, sav- County saved. ing the recourse of any other County of which any part may have been within the Municipality so ceasing to exist, for a share of such moneys proportionate to the population of such part as compared with that of the whole Municipality so ceasing to exist:

2. The County Council shall have a right of action, for the Recovery of recovery and payment of all such moneys as aforesaid; and such money if the said moneys shall be afterwards employed or paid by the not paid over. Secretary-Treasurer according to the order which he may receive from the said County Council, in pursuance of the provisions aforesaid;

3. All assessments or rates of any kind whatsoever, which Assessments, at the time this Act shall come into force, shall be due to any &c., due when such Municipality ceasing to exist, shall belong respectively this Act comes into and shall be paid to the Local Municipality within the limits force. of which they shall have been imposed, in the same manner as if the said assessments or rates had been imposed in the said Local Municipality by and in virtue of this Act;

Transfer of property of old Municipaunder this

4. From and after the day when this Act shall come into force, all the property, moveable as well as immoveable, which lities to those shall then belong to any County Municipality ceasing to exist. shall belong to the County Municipality created by and in virtue of this Act within which the place where the sittings of the Council of the Municipality ceasing to exist were held is situate, in the same manner as if the said property had been acquired by the said last County Municipality; saving the recourse of any other County of which any part may have been within the Municipality so ceasing to exist for a share of the value of such property proportionate to the population of such part as compared with that of the whole Municipality so ceasing to exist;

Recourse of other municipalities saved.

Debts, con-tracts &c. of municipalities this Act, by what municipality to be paid or enforced.

5. The debts, contracts and agreements of any Municipality which shall cease to exist by virtue of the coming into force of ceasing under this Act, shall thereafter be the debts, contracts and agreements of and shall be recoverable or enforceable by or from the County in which the place where the sittings of the Council of the Municipality so ceasing to exist were held is situate, in the same manner as if the said debts had been contracted by and the said contracts and agreements had been entered into by the latter Municipality, saving the recourse of such County to recover from any other County within the limits of which any part of the Municipality ceasing to exist was situate, a share of any sum paid in discharge of any such debt, proportionate to the population of such part of such Municipality as compared with the whole population thereof; and it shall be lawful for any County Council to cause a rate or rates to be levied on the assessable properties in any locality within such County forming a separate Municipality, or part of a Municipality, or parts of several Municipalities, for the payment of any debt or debts contracted or work or works done for the advantage of any such locality by any County or Parish Municipality heretofore existing, or upon the whole County if such debt or debts was or were contracted or such work or works for the benefit of the whole County; and every such rate may be levied for the satislevied for dis-faction of any equitable claim, whether such debts were contracted or such works performed according to the formalities required by law or not;

Recourse against other Municipalities saved.

Rates to be charging such debts.

> 6. The population referred to in this section shall be that established by the now last census.

Population how determined.

DELIVERY OF PAPERS, &c.

Papers relative to Road laws to be delivered, and to whom.

XXXVIII. Every person who shall have held the office of Grand Voyer, or any Municipal Officer under any Act or law relating to the Municipal or Road system, and the heirs, testamentary executors or curators of any such officer who may be dead or absent from Lower Canada, shall deliver to the Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipal Council of the

County to which they relate, within fifteen days after the time when this Act shall come into force, or if such Secretary-Treasurer be not then appointed, within eight days of his appointment, all books, registers, procès-verbaux, assessment rolls, resolutions, copies of judgment, maps, plans, returns and other documents and papers in his or their possession, or under his or their control, relating to such office, to remain deposited and of record in the office of the Council and in the custody of the Secretary-Treasurer:

2. The Secretary-Treasurer of each County Council shall have Action to a right to take possession of all and every such books, papers compel such and other things wherever he may find the same, in the event of delivery. their not being delivered to him by the proper officer or person within the delay hereinbefore allowed, and shall also have a right of action to recover the same with damages, as indemnity to the County Council and costs, before any Circuit Court, by saisie revendication or otherwise from such officer or from his heirs, executors or curators, or from any other person having possession thereof. And judgment in every such action by which Enforcing delivery or the payment of damages or both shall be ordered, judgment in may be enforced by contrainte par corps against the person con- such action. demned, according to the laws in force in such cases in Lower Canada, if by the declaration such contrainte is demanded.

ROADS, BRIDGES AND OTHER PUBLIC WORKS.

CLASSIFICATION AND GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THEM.

XXXIX. Roads, Bridges and other Public Works shall, for Roads, &c., to the purposes of this Act, be divided into three classes:

- 1. Provincial Works comprising all Roads, Bridges and Provincial other Public Works made and held by the Provincial Govern- works. ment;
- 2. County Works comprising all Roads, Bridges and other Countyworks. Public Works made or maintained at the expense of a County or of several Counties, or of the Inhabitants or any number of the Inhabitants of more than one Local Municipality in a County; and
- 3. Local Works comprising all Roads, Bridges and other Local works. Public Works made or maintained at the expence of any one Local Municipality, or of the Inhabitants of any portion thereof.
- XL. Roads are further distinguished as Front Roads and By-Roads classi-Roads:
- 1. Front Roads are those whose general course is across Front roads. the lots in any Range or Concession, and which do not lead from one Range or Concession to another in front or in rear thereof;

By-roads or Roules.

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2. By-roads (routes) are those whose general course is lengthwise of the lots in any Range or Concession, or which lead from one Range or Concession to another in front or rear thereof, or to a Banal Mill, or to a Bridge or Ferry not on the line of a front road; and all other roads not being front roads; but any Council may, by Resolution, declare any other road to be a By-Road;

Roads between two concessions.

3. A front road passing between two Ranges or Concessions is the front road of both, unless one of them only has another front road, in which case it is the front road of the Range or Concession not having another front road; but any Council may, by Resolution, declare any other road to be a front road;

Front road of any lot.

- 4. That part of the front road of any Range or Concession, which is upon, or in front of, any Lot, is the Front Road of such Lot.
- Width of front XLI. No front road hereafter to be opened shall be less than roads. thirty-six feet French measure, in width:

Of By-roads.

- 2. No By-road and no road leading to a Banal Mill hereafter to be opened, shall be less than twenty-six feet French measure, in width;
- Different 3. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent widthmade by any road from being made wider than is above provided, if it order, Bylaw, &c. be so ordered by *Procès-Verbal*, or By-law;

Ditches in ordinary cases.

4. Except where it shall be otherwise provided by some *Procès-Verbal* or By-law, there shall be on each side of every road a ditch three feet in width, properly constructed and having sufficient fall in the direction of its length, to carry off the water; and there shall be small drains across the road at all places where the same may be necessary for the free passage of the water from one ditch to the other; these ditches and drains shall be held to be part of the road;

May be dispensed with.

5. Ditches may be dispensed with or may be made of less width than is above provided, if the nature of the ground render it advisable, and if it be so ordered by any *Proces-Verbal* or By-laws;

Water courses conveying water from roads through lands of any person.

6. If, in order to convey the water from off any road, it be deemed necessary to make any water course upon or through the lands of any person, such necessity shall be declared by the *Procès-Verbal* or By-law which shall regulate the making and maintaining such water course as part of the work belonging to the Road: and if any *Procès-Verbal* or By-law touching any such water course, be in force at the commencement of this Act, it shall remain in force until annulled or altered by a *Procès-Verbal* or By-law under this Act;

7. Every person upon whose lands such water course shall water course have been directed to be made, shall be bound to allow the allowed to be same, and to allow free access thereto for the purpose of making made: comand maintaining it; being first compensated (if he has not before received compensation) in the manner hereinafter provided:

8. Every road declared a Public Highway by any Processive Certain ways Verbal, By-law or Order of any Grand Voyer, Warden, Com-declared roads. missioner or Municipal Council, legally made, and in force under this Act. when this Act shall commence, shall be held to be a Road within the meaning of this Act, until it be otherwise ordered by competent authority;

9. And any road left open to and used as such by the public, Roads used as without contestation of their right, during a period of ten years such for a or upwards, shall be held to have been legally declared a Public certain time. Highway by some competent authority as aforesaid, and to be a Road within the meaning of this Act;

10. The ground occupied by any road shall be vested in the Ground occu-Local Municipality in which it lies, and such road may be dis-pied by road continued, or its position in any part may be altered by Process in whom vest-Verbal, but shall not otherwise be alienated; and whenever a And if the road is discontinued, if the land on each side belong to the road be dissame person, the said ground shall pleno jure become the pro-continued. perty of such person,—or if the land on each side belong to two different owners, then half the breadth of the road shall become the property of each of them, unless one of them shall have furnished land for a road in the place of that so discontinued, in which case the whole shall become his property;

11. It shall not be lawful for any person to drive at any Punishment pace faster than a walk over any bridge exceeding twenty for certain feet in length, unless such bridge be wholly of brick or stone,— offences touchor to cut deface or injure any part of any bridge and bridge ing roads. or to cut, deface or injure any part of any bridge, rail or post, or any mile stone or mile post, or any inscription thereon, or any work or thing forming part of or serving to the use of any road, or any trees lawfully planted on any side-walk, or in any way to obstruct or render inconvenient or dangerous the use of any road; and for every such offence the offender shall incur a penalty not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than five shillings currency.

FERRIES.

XLII. Ferries in cases where both sides of the river or water where both to be crossed lie within the same local Municipality, shall be sides are in under the control of the Municipal Council thereof:

In the same County but not in the same locality.

2. Ferries, in cases where both sides of the river or water to be crossed lie within the same county, but not within the same local municipality, shall be under the control of the County Council;

Money arising from ferries, to whom to belong.

3. The moneys arising from any license for a ferry shall, if the ferry be under the control of a local municipality, belong to such municipality, and if it be under the control of the County Council, they shall belong one moiety to each of the local municipalities between which the ferry lies; and such moneys shall be applied to road purposes;

Waters between two Counties,

4. Ferries, in cases where both sides of the river or water to be crossed shall not lie within the same county, shall continue to be regulated and governed as they now are:

Exclusive privileges saved.

5. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to enable any Municipal 'Council to authorize any person to keep a ferry within the limits for which an exclusive privilege has been granted by law to the proprietor of any toll-bridge;

Penalty for zeting without license.

6. Any person acting as a ferryman at any such ferry under the control of any Municipal Council without a license from such Council or beyond the limits assigned to him by such license, shall incur a penalty of twenty shillings currency for each person or thing so ferried over by him.

FORDS OVER RIVERS.

To be kept ecen at botann.

XLIII. Fords over Rivers shall be kept free from loose stones, and impediments, and the bottom kept as smooth and even as practicable, and such fords shall be properly marked out with poles or balises.

WINTER ROADS.

Fences to be certain sea-

XLIV. From the first day of December, in each year, taken down at until the first day of April, in the next following year, all fences by the sides of Roads and all line fences, or fences making an angle with a road, to the distance of at least twentyfive feet from it, shall be taken down to within twenty-four inches from the ground, leaving only the upright posts or pickets standing above that height, except only within the

Exception; Willages, hedges, &c.

limits of Villages, and in places where the fences stand at least twenty-five feet from the side of the Highway, or where in consequence of hedges, or fences not removeable without great expense having been erected, the County Superintendent shall permit them to remain, on such conditions as he may

think proper:

- 2. Winter roads upon the snow shall be made in such places Site of road. as the Inspectors shall from time to time determine;
- 3. They may be carried upon or through any field or in-Through what closed ground, except such as may be used as orchards, property to be gardens or yards, or as may be fenced with quick hedges or carried. with fences which cannot without great difficulty or expense be removed or replaced, through which they shall not be carried without the consent of the occupant;

4. They shall be kept in order by the persons who are By whom to bound to keep the same roads (or the roads for which they be kept up. are substituted) in repair in summer, including the Municipality when so bound;

5. For the purpose of making and maintaining Winter Roads Jurisdiction on the frozen surface of rivers, lakes and other waters flowing on rivers, &c., or lying between two or more Municipalities, the powers, duties Municipalities. and authority of the Councils of the several Municipalities lying ties. on each shore and of their Officers respectively, shall extend beyoud the ordinary limits of such Municipalities, as far as the centre of every such River, Lake or other Water;

6. Every such Road shall be maintained by the Local Muni- By what Mucipality through whose limits as defined by this Section, it be kent up passes, unless it has been substituted for a summer Road, in which case, if parties other than the Municipality were bound to keep the summer Road in repair, the same parties shall maintain the winter Road;

7. Every such Road leading from one Local Municipality to Joint expense another (such Local Municipalities not being situate or fronting in certain on the River St. Lawrence) shall be traced out and maintained at the joint expense of both Municipalities, and under the joint direction of the Inspectors of both Municipalities;

8. Every such Road across the St. Lawrence shall be traced Roads across out and maintained at the joint expense of the two County the St. Law-Municipalities immediately connected by such Road, and under the joint direction of the County Superintendents of both Counties; Provided always, that when either end of such road Proviso: across the St. Lawrence shall terminate at an Incorporated City When the or Town, or within two miles of the limits thereof, such City road leads to or Town Municipality shall bear one half, and the County Mu- a city, &c. nicipality on the opposite side shall bear the other half of the expense of the making and maintenance of such road; And Proviso: as to provided a so, that the County Municipalities on the North Shore on the North of the St. Lawrence having roads leading to the Island of Mon-Shore of the treal, with the exception of the Corporation of the City of Mon-St. Lawrence teal, shall be exempt from contributing towards the tracing out or having roads leading to the maintaining of any such Road leading to the Island of Montreal; island of but all such Roads, except those terminating at, or within two Moutreal. miles from, the City of Montreal, shall be traced out and main tained by the County Municipalities respectively on the South

Shore

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Shore of the said River from which they lead; and the winter roads leading to the Island of Montreal from the County of L'Assomption, shall be traced out and maintained by that County;

Double track ed.

9. The County Superintendent may, under a Resolution of may be order- any Council, order that any winter road may be made double, having a row of balises in the middle, and a track on one side thereof for vehicles going in one direction, and on the other for those going in the opposite direction; and the said Superintendent may, from time to time, make such other general or special orders concerning the mode of keeping the said Roads as he may deem expedient, and such orders shall be binding on the Road Officer acting under him and on all parties concerned;

Balises how what kind.

10. All Winter Roads shall be marked by balises of spruce, placed, and of cedar, hemlock, pine or other wood, of at least eight feet in length, which shall be fixed at a distance of not more than thirty-six feet one from the other, on each side of the road, if the road be single, and in the middle of the road, if it be double.

> BY WHOM ROADS ARE TO BE MADE AND MAINTAINED IN THE ABSENCE OF ANY BY-LAW OR PROCES-VERBAL REGULATING THE MAKING AND MAINTENANCE THEREOF.

XLV. If there be no valid Procès-Verbal, By-law or Order, By whom roads shall be providing otherwise, then made, &c.

Front roads.

1. The Front Road of each Lot is to be made and kept in repair by the owner or occupant thereof; and if there be two or more owners or occupants, then by them jointly and severally, saving their recourse against each other; but the owner or occupant of any Lot shall not be bound to make or repair more than one Front Road on the breadth of such Lot, unless such Lot be more than thirty arpents in depth; and if there be more than one front road on any Lot not exceeding that depth, and it be not regulated as aforesaid which of them shall be made and maintained by the owner or occupant thereof, then the Inspector of Roads for the division shall, on the application of such owner or occupant, declare which of such Front Roads shall be made and maintained by him, and the other or others shall be made and maintained as a By-Road;

If more than one within a certain distance.

Fords and public bridges.

2. But every Ford and every Public Bridge shall be made and maintained by all the owners or occupants of Lots in the Parish or Township, on the Front Road upon which they are situate;

Seferal duran debet festebili

By-roads.

3. By-roads shall be made and maintained by the owners or occupants of the Lots in the Concession to which they lead from a front or older Concession, in proportion to the frontage of the lots so occupied by them;

- 4. Except that every By-road leading to a Mill, Ferry To mills, feror Toll-Bridge, shall be made and maintained by the occupant ries, &c. of such Mill, Ferry or Toll-Bridge;
- 5. Front roads on ungranted Lands of the Crown shall be Front roads on Crown Lands. made and maintained as By-Roads;
- 6. The work necessary for keeping in repair By-roads and Work on By-Roads to be made as such, and Public Bridges, shall not be lie bridges, done by the labour of the parties bound to maintain the same, how to be but by contribution in money; and the Inspector of Roads for done. the Division shall, after public notice, give out such work in the month of October for the ensuing winter, and in the month of March for the ensuing summer, to the lowest bidder, who shall give satisfactory security for the proper performance Tender and of the work; and the sum required to pay for such work shall contract. be paid by the persons liable therefor, in the proportions above mentioned, when not liable for the whole amount of the expenses;

7. Streets in Towns and Villages shall be deemed roads, Streets in and made and maintained accordingly, unless the Municipal towns, &c. authorities thereof shall provide for their being made and maintained in some other way;

8. The burden of proving that any road is not subject to the Exemption foregoing provisions, shall always be upon the party claiming claimed by exemption from them. exemption from them.

EXISTING PROCES-VERBAUX AND BY-LAWS CONTINUED UNTIL REPEALED.

XLVI. Every Proces-Verbal, By-law or Order touching any Existing Proroad or bridge in force at the commencement of this Act, shall maintained. remain in full force until it be repealed or altered by competent authority:

2. Any apportionment of any work among the persons jointly Also existing bound to perform the same, legally made and in force at the apportionments. commencement of this Act, shall remain in force until the time for which it was made shall expire, or until altered under this Act;

- 3. Every such Procès-Verbal, By-law or Order as aforesaid, But may be may be appulled repealed or altered by a Procès Verbal or altered. may be annulled, repealed or altered by a Procès-Verbal or By-law made under the authority of this Act;
- 4. No Proces-Verbal or By-law shall discharge any inhabi- As to obliga-4. No Process verous or By-saw snass discharge any innaottants of any County from their obligation to perform work in work in ananother County, unless it be a Proces-Verbal or By-law of the other County-County in which the work is to be performed. But hereafter no owner or occupant of a lot in one County shall be made liable

No such order to work in respect of such lot in another County except on some to be made road of common interest to two or more Counties, on which by hereafter except in certain a Proces-Verbal homologated in the manner provided by this cases only. Act for such cases, he may be bound to work, or unless such road be the Front Road of his lot;

Repartitions calculated on only, to be valid.

5. No répartition or apportionment of labor made under any breadth of lots Procès-Verbul or By-law, shall be set aside or declared void solely by reason of its having been made or calculated upon the superficial contents or the breadth of the lots to which it relates, although the law may have required it to have been made according to the value of such lots; but every such apportionment shall be considered legal, and shall have full force and effect until it be set aside or altered by some Proces-Verbal or By-law homologated or passed under this Act.

NEW PROCES-VERBAUX.

Application to County Superintendent by petition.

XLVII. Whenever a representation is made to the County Superintendent, either by a Resolution of the County Council, or of any Local Council, or by a petition addressed to him by not less than five persons interested in the matter and qualified to vote for the Election of Local Councillors within such County, to the effect that provision should be made for the opening, constructing, altering, widening or maintaining of any Road, or for any other public work within such County, or partly within and partly beyond the limits thereof, it shall He shall visit be the duty of such County Superintendent to visit the place or places where such work is to be done:

the spot.

Notice by County Superintendent of his visit.

2. Before proceeding to make such visit, the County Superintendent shall give public notice to the inhabitants interested in such public work, of the day, hour and place at which he shall meet such inhabitants, or such of them as may attend to be heard for or against the performance of such work, or with the view of communicating to him any information relating thereto;

Report of Superintendent; and Proces-Vertal if required.

3 After having made such visit and heard such of the said inhabitants as may have required to be heard in relation to such work, the County Superintendent, if he considers that the work in question should not be done, shall make a report thereon, stating the ground of his opinion; but if he be of opinion that the work should be performed, he shall draw up a Proces-Verbal or report, shewing the nature of the work, the manner in which, the means by which, and the persons by whom, it is to be done;

What the Proces-Verbal shall determine.

4. Every such Proces-Verbal shall determine—the position and description of the road, bridge or thing to which it relates, the work to be done and (if requisite) the time within which it is

is to be completed,—the lands by the owners or occupants of which it is to be done, and if the owners or occupants of any of such lands are more interested than the owners or occupants of others of them, then the proportion of the work to be done by each,—distinguishing also what part of the contributions shall be in money and what part in work or materials, and to what officers, and where any such contribution in money must be paid or the materials delivered, (and in the last case,) when they are to be paid or delivered, and under the superintendence of what Officers the work or any portion thereof is to be done,—and all other particulars necessary for indicating fully and clearly what is to be done, by whom, when and in what manner;

5. In fixing the share of work, materials or money to be contri- How the share buted by the owners or occupants of the several lots in any local of money, madivision, regard shall be had to the value of such lots, and the terials or work to be buildings and improvements thereon, and not to their mere turnished by extent, such value being taken from the Valuation Roll, if any the several be in force when the Process-Verbal is made, or if there be none, parties shall then according to the extincts of the Court of the continued. then according to the estimate of the County Superintendent; but the share so fixed shall not be affected by any subsequent valuation, unless the Procès-Verbal be altered;

6. When the nature of the work shall allow it, the portion of Portion of the road which is to be made by the owner or occupant of each road to be lot respectively, shall be defined and described in the Process-made by each. Verbal, that it may be afterwards marked out on the ground, by defined, when the proper Road Officer; and whenever it shall appear to the practicable. County Superintendent that by reason of the nature of the ground over which the front road of any lot passes, or by reason Relief may beof the oblique direction in which it passes in crossing the granted to persons whose breadth thereof, or from other circumstances, the quantity of work share of work to be done by the owner or occupant of such lot would exceed by would other-more than one half the average quantity of work on the front cessive. roads of other lots of like value in the same Concession, he may by any such Proces-Verbal relieve the owner or occupant of such lot from making or maintaining a certain described portion of such front road, and order that the same be made by joint labour and contribution, as in the case of a By-road or Public Bridge;

7. In every new Procès-Verbal, the general rules hereinbefore General rules established with regard to cases where there is no Proces-Verbal, to be observshall be followed.

XLVIII. It may be ordered by any such Proces-Verbal-

What Proces Verbal may

1. That any public Bridge be constructed of stone or brick, Construction or other material, or partly of one and partly of another, and of of bridgescertain

certain dimensions, and according to plans and specifications attached to the Proces-Verbal therein referred to, and which may be amended by the proper Council or by a Board of Delegates as forming part thereof:

Fences, handrails, &c.

- 2. That proper fences, hand-rails, and other like defences, be placed at the side of any road where it passes near or borders upon any precipice, ravine or dangerous place;
- Paving. &c., roads through swamps.
- 3. That any part of a road through a swamp, or wet ground, be made with fascines of brushwood, or paved with square timber, describing the mode of construction;

Form and materials of road.

4. That any road be or be not raised in the middle, and that any specified kinds of materials shall or shall not be used in making or repairing it :

Clearing timber from alongside of road.

5. That the timber where the road passes through uncleared lands be cut down for the space of twenty feet on each side of it, except such trees as form part of a maple grove destined for the manufacture of sugar, or as may be reserved for ornament to the property;

Generally as to mode of construction.

6. And generally, the mode of constructing and repairing the road and the work may be ordained by any such Proces-Verbal, due regard being had to the situation of the road, the travel over it, the more or less advanced state of the settlements to and from which it leads, and the circumstances of the parties by whom it is to be made and maintained.

Deposit of Procès-Verbal for revision.

XLIX. The County Superintendent shall, within eight days from the day appointed for visiting the place where the work is to be done as aforesaid, deposit his Procès-Verbal in the office of the Council of the Local Municipality, the Inhabitants or any portion of the Inhabitants of which such work may concern, if the inhabitants of no more than one Local Municipality are interested therein, or, in the office of the County Council, if the Inhabitants of more than one Local Municipality in such County are interested therein; and it shall be the duty of the Council in whose office such Proces-Verbal is deposited to examine and revise the same:

What Council shall revise it.

Notice of time 2. But every such Council, before proceeding to any such and place of examination or revision, shall cause public notice to be given, revision. through their Secretary-Treasurer, to the Inhabitants of the Municipality or Municipalities interested in the work to which such Proces-Verbal relates, of the day, hour and place at which the Council shall proceed to the examination or revision of such Procès-Verbal;

[Form A A.]

3. And whenever the work to which any such *Proces-Verbal* Notice to Derelates concerns, or is to be made, or maintained by, the Inhalegates when the P. V. conbitants of more than one County, the County Superintendent cerns inhabi-shall, within thirty days after the day appointed for such visit, tants of more than one give special notice to the Delegates appointed under this Act County. in each of the Counties interested in such works, of the day, hour and place at which they shall meet, to examine and revise And publica-such *Procès-Verbal*; and he shall also give Public Notice of tioninlocality. such intended meeting to the Inhabitants of the several Local Municipalities interested in such work:

4. It shall be the duty of the Delegates so notified and of the Delegates to County Superintendent by whom such notice is given to attend attend, &c. at the time and place so appointed; and the said Delegates, when assembled, shall form, and be designated as the Board of Delegates from the several Counties interested in the work to which such Procès-Verbal relates:

5. Any number above the one half of the Delegates so noti- Quorum for fied to attend any such meeting of Delegates, shall form a such revision. quorum; and whenever the Delegates present at any such Casting vote. meeting are equally divided in opinion upon any question submitted to them, the County Superintendent by whom such meeting was convened shall give a casting vote; but shall not otherwise have a right to vote at any such meeting;

6. The Secretary-Treasurer of the County Council of the Who shall act County in which the County Superintendent whose Proces as Clerk of the Verhal is submitted to such Board of Delegates holds office. Verbal is submitted to such Board of Delegates holds office, shall act as the Clerk of such Delegates during their meeting; and it shall be the duty of such Secretary-Treasurer to make a He shall keep minute of their proceedings and to deposit the same in the office a minute of of the Council of which he is Secretary-Treasurer, to form part proceedings. of the Records thereof;

7. Every such Local Council, County Council or Board of Parties to be Delegates, before deciding upon the merits of any Proces-Verbal heard. so submitted for their examination or revision, shall hear the persons interested in the work to which such Proces-Verbal relates, and the County Superintendent of every County interested therein, or any of such persons who may be in attendance at the time and place appointed for such examination and revision, and may require so to be heard;

8. Every such Council or Board of Delegates may homolo- Proces. Verbal gate without alteration, or with such amendments as they may may be homodeem just, and expedient, any *Procès-Verbal* so submitted to or without their examination or revision; and every such Proces-Verbal amendments; shall remain in force as so homologated or amended from the When to bein day of the date of such homologation or amendment; force.

To be deemed homologated after remaining a certain time without

9. And if any such Procès-Verbal remain deposited in the office of any Council for a period of thirty days without having been homologated or amended, every such Proces-Verbal shall be considered as having been duly homologated, amendment or and shall remain in force from the day of the date of such deposit;

Or if the Delegates fail to meet or adjourn sine die.

10. And if the Delegates whose duty it may be to examine or revise any such Procès-Verbal fail to meet at the time appointed for such meeting, or having met, close such meeting, either formally or by adjourning sine die, without having amended or homologated the same, such Proces-Verbal shall be deposited by the County Superintendent who has made the same in the office of the County Council of the County in which he holds office, and the said Proces-Verbal shall be considered as having been duly homologated and shall remain in force from the day of the date of such deposit;

A copy to be delivered for each County interested.

11. It shall be the duty of the County Superintendent, who shall have the custody of every Procès-Verbal homologated as aforesaid and concerning more than one County, to deliver a copy thereof duly certified by him, to the County Superintendent of every other County interested therein;

Procès-Vetbaux to be in duplicate.

How deposited of record.

12. Every Proces-Verbal made under the authority of this Act shall be in duplicate. One duplicate shall be deposited of record in the office of the County Council of the County in which the County Superintendent who has made such Proces Verbal holds office, if the work to which such Proces-Verbal relates be a County work, or in the office of the Council of the Local Municipality which it concerns, if it be a Local work, and the other duplicate shall be deposited of record in the Office of the County Superintendent who shall make upon or annex to the last mentioned duplicate, a true copy or copies of all amendments made to such Proces-Verbal by any competent authority;

They may be repealed, &c., by others.

13. Any Procès-Verbal made under this Act, may be repealed, altered, amended or explained at any time by another subsequently made in like manner.

COUNCILS MAY RAISE MONEY FOR MAKING ROADS AND BRIDGES, BY ASSESSMENT.

Money may be raised by roads and bridges.

L. Provided always, That the Council of any Municipality assessment for may raise by Assessment any sum of money for making or maintaining the Roads and Bridges therein, or any of them, and may apply the sum so raised to that purpose in such manner as they shall think proper, notwithstanding any thing to the contrary in any Proces-Verbal contained.

Council of Local Muni-

LI. The Council of any Local Municipality may, by any By-law to come into force on the first day of January next after

the

the expiration of three months, from the time of its passing, enact cirality may that the roads in such Local Municipality, or which the inha-order that bitants of such Local Municipality, or any of them, are bound made not by to make and maintain, shall thereafter be made and maintained the parties but solely by moneys to be raised for that purpose by Assessment by assessment and by Statute Labour; and from the time such By-law shall labour: effect take effect, and while it shall be in force, so much of any Process of By-law Verbal as determined by the owners or occupants of what lands containing such order. in such Local Municipality any road shall be made or maintained, shall cease to have effect, nor shall the owner or occupant of any land therein mentioned be bound to make or maintain the front road of such land; but that part of any Proces-Verbal which describes the work to be done and its nature and quality shall remain in full force, and be binding on the Municipality; nor shall any power of the County Superintendent or of any Road Officer, or any provision of this Act be affected by such By-law, except only as by this Section expressly provided.

During the time such By-law shall be in force—

Further effect-

2. The amount of statute labour to which any party would Increase of otherwise be liable, shall be doubled by virtue of this Act, and statute labour. may, in the discretion of the Council, be further increased;

3. The Municipality shall be bound to make and maintain Municipality all roads and bridges within the same, and also those beyond bound to mainthe limits thereof, which without such By-law, any of the owners thereafter. or occupants of lands within the Municipality would have been bound to make or maintain, and generally to perform all road work for which any such owner or occupant would otherwise have been liable; and it shall be the duty of the County Su- Duty of Counperintendent, and of the Road Officers, to see that the roads are ty Superinmade and maintained by the Municipality in the manner tendent. required by law and by the Proces-Verbal regulating the same respectively, and to require the Municipality so to make and maintain them, and to prosecute the Municipality for any default so to do:

4. The Municipality shall be liable for all damages arising Municipality to any party from the non-performance of any obligation liable for damages arising formation damages arising formation damages arising formation and the state of the imposed on it by this section; and shall be liable to the same damages arising from nonpenalty for neglect or refusal to perform such obligation, or to repair. comply with any of the requirements of this Act, as any private person would be in the like case;

5. Any Local Council may make such By-laws and Regu-Local Council lations as may be deemed necessary, (not being inconsistent may regulate with any provision of this Act) for defining the manner in applying mowhich the money raised for road purposes, and statute labour, ney and lashall be expended and applied for the purpose of making and bourmaintaining the roads which are to be made and maintained

by the Local Municipality, and may enter into all contracts which they may think necessary touching any work to be done to or upon the same;

Roads may be divided into convenient gards statute labour.

6. While any such By-law shall be in force, the County Superintendent or such of the Inspectors of Roads as shall be portions as re- thereunto authorized by him, may divide the roads in any Municipality, or which the inhabitants of any Municipality are bound to make and maintain, into convenient portions, and may assign the amount of statute labour to be performed on every such portion, and the persons liable to such labour and by whom it is to be performed:

By-law containing such order may be repealed; repeal.

7. Any such By-law may be repealed by another to come into force on the first day of January next after the expiration of three months from its passing, and passed by a majority of Effect of such two thirds of the Members of the Council; and thenceforth all the provisions of any Procès-Verbal, By-law or Order, or of this Act, which were suspended while the repealed By-law was in force, shall again revive and have effect.

COMPENSATION FOR LANDS TAKEN FOR ROADS AND OTHER PUBLIC WORKS.

Compensation to be made.

LII. Whenever any land is to be taken for a road or bridge or for the site of any building required for Municipal purposes or for any other public work, the owner thereof shall receive fair compensation for the same from the parties who by the Proces-Verbal or by law shall be bound to pay the same, or from the Municipality if such work has been or is to be performed at the expense of the Municipality, unless it be decided that such owner is not entitled to compensation:

Exception.

Mode of estiof compensation.

2. In estimating the compensation, or deciding whether the matingamount owner of the land taken for a road is entitled to any, the advantages which he may derive from the road, or from the change in the position thereof, or from his receiving any land no longer to be used as a road, as well as his liability to furnish land for road purposes or his exemption therefrom (as the case may be,) shall always be taken into consideration, and if they be equal to the damage sustained by the taking of the new land, then he shall be entitled to no compensation, nor shall he be entitled to any prix d'affection or damage arising from his supposed affection for the land so taken; but in no case shall he be called upon to pay compensation;

No prix d'affection,

tion for first front road: unless, &c.

No compensa. 3. No compensation shall be allowed for the land itself taken for the first front road made upon it, nor for any road, unless the quantity so taken shall exceed the allowance for roads, made in the original grant or concession of such land from the Crown;

4. The Valuators of the Local Municipality in which the Valuators to land is situate, or any two of them, shall ascertain the com-ascertain compensation (if any) to be paid, after public notice having been pensationafter notice to parpreviously given of the day and hour when they will attend ties interested. upon the ground to hear the parties and estimate the compensation, which time shall be appointed by the County Superintendent:

5. Any two of the Valuators may act in the absence of the Two Valuathird; and if any one or more of them be absent at the time tors may act. appointed as aforesaid, or be disqualified by direct interest or by relationship to the party whose land is taken, or otherwise, Provision if or shall refuse or be unable to act, then the County Superin- any of them tendent shall appoint another person or other persons to act in be disqualified. his or their stead, and may for like cause and in like manner appoint a person to act instead of any person so appointed:

6. It shall not be an objection to any such Valuator or person acting as aforesaid, that he be related to some one or more of the tion to Valuaparties by whom the compensation is payable, and every obtors. jection to the competence of any such Valuator or person, shall be made before the delivery of the Certificate hereinaster mentioned, otherwise it shall not avail;

7. The Valuators or persons acting in their stead, or any two Certificate to of them, after examining the land and hearing the parties be granted attending as aforesaid, shall, by one or more Certificates under parties. their hands, ascertain whether any compensation, and if any, then what compensation shall be paid for the land taken, and shall transmit such Certificates to the County Superintendent who shall file them among the records of his office, and How recorddeliver certified copies thereof to the Secretary-Treasurer of the ed: to be final, Local Municipality; and the award made by any such Certificate shall be final and conclusive;

8. It shall suffice in any such Certificate to mention the lot What descripof which the land forms part, referring to the *Proces-Verbal* tion shall suf-or By-law under which it is to be taken, and to state what fice in such compensation, if any, is to be paid for it: but any lot may be described as being supposed to belong to, or as being in the possession of any person;

9. On delivery of any such Certificate to the County Super- Land vested intendent, if no compensation be awarded thereby, or on the in Municipapayment of the compensation, if any, into the hands of the lity on pay-Secretary-Treasurer of the Local Municipality in which the pensation, if land is situate for the benefit of the person entitled thereto, the any. land in question shall be vested in such Local Municipality as part of the roads thereof, if taken for a road or bridge; or in Registration the Municipality by whom the work is to be performed as not required part of its property, if taken for any other purpose; and the

said certificate and the Secretary-Treasurer's receipt for the compensation (if any) shall be a sufficient title thereto, and shall not require registration to preserve it;

Compensation to be paid clear of all deduction.

10. The compensation shall be paid by the Secretary-Treasurer, free of all deduction, to the person entitled to receive the same, at the expiration of three months from the time of its being paid to such Secretary-Treasurer, and the person in possession of the land as proprietor thereof at the time it was taken, shall be held to be entitled to receive the compensation from the Secretary-Treasurer, saving the recourse of any other person to recover the same from the person so receiving it; but if within the said three months there be contending claims, by more than the Secretary-Treasurer shall keep the money in his hands, subject to the decision of the proper Court;

Proceedings if it be claimed one party.

New roads not tô be made through certain property without concent.

11. Nothing contained in this Act shall extend to the giving authority to mark out any new road, or turn or widen an old one, in such manner as that the same shall pass through any garden, orchard or farm yard, enclosed with a wall, board or standing picket-fence or hedge, or to demolish or injure any house, barn, mill or other building whatsoever, to prejudice any canal or mill dam, or to turn the course of the water thereof, without the consent of the proprietor of the same.

Exception.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF ROAD OFFICERS, &c.

Certain works to be maintained and repaired under intendent's direction.

LIII. All Municipal Works, of which a County Superintendent's Procès-Verbal shall have been homologated as aforesaid. shall be executed, maintained and repaired under the direction County Super- of the said County Superintendent or of the Road Inspector, or other Municipal Officers in the manner prescribed by this Act:

Power to enter on lands to make surveys, search for

2. It shall be lawful for any County Superintendent, Inspector of Roads, or Overseer of Roads, or any Surveyor or person accompanying him, or authorized in writing by him, to enter, materials, &c. in the day time, and after special notice given to the occupant, if such land be occupied, upon the lands of any person, whether

[Form B B.]

occupied or unoccupied, inclosed or uninclosed, for the purpose of making any survey for any road, and also to enter upon any unoccupied land for the purpose of searching for timber, stone or other materials for making or repairing any road, or any bridge or work therewith connected, doing no wilful and

Compensation for actual damage only.

unnecessary damage, and making compensation only for actual damage done;

Overseers_ may take materials of unoccupied lands.

3. It shall be lawful for the Overseer of Roads superintending the making or repairing of any road or bridge or work therewith connected, to enter in the day time upon any unoccupied land to the distance of one arpent of such road, bridge or work, and

to

to take from off the same any, stone gravel, earth or materials requisite for making or repairing the same, but such Overseer shall, as soon thereafter as may be, declare on oath before some Justice of the Peace, what he believes to be the damage done to such land by the taking of such materials, and the Overseer shall deliver such affidavit to the Inspector of Roads for his division; and the amount so sworn to shall be set Compensation; off against any road contribution, statute labour, or penalty due and how set in respect of such land, or by the owner thereof, or if such of or paid. amount exceed the sum so due, the balance shall be paid to such owner by the Inspector, out of any moneys in his hands for the purpose of defraying the cost of making or repairing such road, bridge or work, and if he have not sufficient, the money shall be raised by assessment as other moneys required for such purpose: Provided, that if the amount of such damages Proviso. exceed Five Pounds currency, the same shall be assessed by II damages the Valuators of the Municipality or any two of them, in like exceed £5. manner as the value of ground taken for a road or other public work, and their award, or the award of any two of such persons as may be appointed in their stead, as hereinbefore provided, shall be final.

LIV. It shall be the duty of each County Superintendent County Superbetween the first and twentieth days of each of the months of intendent to January and June to visit each Inspector's division in his ancine roads County, and to pass over and examine the main road therein twice a and such of the other front roads and by-roads to which his year; take attention may have been called by any report or representation cute Officers to him made, and to examine and make notes of the state in in default, &c. which he shall find every such road and the works thereon or therewith connected, and to call upon each of the Inspectors of Roads to accompany him in his visit to the division under the superintendence of such Inspector, and to give him such orders and instructions as may be necessary to ensure the faithful performance of his duties under this Act, to inspect the notes kept by each Inspector as aforesaid, to note any case in which he shall find any Road Officer or other person to have neglected any duty imposed on him by this Act, and to prosecute such Officer or person for such neglect:

2. It shall be the duty of each County Superintendent between To make a the tenth and twenty-seventh days of each of the months of Janu- report on the ary and June in each year, to transmit to the Secretary-Treasurer municipality, of each of the local Municipalities in the County, for the purpose and transmit of being laid before the Municipal Council thereof at its then the same to next session, a report on the state of the roads in the Munici- reasurer pality, and of all other roads towards the making or maintain-thereof, to be ing of which the inhabitants of the Municipality or any of them laid before the are bound to contribute, shewing how far the law has been carried into effect with regard to the said roads, and where and how (if there be any such case) it has been neglected or disobeyed, and containing such other information and such suggestions

suggestions touching the said roads as he may deem expedient; and the said Secretary-Treasurer shall lay such report before the Council at its then next session:

And a general report to the County. for the Council.

- 3. The County Superintendent shall also between the tenth Warden of the and thirtieth days of August in each year, transmit to the Warden of the County, for the purpose of being laid before the County Council at its then next session, a general report on the state of the roads in the County, and of all other Roads towards the making or maintaining of which the inhabitants of the County, or any of them, are bound to contribute, containing similar information and suggestions as to the said roads as he is hereinbefore required to give and make in the reports to be laid before the local Municipal Councils; and the said Warden shall lay such report before the County Council at its then next session;
- 4. The County Superintendent shall give public notice of the Notice of visit time when he intends to make his examination of the roads in to be given. any Local Municipality; [Form C C.]

Inspectors to accompany Superintendent in their divisions, &c.

5. And it shall be the duty of each Inspector of roads—to accompany the County Superintendent during his visit to any roads in the division of such Inspectors,—to give him all proper information on the subject of the roads under the charge of such Inspector,—to exhibit to the County Superintendent the notes kept by him of his own official visits to the said roads,-and to note and obey the instructions and orders he may receive from such Superintendent.

Inspectors to in their divisions; and call upon Overseers to accompany them.

LV. It shall be the duty of each Inspector of Roads, at least examine roads once in every month, to pass over and examine every road in his division or over which he has any authority or superintendence, and to make notes of the state in which he shall find each road or any work thereon, or therewith connected, and to call upon the several Overseers of Roads in his division to accompany him in the inspection of the roads in their respective sections, and to give to each of them such orders and instructions as may be necessary to ensure the faithful execution of this Act, to note any case in which he shall find any Overseer or other person to have neglected to perform any duty imposed on him by this Act, and to prosecute any such officer or person for such neglect:

To prosecute offenders.

2. The notes so made by the Inspector on such visit shall be Inspectors to keep notes, signed by him and kept for the inspection of the County Super-&c. intendent at his next visit;

3. Each Inspector of Roads shall give special notice in To give notice of visits. writing to every Overseer of Roads in his division of the time [Form D D.] when he intends to visit the section of such Overseer;

- 4. It shall be the duty of each Overseer of Roads to accom- Overseers to pany the Inspector during his visit to the roads in the section accompany of such Overseer, to give him all proper information on the them. subject of the roads under the charge of such Overseer, and to note and obey his instructions and orders;
- 5. It shall be the duty of each Inspector of Roads, within Inspectors to the first ten days of every month to make a Report in writing report to Suto the County Superintendent containing the substance of the notes he shall have made, and all the information he shall have obtained during the preceding month on the subject of Roads and other works within his division.

OBSTRUCTION OF PUBLIC ROADS.

LVI. It shall be the duty of the Inspectors of Roads to cause Inspectors to all obstructions or nuisances to be removed from off the roads cause obstrucunder their superintendence respectively, and to report all tions to be reencroachments thereupon to the County Superintendent, to the end that he may compel their removal, if the person making any such encroachment shall not, on being thereunto required by the Inspector, desist from such encroachment:

2. It shall be deemed an obstruction to leave or place any What shall be thing upon the road or in any ditch, or water course therewith deemed an obconnected, or to make any trench or opening in the road, cr to do any other act, whereby, in either case, the free passage of vehicles, or foot passengers over any part of the road, may be obstructed, impeded or rendered inconvenient, or the free passage of the water prevented, unless the act be done in the course of some duly authorized work upon the road, or by the command or with the permission of some Road Officer, under the authority of some By-law of the proper Municipal Council;

3. Every person who shall make, cause, or create any such Penalty for obstruction or nuisance shall thereby incur a penalty of not more causing obthan Fifty nor less than Ten Shillings currency, and an additional struction. penalty of not more than Ten Shillings currency for every day during which the same shall continue, with all costs including the expense of removing such obstruction or nuisance, and such penalty shall be recoverable by a suit or proceeding separate from the action hereinafter mentioned for recovering the land encroached upon, and may be sued for after such action is determined:

4. Any Justice of the Peace resident in the County may hear Justice of the and determine any complaint of such obstruction or nuisance, Peace may and order the removal thereof at the expense of the offender order removal and order the removal thereof at the expense of the offender, of obstructions by such person as he shall by his warrant authorize to remove the same, and may tax the costs of such removal and cause the same to be levied with the penalty and costs of prosecution and by the same process;

Encroached, to be tried by action.

5 If any road be encroached upon and the encroachment be ments defend denied, it shall be the duty of the County Superintendent to cause an action to be brought in the name of the Local Municipality, against the person so encroaching, for the recovery of the land taken from the road;

Where such brought.

6. Such action shall be brought in the Circuit Court in the action shall be Circuit wherein such Local Municipality or any part thereof shall lie, which shall have, and is hereby expressly invested with, jurisdiction in all such cases, and with power, if the encroachment be proved, to adjudge that the land taken by such encroachment be restored to the Municipality; and if such judgment be not complied with within fifteen days after service of a copy thereof on the defendant, then any Judge of the said Court may, in term or out of term, on the application of the Municipality, direct a Writ of Possession to any Bailiff, commanding him to remove therefrom all buildings or fences which may be erected thereon and give possession of such land to the said Municipality, which such Bailiff, taking with him sufficient assistance, shall accordingly do;

Enforcing execution of judgment.

Writ of Possession.

Costs in such action.

7. The costs in every such action shall be those allowed in actions of the first class in the said Court, and the costs on the Writ of Possession and proceedings thereupon shall be taxed by a Judge of the said Court at such sum as in his discretion he may think right, until they be regulated by a Tariff of the Court, under which the Clerk of the Court shall thereafter tax such costs.

ROAD WORKS.

Duties of Inspectors of roads as to work to he done thereon, &c,

Statement in writing to be furnished to Overseers.

Engaging other labour.

LVII. It shall be the duty of the Inspectors of Roads, subject to the provisions of this Act and to the orders and instructions of the County Superintendent, by whom they shall be furnished with the necessary copies of, or extracts from, Proces-Verbaux, Valuation-rolls, Collection-rolls and other documents. to direct the Overseers of Roads in their respective divisions, as to the time when, and the manner in which, all road work is to be done,—to furnish them with statements in writing setting forth the names of all persons subject to statute labour, the share of joint labour and materials to be furnished by each person, or in respect of each lot of land in their sections respectively, and informing them upon what work or works the same is to be employed, and in what proportions,—to receive all sums paid for commutation of statute or joint labour, and to notify such commutation to the proper Overseer,—to instruct him to engage other labour in the place of that so commuted and to pay for such labour out of such commutation money, on the certificate of the Overseer that the same has been duly performed:

2. It shall be the duty of each Overseer of Roads, pursuant to Duties of the provisions of this Act, the orders of the County Superin-Overseers of tendent and directions of the Inspectors of Roads, to give work to be notice to the inhabitants of his section, respectively, of the time done thereon, and place where and when any statute labour or joint labour is &c. to be performed or materials to be furnished, and the amount [Form Y.] of labour, quantity and description of materials to be then and there furnished by each, which notice may be given verbally to each of such inhabitants in person or left in writing at his residence,—and shall specify the tools and implements (being Tools to be those ordinarily used by farmers) which each person is required brought by to bring with him; and if the nature of the work requires it, the persons bound Overseer may command any person having the same and being to work, bound to furnish at least three days' labour, and not having commuted the same, to bring with him or to send with a man to work them, a horse or horses, an ox or oxen, with proper harness and a cart, waggon or plough; and every day's labour Horses or of a horse or ox, with such harness and vehicle or plough as oxen. aforesaid, shall be credited to the person furnishing the same as one day's work,—to superintend and direct the performance of statute labour and joint labour on the roads, and to give certificates of the due performance thereof, to appoint the hour of Overseer to commencing and leaving off, and the time to be taken for rest superintend or meals, the day's work being ten clear hours of labour on the and certify spot where the work is to be done,—to dismiss any man who of work. shall not attend during the hours appointed for labour, or who shall be idle or refuse to obey the orders of the Overseer, or not work faithfully, or hinder others from working; and any man so dismissed shall, for the offence occasioning his dismissal. incur a penalty of ten shillings currency,-to prosecute for all Penalty. such penalties as last aforesaid, and for all penalties incurred for Prosecuting disobedience to his orders,—to report to the Inspector of Roads offenders. for his division, the number of days' work performed and the quantity of materials furnished under his superintendence, with the names of the parties performing or furnishing the same, and the names of those who have been fined.

LVIII. Every person liable to perform labour on the roads Penalty on and not having commuted the same, who being so required persons not obeying order as aforesaid by any Overseer to attend and perform the same, of Overseers shall refuse or neglect so to attend, shall, for each day on which as to labour he shall so refuse or neglect, incur a penalty of ten shillings cur- on road. rency, and he shall incur one half of such penalty if he was required to bring with him any tool or implement, and shall appear without the same; and if he was required to bring with him any plough, horse, ox, waggon, cart or other vehicle and harness, the penalty shall be doubled, that is, he shall incur a penalty of twenty shillings currency, if he shall wholly fail to attend, and of ten shillings currency, if he shall attend without such horse, or waggon, cart, vehicle or harness:

Notice not required to compel any person to keep his front road Penalty for

2. No notice shall be required to compel any person to make or repair any front road which ought to be made or repaired by him alone, but if it be not made or repaired in the manner required by the Proces-Verbal regulating it and by this Act, in repair, &c. such person shall incur a penalty of five shillings currency; and if he neglect to make or repair such road for a period of not repairing twenty-four hours after having been notified to make or repair the same, he shall incur a penalty of not more than twenty nor less than five shillings currency, for each day on which it shall remain unmade or out of repair;

Penalties to whom payable, and how applied.

3. Every such penalty shall be paid to the Inspector for the division, and applied to the same purpose for which the labour for the due performance of which it was incurred would have been applicable; and the payment of the penalty shall be set off in favor of the offender against the road labour for which he is liable, at the rate of one day's labour for each five shillings of the penalty paid;

May be paid before suit.

4. The penalty may be paid to the Inspector before any suit for it is commenced, and in that case it shall be payable without costs:

Inspectors and Overseers liable for damages occaneglect.

5. Every Inspector of roads, and every Overseer of roads shall be liable for all damages occasioned by the non-performance of any work which ought to have been performed within his sioned by their division or section, unless he can shew that he has used all legal means in his power by notice, prosecution and otherwise to compel the performance of such work; saving always the recourse of the Inspector against the Overseer, and of both against the person who was bound to perform such work.

County Superintendent may have portions of road made as models.

LIX. The County Superintendent may from time to time cause portions of roads to be made by the persons liable to statute labour, to serve as models for the remainder of such roads or for roads in their neighbourhood: and in superintending the making of Roads the Road Officers and others shall govern themselves by such models, as far as the foundation and position of such Roads and other circumstances will permit.

Overseer may cause unperformed work to be done, and recover the costs from the proper party, with 20 per eent additional.

LX. Whenever any road work which ought to be done or any materials which ought to be furnished upon, or for, any front road, by-road or bridge, in respect of any lot or by any person, shall remain unperformed or unfurnished after the owner or occupant of such lot or such person shall have been required as aforesaid to perform or furnish the same, it shall be lawful for the Overseer of roads to cause such work to be done or such materials to be furnished by some other person, and to recover the value of such work or materials from such owner or occupant or person in default, with twenty per cent in addition thereto and costs of suit,

as a debt due to such Overseer, and in any way in which debts of like amount are recoverable, or such amount may be levied, as arrears of taxes due to the Municipality, in the manner hereinafter provided, and paid to such Overseer by the Secretary-Treasurer:

2. Or, the Overseer of roads may report to the Inspector of Or the Inspecroads of his division that any such work remains unperformed for may cause or any such materials unfurnished, and that the person who by the Muniought to perform or furnish the same has been by him required cipality which so to do, or that such person has no residence in the division; and shall recover the expenses on such report the Inspector may, if he thinks proper, authorize and 20 percent such overseer to cause the work to be done or the materials to additional. be furnished by some person or persons to be employed by him for that purpose, and the sum expended shall be recoverable by the Municipality from the person in default with twenty per cent in addition thereto, as a penalty for such default and costs; and the sum actually expended shall be paid by the Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipality to the order of the Inspector, out of any moneys in his hands applicable to road purposes, or to the general purposes of the Municipality;

3. The affidavit of the Overseer sworn before a Justice of the What shall be Peace that the formalities of the law were complied with, and proof of the Peace that the formalities of the law were complied with, and necessarylacts that the work was done or the materials furnished, that the sum in the forecharged is the true value thereof, and that the defendant is the going cases. person liable for the same by law, and the certificate of the Inspector that to the best of his knowledge and belief the facts stated in such affidavit are true, shall be prima facie evidence of such facts, and if not controverted, shall be sufficient to maintain the claim and demand of the Municipality or of such Overseer:

4. In either of the cases last above mentioned, the person in The 20 per default shall not be liable to a penalty, but the twenty per cent cert to be in lieu of penalabove mentioned shall stand in stead thereof.

LXI. The actual occupant of any lot shall always be liable for Occupant of the work or contribution assigned to such lot, and for one year's land liable for arrears thereof, saving his recourse (if any) against any and one year's previous occupant, or against the owner of the lot, or any other arrears thereof. party; and if any lot be divided after the making of the Proces-Verbal, or there be from any other cause more than one occupant thereof, they shall be jointly and severally liable, saving to each his recourse against the others;

2.- All persons shall be liable for all damages arising from Liability for the non-performance of work they are bound to perform, and if damages for any persons are jointly and severally bound, they shall be jointly ance of work. and severally liable.

Overseer to to sue for the same.

LXII. Each Overseer shall from time to time report to the report arrears, Inspector of his division, the arrears of labour and materials remaining unperformed and undelivered in his section, and of penalties remaining unpaid, specifying the lands in respect of which the same are due, the owners or occupants of such lands, if known, and the value in money of such materials delivered at the place where they ought to have been delivered by the persons in default. And it shall be the duty of the Inspector to sue for and recover the same from the persons liable if they have any goods or chattels whereupon the same can be levied.

Mile posts and guide posts may be set up: expenses how paid.

LXIII. The County Superintendent may cause mile-posts or mile-stones to be set up on the main road in his County, shewing the distance from the principal Towns to which such roads lead, and may cause Guide-Posts to be set up at the intersections of roads; and the expenses incurred for those purposes shall be paid by the Secretary-Treasurer of the Local Municipalities respectively, in which such mile-stones or mileposts, or guide-posts shall be set up, on the order of the County Superintendent, and out of any moneys in the hands of the Secretary-Treasurer applicable to road purposes or to the general purposes of the Municipality:

Inspectors may be required to procure snow and scrapers; how the same shall be used.

2. The County Superintendent may, under the authority of a Resolution passed by the Council, direct any Inspector of Roads to procure a snow plough, a roller and an iron or steel shod plough, rollers scraper, or either, to be used on the roads in his division, and to be carefully kept by such Inspector, and by him handed over to his successor in office for the like purposes; and when the same are so procured, the Inspector shall command each Overseer of Roads in his division, to use and work such snow plough, roller or scraper at the expense of the Municipality, and shall command every such Overseer to require the persons bound to perform road work in his section to use and work such snow plough, roller or scraper (when necessary) as part of the work they are so bound to perform: and the cost of such snow ploughs, rollers and scrapers, and of using and working the same, when so used and worked at the expence of the Municipality, and of all necessary repairs thereto, shall be paid by the Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipality on the order of the County Superintendent, as provided in the next preceding paragraph;

How the cost shall be paid.

3. The County Superintendent may, under the authority of intendent may any Council, employ a sworn Surveyor, Engineer or Draughtsman, whenever he shall deem it necessary for the due execution of any of the powers vested in him by this Act, and charge Draughtsman, the sum paid to such Surveyor for his services, as part of the expenses lawfully incurred by him in executing such power: and to any Proces-Verbal, or other act of the County Superintendent, plans or drawings may be annexed and referred to as part thereof, when he shall deem it necessary for the proper understanding of such Procès-Verbal or act;

County Superemploy a Surveyor, Engi4. The County Superintendent may in his *Procès-Verbal* Footpaths direct or allow a footpath to be made in any place where in his may be directly discount it shall be necessary or allowable, and where any and also the such footpath shall be made, the Road Inspector may permit planting theretoes to be planted thereon by the owners of the adjoining of with trees. lands on such conditions as he may think proper, subject always to any direction he may receive in this behalf from the County Superintendent.

EXECUTION OF COUNTY WORKS.

LXIV. When the work to be performed is the construction Proceedings or partial reconstruction of a bridge or the opening or widen- where the ing of a road, concerning the inhabitants, or any number work is to be of the inhabitants of more than one County Municipality, job or con-or of one or more Local Municipalities in two or more tract. County Municipalities, if the said work is to be undertaken by the job, by agreement or contract, for a price in money or partly for money, and partly by means of materials and days' labour, to be contributed by the assessable inhabitants, it shall be the duty of the County Superintendent who shall have drawn up the *Proces-Verbal* of such work, to submit such work petition. to public competition :

2. For the purpose of obtaining tenders, the said County Su- Advertisement perintendent shall give public notice, specifying clearly the for tenders. work to be so given out, and the day on or until which tenders for the performance thereof will be received by him; and the said County Superintendent may, in cases in which he shall deem it expedient so to do, insert such notice in one or more newspapers published in the said County or the District in which it is situated, or if there is no newspaper published therein, in an adjoining County or District;

3. The contract for the said work shall be adjudged to the Work to be person who shall tender for the lowest price and on the most adjudged to favorable terms, provided he sulfil the conditions and give the the most favorable bidder security required for the execution thereof;

4. Every contract or agreement relative to any such work In whose name shall be entered into, or considered as having been entered into the contract with the said County Superintendent, in his name and capacity; shall be made. it may be accepted by the said County Superintendent or in his name by the Mayor, or by any Road Inspector of a Local Municipality interested in the said work, being thereunto specially authorized by the County Superintendent; and every such contract or agreement shall be binding on each Municipality interested; and every such Municipality may sue in its Enforcing the own name, to enforce the performance thereof in any Court of contract. competent jurisdiction, in case the said County Superintendent

fail so to do in his name and quality aforesaid within a reasonable time; but no such Municipality shall be authorized to bring any such action until the expiration of fifteen days' notice given by the Council thereof to the County Superintendent requiring him to bring such action;

Good security

5. The person with whom any such contract for work is made to be given by shall furnish good and sufficient security to the satisfaction of the said County Superintendent for the performance of the said work, and the payment of all damages, costs and interest in the event of his not fulfilling his contract;

Inspectors to superintend performance of contract

6. The said County Superintendent may require any Inspector of roads in the Local Municipality in which the said work is to be executed to superintend the performance thereof; whenrequired, and every such Inspector shall obey all such orders for that purpose, as he shall receive verbally or in writing from such County Superintendent; and for every refusal or neglect so to do, every such inspector shall incur a penalty of two pounds currency;

County Superintendent to make an apthe cost.

7. The said County Superintendent shall make an apportionment among the different Local Municipalities interested, by portionment of an instrument under his hand, of the contributions required for the performance of the said work, establishing the proportion of the said contribution to be borne by each Local Municipality, or by such of the inhabitants thereof as are bound to bear the same, either in money, materials or days' labour; and he shall serve a certified copy thereof on the County Superintendent of every other County interested; and he shall also deposit a copy thereof in the office of the Municipal Council of each Local Municipality interested.

VALUATORS AND VALUATION.

Valuation of Valuators:

Or a majority of them; and how.

lots being partly in one Municipality and partly in another.

LXV. The Valuators shall make the valuation of all the real property to be and other assessable property in the Local Municipality for made by the which they have been appointed within two months, effect the which they have been appointed within two months after the date of their appointment, including in the said valuation the value of the houses and other buildings erected on such property; a majority of the said Valuators may make or complete the said valuation notwithstanding the absence of the other Valuator; and such valuation may be inade either at one time or at several times, the proceedings had at each meeting being signed or attested by the Valuators who shall have assisted Proviso: as to thereat: Provided, that when any lot occupied by a tenant or lessee shall be situated partly within the limits of any City Corporation and partly within any Village or Parish Municipality, the capital of the rent received by virtue of the said lease shall be deemed to be the value of the said lot during the existence of the said lease, and the amount of the assessment shall be paid to such City Corporation and Village or Parish Municipality

Municipality in proportion to the extent of ground lying in their respective limits, notwithstanding any of the provisions of this Act to the contrary:

2. In making the said valuation, the Valuators may require They may the services of the Secretary-Treasurer of the Council, or employ ance of the any clerk whom they may think proper to appoint; and every Secretary-clerk so employed shall be entitled to receive for his services, Municipality, on the certificate of two of the Valuators, a sum not exceeding or employ a five shillings currency for every day during which he shall have Clerk. been necessarily employed, and such remuneration shall be paid out of the general fund of the Local Municipality;

3. A Valuation-Roll, setting forth such valuation, shall be valuationdrawn up and signed by the said Valuators, or by such of them Roll to be as shall have assisted in making the valuation, and shall be by made; them delivered to the Mayor of the Municipality within eight [Form E E.] days from the making thereof, and every such Valuation-Roll shall remain of record in the office of the Council of such Muni- And recorded. cipality. The Valuators shall specify in the Valuation-Roll, What it shall not only the names and designation of all owners or occupants contain. of real or other assessable property, but also the names and designation of all persons not being owners or occupants of real property who are liable to statute labor under the provisions of this Act; and the said valuation shall, so soon as the Valuation-Its effect and Roll is delivered to the Mayor, be binding on all parties con-due. cerned, and be considered as the basis of any apportionment, assessment or collection which may from time to time be made, of any sum or sums to be levied, or of the quantity and kind of materials to be furnished, or of the number of days' work to be performed in the Municipality, under this Act; subject however Subject to to such amendments as may be made thereto in the manner amendment. hereinafter provided;

4. Every Railway Company shall annually transmit to the Railway Com-Secretary-Treasurer of every local Municipality in which any paniesto transpart of the road or other real property of such Company is statements of situate, a statement describing the value of all the real provalue of their perty of the Company other than the roadway, and also the real property actual value of the land occupied by the road in such local to Secretary-Municipality, according to the average value of land in the Municipaly locality, and the Secretary-Treasurer shall communicate the amount at same to the Valuators; and the said Valuators shall enter the are to be same in their Valuation-Roll; and the said Secretary-Treasu-assessed. rer shall immediately after the deposit of the said Valuation-Roll deliver at or transmit by post to any station or office of the Company, a notice of the total amount at which the Valuators have assessed the real property of the Company in their Municipality, distinguishing the value of the land occupied by the road, and the value of all other real property of the Company within the Municipality.

Governor to tion-Roll be not made within a certain time.

LXVI. If the Valuators appointed by the Council have not appoint Valua- made the said valuation, and transmitted the Valuation-Roll to the Mayor within two months from the date of their appointment, it shall be the duty of the Secretary-Treasurer of the Local Council to inform the Governor, by letter addressed to the Provincial Secretary, of the failure of the said Valuators in that respect, and the Governor shall thereupon appoint three other Valuators:

They shall done.

2. The Valuators so appointed by the Governor shall make proceed as the the said valuation in the same manner as the Valuators who ought to have onglit to have made the same in the first place, and shall exercise the same powers and authority, perform the same duties, and be subject to the same penalties in the event of any failure or neglect on their part;

Such Valuation to be made at the cost of the Valuators in default.

Taxing such

3. The valuation which the three last mentioned Valuators or the majority of them shall make as aforesaid, shall be made at the expense of the former Valuators who should have made the same; an allowance at the rate of fifteen shillings currency shall accordingly be made to each of the said three last Valuators, for each and every day during which he shall be employed in making the said valuation; the amount of the said allowance shall be determined and taxed by the Mayor, whose Certificate to that effect, stating the amount of the said allowance, shall be deemed an authentic document;

Recovery of such costs.

4. Each Valuator so appointed by the Governor, shall have a right of action in any Court of competent jurisdiction against the Valuators who shall have failed to make the Valuation and transmit the Valuation-Roll, as aforesaid, jointly and severally, for the recovery of the amount of the said allowance so determined and taxed as aforesaid.

Owners of assessed property to pay assessments in proportion to its value.

LXVII. The owners of assessable property mentioned or described in the Valuation-Roll shall respectively pay such sum or furnish such quantity and kind of materials, or such number of days' work as they shall be from time to time required to pay in proportion to the assessed value of such property, for their share of any apportionment or assessment authorized by this Act:

Assessments to be a special and preferable property, not requiring registration.

2. And whenever any such sum of money, quantity or kind of materials, or number of days' labour shall be so apportioned charge on the or assessed, the said sum of money, or the price of the said materials, or the value of the said number of days' labour, shall from the day of their being so apportioned or assessed, be a special charge on the real property so assessed which shall not require to be registered in any Registry Office established for the registering of privileges and hypothecs, and shall have, nevertheless, a preserence over all other charges, excepting debts due to the Crown.

LXVIII. The Council of the Local Municipality in respect of Council may which such Valuation-Roll was made, may at any time within revise, and thirty days next after the day on which it was delivered to the Valuation-Mayor, amend the valuation therein made in the cases herein-Roll. after mentioned, and in the manner hereinafter provided:

2. If the Council be of opinion that the valuation of any real How such property has been made under its true value so as to prejudice amendments the owners of other property, or above its value so as to prejudice may be made. the owners of other property, or above its value so as to prejudice the owner thereof, then it shall be lawful for the said Council to amend the said Valuation-Roll by fixing such sum as they shall think just and reasonable, as the value of such property; all such amendments shall be entered upon the said Entry thereof. Valuation-Roll or on a paper annexed thereto; the date thereof shall be mentioned and they shall be certified by the Secretary-Treasurer of the Council, and every such Valuation-Roll To be binding so amended, shall continue to be binding to all intents and as amended. purposes, but only as amended, and as such, only from the date of the Certificate of the said amendments;

- 3. Before any Council proceeds to the examination or revi- Notice to be sion of any such Valuation-Roll, the Secretary-Treasurer of given before such Council shall give public notice, to the inhabitants of the revision. Local Municipality, of the day on which the Council will com- [Form F F.] mence such examination or revision:
- 4. The Secretary-Treasurer shall at all reasonable hours of To be open to the day, allow any person interested to take communication of inspection. the aforesaid copy of the Valuation Roll;
- 5. It shall be the duty of the Council, in proceeding as afore- Parties to be said to the examination or revision of the said Valuation-Roll, heard. to hear the parties interested therein, as well as the Valuators who have made the valuation if required so to do;
- 6. If the said period of thirty days during which the said Va- valuationluation-Roll may be so amended, be allowed to clapse without Roll not the Council amending the same, then the said Valuation-Roll amended within a certain shall remain in force as originally made by the Valuators;

period, to be binding.

7. It shall be the duty of the Mayor to cause a true copy of Copy to be such Valuation-Roll with such amendments as may have been delivered to made thereto by the Council, to be delivered to the Warden of the County on or before the seventh day next after the expiration of the said thirty days.

LXIX. Every such Valuation-Roll shall remain in force valuation-during five years next after the date of the appointment of the Roll to remain Valuators who have made the same, and further after the expinoration of the said five years until the day on which a new Vatil a new one luation-Roll shal have been duly homologated.

is homologated.

ASSESSMENT OF BUSINESS OF MERCHANTS AND OTHER PERSONS, AND THE INCOMES OF PROFESSIONAL MEN.

Value of business of certain parties to be entered on Roll.

LXX. Every merchant, manufacturer, trader and master artificer (maître ouvrier,) carrying on his trade, business or calling in a Local Municipality, whether resident therein or not, whether he does or does not possess therein any real property, shall, by reason of such trade, business or calling, be liable for all the purposes of this Act, to assessment; the value of his business shall be estimated by the Valuators of the Mnnicipality as a distinct property, according to the average annual profits thereof, based upon the proceeds of the next two preceding years:

How calculated.

The same of practice of

professional

men, and

2. Every judge or other civil functionary and every advocate, notary, physician, surgeon, civil engineer, or surveyor, residing in a Local Municipality, and performing the duties of his office holders office or practising his profession therein, shall be liable to assessment in like manner; the value of such office or practice shall also be estimated by the Valuators, for the same purposes and in the same manner, as a distinct property.

STATUTE LABOUR.

Owners of assessed property to be liable to statute labour.

LXXI. In addition to the road work and other contributions to which the occupant of any lot of land or other property may be otherwise liable, he shall, in proportion to the value at which such property shall be assessed, be liable yearly to a certain number of days' statute labour on the roads, that is to say: if such property be assessed—

And in what proportion.

1. At not over one hundred pounds, to one day's labour, and to one additional day's labour for every one hundred pounds of additional value, reckoning any fraction of a hundred pounds as a hundred pounds ;

Persons not otherwise liable.

2. And every male inhabitant between the age of eighteen and sixty years, and not otherwise liable to statute labour, shall be liable to one day's labour;

Exemption.

3. But no officer on full pay, nor any soldier on actual service shall be liable to statute labour, except in respect of some land owned or occupied by him otherwise than for Her Majesty's service;

How and where such labour shall he performed, and under whose orders.

4. Labour performed under this Section, shall be performed at such places as the County Superintendent shall from time to time appoint by order in writing,—or in default of such order, at such places in the division as the Inspector shall appoint by order in writing,—or in default of such order, then at such places in the division as the overseer shall think proper,—in aid of such persons as shall in the opinion of such County Superintendent, Inspector Inspector or Overseer, have more than their proportionate share of work to perform in making and maintaining the front road on their lots, by reason of some difficulty arising out of the nature of the ground or other circumstances of such front road, or at such other places as in his discretion he shall think proper, or as may be determined by any Proces-Verbal, Bylaw or Order;

5. The commutation money for statute or joint labour shall Commutation be four shillings currency for each day, and any person may for statute commute his statute labour at that rate instead of performing labour. the same; but the commutation money shall be paid before the time at which the person commuting shall have been notified. by the overseer to perform such labour, otherwise the penalty shall be payable instead of the commutation money, if the When to be labour be not performed according to the notice.

PROPERTIES AND PERSONS EXEMPTED FROM ASSESSMENT.

LXXII. All public buildings intended for the use of the Civil Public pro-Government, for military purposes, for the purposes of educa- perty, or protion or religious worship, all parsonage houses, burying perty used for grounds, charitable institutions, and hospitals duly incorporated poses. and the lands upon which such buildings are erected, shall be exempt from all assessments or rates imposable under

2. All persons who, by reason of their poverty or the scantiness Indigent perof their means, shall, in any year, by a By-law of the Muni-sons. cipality in which they reside, be declared exempt from the payment of the said assessments or rates imposed during and for the said year, shall be thereby exempted from the payment thereof.

COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENTS .- DUTIES OF SECRETARY-TREASURER AND OTHER OFFICERS IN RELATION THERETO.

LXXIII. All assessments imposed under this Act shall be Assessments due and payable not only by the owner of the property upon to be payable which they shall be imposed, but also by the possessor or occu-either by pant of the said property as owner, and by the tenant or lessee owner or occupant. of such property, but the payment in full of any such assessment by any such person shall discharge all others concerned:

2. In the event of the payment or contribution of any assess- Recourse of ment by the tenant or lessee of any such property, he shall have occupant paya right of personal action against the owner of the property ing against assessed, or the lessor, holder or occupier of the same as owner, owner. as aforesaid, for the recovery, with interest and costs of the amount of such assessment, or of the price or value thereof, paid or contributed by him;

May,

He shall be subrogated to Municipality.

3. In such case, such tenant shall be fully subrogated, without any formality whatsoever, in the rights and privileges of the Municipality upon the property in question;

As to assessments imposed in labour.

4. It is nevertheless hereby declared that when the said assessments shall be imposed in labour, no more than one year's arrears thereof shall be recoverable.

Secretary-Treasurers to be Collectors in their localities of assessments, and penalties.

LXXIV. The Secretary-Treasurer of the Local Council shall be the Collector of all the assessments imposed within the limits of each Local Municipality and of all penalties imposed under this Act, except in any case in which the said assessments or penalties are required to be collected by any other officer or in any other manner:

2. Every such Secretary-Treasurer, as assessment Collector

Inspectors may be sued for accounts, &c.

Judgment in such cases.

may be sued by the Mayor, in the name of the Local Municipality, or by the County Superintendent in the name of the County Municipality, before any Court of competent jurisdiction, to compel him to render an account of the assessments levied by him; and the said Secretary-Treasurer shall in every such suit be condemned to pay to the Municipality interested the amount of the assessments in money, and the price and value of the assessments in materials and day's labour then due unless he shew to the satisfaction of the Court, proof of sufficient diligence having been used by him for recovering the said assessments; and if he render an account of such assessments, he shall be condemned to pay such sum as he shall acknowledge. or as shall be declared to be in his hands, and such further sums as he ought to have received, or as the Court shall think he ought to be held accountable for, for want of proof of sufficient diligence on his part for the recovery thereof; every judgment pronounced in every such action shall include interest at twelve per cent on the amount thereof, by way of damages, together with costs of suit; and in every such action a certified copy of the Collection-Roll of the division, shall to all intents and purposes be primá facie evidence against the said Secretary-Treasurer;

Interest to be recovered at 12 per cent.

Evidence.

- Secretary-Treasurer to make general Collection-Roll.
- [Form C C.]

Contents the arrount payable by each person.

It shall shew

Proviso: as to year when a

3. The Secretary-Treasurer of every Local Council shall on or before the fifteenth day of May in each year make out the general Collection-Roll for the Municipality, and set down therein the name of each person assessed, whose name appears on the Valuation-Roll, the value of the real property of each such person, as specified in such Valuation-Roll, and the amount of personal property for which such person is assessable; and he shall also calculate and set down the various assessments, payable by such person under any By-law or otherwise, and the total amount with which each person is chargeable; Provided however, that in any year when a new Valuation-Roll is to be made, and such Roll is not finally revised and homologated at least fifteen days before the said fifteenth day of

May, the delay for completing the general Collection-Roll shall new Valuation be extended to a period of fifteen days next after the date of is made. such final revision or homologation;

4. And whenever any special rate is imposed in the same special Colyear after the said fifteenth day of May, he shall make out a lection-Rolls special Collection-Roll in the manner prescribed by the next in certain cases. preceding section;

5. And upon completing his Collection-Roll, he shall pro- He shall forthceed to collect the assessments therein mentioned, and for that with collect purpose shall leave at the usual place of residence or domicile the assess-of each person assessed a statement in detail of the assessments due: of each person assessed, a statement in detail of the various and in what sums and the total amount of assessments due by such person, manner. and shall at the same time in and by a notice annexed to such [Form Z.] statement demand payment of the assessments therein men- Notice. tioned;

6. If any person neglect to pay the amount of assessments Taxes to be imposed upon him, for the space of thirty days after such demand tress if not made as aforesaid, the Secretary-Treasurer shall levy the same paid in 30 with costs, by seizure and sale by Warrant under the hand of days: and of the Mayor of the Municipality of the goods and chattels of what goods. the person who ought to pay the same, or of any goods or [Form H H.] chattels in his possession, wherever the same may be found within the local Municipality; and no claim of property, or No claim to privilege thereon or thereto shall be available to prevent the property alsale thereof for the payment of the assessments and south the lowed to presale thereof for the payment of the assessments and costs out vent sale. of the proceeds thereof;

7. If the goods and chattels seized be sold for more than the surplus of prowhole amount of assessments levied for, and the costs attending ceeds under the seizure and sale, the surplus shall be returned to the person in distress to be returned to whose possession such goods and chattels were when the seizure owner. was made; but if any claim for such surplus shall be previously made by any other person, by reason of any alleged right of property or privilege upon such surplus, and such claim be admitted by the person for whose assessments the seizure was made, such surplus shall be paid to such claimant; and if such claim be As to claim to the same by contested, the surplus money shall be retained by the Secretary-contending Treasurer, until the respective rights of the parties be determined parties. by a competent tribunal;

- 8. The Secretary-Treasurer shall give public notice of the Notice of sale. day and place of the sale, and the name of the person whose goods and chattels are to be sold; [Form I I.]
- 9. In every case in which any sum is to be levied for When sums County purposes, the County Council shall, by By-law, direct are to be what portions of such sum shall be levied in each Local raised for Municipality; and it shall be the duty of the Secretary-Trea-poses, County purposes, Coun surer of the County Council, before the first day of May in each cil to fix the

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sum to be raised in each locality. [Form J J.] To be guided by Collection. Rolls.

and every year, to certify to the Secretary-Treasurer of each Local Municipality the total amount which shall have been so directed to be levied therein in the then current year for County purposes; and for the guidance of such County Council, the Secretary-Treasurer of every Local Municipality therein, shall, immediately after the final revision of the Valuation-Roll for the same, transmit to the Secretary-Treasurer of the County Council, a statement of the aggregate yearly value of all real property and of all assessable personal property appearing on [Form K K.] such Rolls as finally revised;

Return of lection-Rolls to Secretary-Treasurer of County; paying over moneys to him.

10. On or before the fifteenth day of November in each year, doings on Col- the Secretary-Treasurer of each Local Municipality, shall prepare a statement of all the assessments remaining due on the Collection-Rolls for the twelve preceding months, and of all the arrears due to the Municipality, with the particulars thereof including the amount of, or balance due, on all judgments pronounced against any of the inhabitants, or owners of land, and other persons within the Municipality for contributions or penalties due or incurred under this Act, and in such statement he shall shew opposite to each separate debt, the reasons why he could not collect the same, by inserting the words "non resident" or "no personal property to seize," as the case may be, and a designation of the lots or parcels of land in respect of which such assessments or other debts are due, and he shall transmit a copy of such statement, duly certified, to the Secretary-Treasurer of the County;

Certain particulars to be shewn in such return.

Secretary-Treasurer of County to prepare list of taxes, &c., are

not paid. [Form L L.]

Notice to be published,containing certain particulars.

And on, or before, the first day of December in each year, the Secretary-Treasurer of the County Council shall prepare a list of all lands in the County Municilands on which pality upon which any assessments or other dues shall remain unpaid, stating opposite the lots or parcels of land respectively, the amounts due, and shall cause to be inserted at least three times during the said month of December, in the Canada Gazette, and in at least one newspaper published within the district, or in the adjoining district, if there be none published therein, a notice in the English and French languages, containing a list of all lots or parcels of land respectively, on which any such assessments or other dues remain unpaid, shewing opposite, or after, the number or description thereof, the amount to be raised for the discharge of such assessments or other dues, including all costs and expenses, and announcing that all such lots or parcels of land shall be sold on the first Monday of the month of February then next ensuing, at the place where the last session of the Local Council was held, for the payment of such assessments and other dues; and he shall also give public notice of every such sale in the manner provided by this Act;

Further notice of sale.

12. Every such sale may take place either before or after suit Sale: unless for the recovery of the payment of the said assessments; but it the taxes are shall not take place if, at any time before the two days next paid, with preceding such sale, the person liable pay to the Secretary-Trea- penalty. surer of the Local Council the full amount due by him for such assessments, as well as for any contributions or penalties imposed upon him, together with his just proportion of the costs and expenses incurred for effecting the said sale, which said Return to share shall be fixed by the Secretary-Treasurer of the Local Secretary-Council, whose duty it shall be to inform the Secretary-Treasurer of County. surer of the County Council of every payment so made after the transmission to the latter of the statement hereinbefore mentioned;

13. Every such notice shall specify the place, day and hour Notice to speat which such sale shall commence; each lot or parcel of land, cify place and if the same be situated in a township, shall be designated description of therein by its range and number, and if it be within the limits land, &c. of a fief or seigniory by its metes and boundaries;

14. All the lots thus for sale in the municipality may be One notice included in the same statement and in the same notice;

may include

15. Every Secretary-Treasurer of a Local Council may, under Secretary-the authority of such Council, and at the expense of the Muni-Treasurer of cipality, employ one or more persons to assist him as Collector locality may of assessments and of other debts due to the Municipality, tants. but he shall be responsible for the acts and omissions of all persons so employed.

SALES OF PROPERTY.

LXXV. All lands, goods and chattels to be sold under the Sales to be by authority of this Act for the payment of taxes or other dues, public auction. shall be offered to public competition; but such lands, goods or chattels so publicly sold, shall be exempt from auction duty, No duty, &c. and shall not be required to be sold by a licensed auctioneer:

2. At the place, day and hour appointed for the sale of lands, Mode of Sale. the Secretary-Treasurer of the County Council shall make known In Sales of the amount of the sum to be raised as aforesaid upon each such real property, property, to which amount he shall add the just proportion of the so much only to be sold as costs and expenses to be borne by each such property; the person will pay taxes who shall then and there offer to pay to such Secretary-Treasurer and cos's. the amount of the said sum thus to be raised, together with costs and expenses for the smallest part, quantity or portion of the said property, shall be considered the purchaser, and such said part, What part quantity or portions of the said property shall be adjudged to shall be sold him by the Secretary-Treasurer, who shall sell such portion of the property as shall appear to him best for the interest of the proprietor thereof;

If the purchaser fail to in 8 days.

3. If any purchaser fail to pay on the day of sale the amount of the said purchase, the Secretary-Treasurer shall pay, another sale to any day not more than eight days distant, by giving all persons present notice of such adjourned sale, in an audible and intelligible voice, in both the English and French languages; and on the day of such adjourned sale the Secretary-Treasurer shall again put up the said property for sale, and shall sell the same or any portion thereof, unless the first purchaser shall in the meantime have paid the full amount of assessments and charges due thereon;

Certificate to purchaser:

4. On payment by the purchaser of the said amount of purchase, the Secretary-Treasurer shall give a certificate under his signature to such purchaser, specifying the particulars of such sale, and the said purchaser may forthwith enter upon and take possession of such lot or parcel of land;

Owner may redeem within the year, paying price and 20 per cent more.

5. If within twelve calendar months from the time of such sale, the original proprietor of the lot, or any one on his behalf, pay to the Secretary-Treasurer the amount levied, together with twenty per cent in addition to the same, then he shall be en-. titled to recover possession of the lot or parcel of land so sold, and the Secretary-Treasurer shall on demand pay to the purchaser thereof, his heirs, assigns or representatives, the amount so received by him, after deducting therefrom two and a half per cent as his own fees; and the right acquired by such purchaser in such land shall thenceforth wholly cease and determine:

If the land be not redeemed, deed of sale to be given to purchaser: its effect.

6. If at the expiration of twelve calendar months from the time of such adjudication, the land so adjudged be not redeemed as aforesaid, then the Secretary-Treasurer, on demand by the purchaser, his heirs, assigns or representatives, and upon payment of the arrears of any other assessments which may, in the meantime, have become due thereon, shall execute a deed of sale in due form of law, conveying, in the name of the County Municipality, the property so adjudged to such purchaser, his heirs, assigns or legal representatives; and such deed of sale shall be a legal conveyance of the said land, and shall not only transfer to the purchaser all rights of property which the original holder had therein, but shall also purge and disencumber such Land from all privileges and hypothecs due thereon. But whenever any lot of Land situate in any Township shall be so sold before the issuing of Letters Patent from the Crown granting the same, such sale shall in no wise affect the rights of Her Majesty in such land, but shall solely have the effect of transferring to the purchaser such rights of pre-emption or other claims, as the holder of such Land or any other person had acquired in respect of the same.

As to lands sold before issue of Patent for them.

PENALTIES.

LXXVI. Every person who being elected or appointed to Penalty on any of the Offices mentioned in the following List, shall refuse persons elector neglect to accept of such Office, or to perform the duties of ed to office and such Office during any portion of the period for which he was not accepting. so elected or appointed, shall incur the penalty mentioned in such List opposite the name or designation of such Office, that is to say:

The Office of Warden of a County, ten pounds currency;

The Office of Mayor of a Local Municipality, seven pounds ten shillings currency;

The Office of Councillor of any Municipal Council, five pounds currency;

2. Whenever the Valuators of a Local Municipality neglect failing to perto make the valuation which they are required to make under form certain this Act, or neglect to draw up, sign and deliver the Valuation-duties. Roll containing such valuation to the Secretary-Treasurer of the Local Council, within two months from the date of their appointment, every such Valuator shall incur a penalty of ten shillings currency, for each day which shall elapse between the expiration of the said period of two months, and the day upon which such Valuators' Roll shall be so delivered, or upon which their Successors in Office shall be appointed;

3. Every Member of any Municipal Council, every Officer of any Counappointed by such Council, every Justice of the Peace, and cil, Justices of every other person who shall refuse or neglect to do any act, the Peace, &cor perform any duty required of, or imposed upon, him by this form any duty. Act, shall incur a penalty not exceeding five pounds and not less than one pound currency;

4. Every person who shall vote at any Election of Municipal On unqualified Councillors without having at the time of giving his vote at such election, the qualifications by law required to entitle him to vote at such election, shall thereby incur a penalty of five pounds currency;

5. Every Inspector of roads who shall refuse or neglect to On Inspectors perform any duty assigned to him by this Act, or to obey any of reads fail-lawful order of the County Superintendent, shall for each day ing to perform lawful order of the County Superintendent, shall for each day any duty. on which such offence shall be committed or shall continue, incur a penalty of one pound currency, unless some other and heavier penalty be by law imposed on him for such offence;

6. Every Overseer of roads who shall refuse or neglect to per- On Overseers form any duty assigned to him by this Act, or to obey any law- of roads fail-ful order of the County Superintendent, or of the Inspector of any duty. Roads for his division, shall for each day on which such offence shall be committed or shall continue, incur a penalty of one 31 * pound

pound currency, unless some other and heavier penalty be by law imposed on him for such offence;

On persons hindering the execution of this Act.

7. Every person who shall hinder or prevent or attempt to hinder or prevent any Municipal Officer in the exercise of any of the powers or in the performance of any of the duties conferred or imposed upon him by this Act, shall incur a penalty of five pounds currency for every such offence, over and above any damages which he may be liable to pay;

On persons wilfully tearing down notices, &c.

8. Every person who shall wilfully tear down, injure or deface any advertisement, notice, or other document, required by this Act to be posted up at any public place for the information of persons interested, shall incur a penalty of two pounds currency for every such offence.

RECOVERY OF PENALTIES, TAXES, &c.

Taxes and perecovered before a Justice of the Peace.

LXXVII. All rates or assessments either in money, matenalties may be rials or labour, and all penalties imposed by this Act or by any By-law made by competent authority in virtue of this Act (except in cases where special provision to the contrary may be made,) shall be recoverable before any one of the Justices of the Peace in the Local Municipality where the person sued resides, other than the Chief Officer of such Municipality, and if there be no Justice of the Peace in such Local Municipality, then before any one of the Justices of the Peace in

included in one suit.

All due by one an adjacent Local Municipality; and all the rates, assessments person may be or taxes payable, and all the fines and penalties incurred by any one person may be included in the same suit:

Costs and execution.

2. Every judgment rendered in any such suit shall be so rendered with costs, and execution may issue thereon at the expiration of eight days from the date of such judgment;

Secretary-Treasurer of Local Munici-Justice.

3. The Secretary-Treasurer of the Local Municipality in which such suit is brought, shall be ex officio in every such suit, Clerk to the Justice of the Peace, and it shall be his duty to pality to be Clerk to the Justice of the Leace, and the Register in Clerk of such keep in a faithful and correct manner, a separate Register in which he shall enter the judgments of the Justices of the Peace in all such suits; and the summons and every other proceeding relating to such suit shall remain of record in his office;

Right of Justice issuing summons to sit in prefer-

4. On the day of the return of the summons, and at every other stage of the proceedings thereon, the Justice of the Peace who shall have signed the summons shall have the right to sit ence to others in the case, in preference to, and to the exclusion, of any other Justice of the Peace present;

Delay between service and summons.

5. There shall be an interval of at least three clear days between the day of the service of the summons and the day of the return thereof;

7.

- 6. Every such suit shall be decided upon the oath of any Evidence. Municipal Councillor, or of the County Superintendent, or of any Inspector or other Municipal Officer, or of any other credible witness:
- 7. Every person condemned in every such suit shall be Costs. liable to pay the same costs to which he would have been condemned in a case brought for the recovery of an equal amount of money before a Court of civil jurisdiction;
- 8. Every suit brought for the recovery of penalties under Limitation of this Act shall be commenced within six months of the date ties, on which such penalty shall have been incurred; and all penalties paid either before or after such suit as aforesaid shall negative belong, one half to the Municipality with reference to which, or to the infraction of the By-laws of which, such suit is brought, and the other half to the prosecutor, unless such suit is instituted by the order of any Municipal Council or by any of its Officers, in which case the whole of the penalty shall belong to such Municipality.

OATHS.

LXXVIII. Any Oath required by this Act may be made before By whom to be adminisany Warden or Mayor, or Justice of the Peace:

2. Any person before whom any Oath may be made under Person admithis Act, is empowered and required to administer such Oath, nistering it to without payment, whenever called upon to do so; and to de-of its having liver to the person taking the same a certificate thereof, and the been taken. person taking such Oath shall, without delay, deliver such certificate to the Secretary-Treasurer of the Council in relation to the affair of which such Oath was made.

LANGUAGE OF PUBLICATION.

LXXIX. The Governor General may, by Order in Council, Governor in declare that the publication to be made under this Act of any Council may Notice, By-law or Resolution, shall be made in one language allow publication in one only, in any Municipality the Council whereof shall have language only shewn that such publication may be so made without detriment in certain to any of the inhabitants thereof. The Provincial Secretary Publication of shall cause a copy of every such Order in Council to be inserted such order. in "The Canada Gazette," and from the date of such insertion the publication of all such Notices, By-laws and Resolutions may be legally made in the Municipality referred to in such Order in Council, in that language only which shall be thereby prescribed.

FORMS.

LXXX. The forms given in the Schedule to this Act shall FormsinScheoffice for the purposes for which they are given; but any other suffice for the purposes for which they are given; but any other sufficient.

Interpretation of forms and proceedings under this Act.

Merely fornot to prevail if the substance be not affected.

form to the like effect shall be sufficient; and any form shall be sufficient for such purposes or any other under this Act, if according to the ordinary construction of the language, the purport and intent thereof can be bonû fide understood from the words used; and no unnecessary or irrelevant allegations or expressions, in any such form, shall affect the validity thereof, if by passing them over as mere surplusage the remainder can be made to bear the sense required; the rules of construction embodied in the Interpretation Act, and in this Act, shall apply as well to the forms here given and to any other such form as aforesaid, as to the allegations, statements, orders or directions mal objections therein contained; and no objections of mere form or founded on the omission of any formality shall be allowed to prevail in any action, suit or proceeding under this Act, unless substantial injustice would be done by not allowing such objection.

SCHEDULE OF FORMS.

(A.)

NOTICE OF PUBLIC MEETING FOR THE ELECTION OF LOCAL COUNCILLORS.

To the Municipal Electors of the (Township, Parish, &c., here insert name of Municipality.)

Sect. xxvii part. 1.

Public Notice is hereby given that a Public Meeting of the Inhabitants of the Local Municipality of the (Parish, Township, &c., here insert name of Municipality) qualified to vote for Municipal Councillors, will be held at (here describe the Place, Public Room, House, &c.,) in the said day, the Municipality, on of the clock in the day of instant, at noon, for the purpose of then and there electing seven Councillors for the said Municipality, pursuant to the provisions of "The Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act, 1855."

Dated at thousand eight hundred and

day of , one

A. B.

Registrar, Deputy Registrar (or Warden) , or of the of the County of Registration Division Number , as the case of the County of may be.)

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NOTICE OF PUBLIC MEETING FOR THE ELECTION OF COUNCIL-LORS, IN PLACE OF THOSE WHOSE ELECTION HAS BEEN DECLARED NULL AND VOID.

To the Municipal Electors of the (Township, Parish, &c., here insert name of Municipality.)

Public Notice is hereby given that a Public Meeting of the Sect. xxxv Inhabitants of the Local Municipality of the (Parish, Township, &c., here insert name of Municipality) qualified to vote for Municipal Councillors, will be held at (here describe the Place, Public Room, House, &c.,) in the said Municipality, on day, the day of instant, (or next) at of the clock in the noon, for the purpose of then and there electing

Councillor for the said Municipality, in stead of (A. B. and C. D. as the case may be) whose election has been declared null and void, pursuant to the provisions of "The Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act, 1855."

Dated at this thousand eight hundred and

day of

, one

A. B.

Registrar, (Deputy Registrar or Warden)
of the County of , or of the
Registration Division Number
of the County of , as the
case may be.)

(B.)

CERTIFICATE OF THE PUBLICATION OF A PUBLIC NOTICE, TO BE ANNEXED TO OR ENDORSED ON THE ORIGINAL NOTICE.

I, A. B., residing at the (Township, Parish or place, here Sect. viii. insert residence,) being duly sworn on the Holy Evangelists, do hereby certify and return that I did publish the within Original Notice, by posting a true copy thereof on the front (here describe the Churches or Chapels door of on the door of which and the other public place where the notice was day of instant. so posted) on day, the in the (or last) between the hours of noon, (if it be within a in the Seigniory or Fief, add) and by reading the same at the door of the said Church, at the close of Divine Service in the forenoon, day of on the instant,) being the Sunday next following the the day

day on which the same was published by posting a copy thereof as aforesaid.)

Dated at this day of one thousand eight hundred and

Sworn before the undersigned, Warden of the Municipal Council of the County of (here insert name of County), or Mayor of the Municipal Council of the (Parish, &c., here insert name of Municipality,) or one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the District of (here insert name of District, as the case may be).

B. C.

(C.)

C. D.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO THE PERSON APPOINTED TO PRESIDE AT A PUBLIC MEETING FOR THE GENERAL ELECTION OF LOCAL MUNICIPAL COUNCILLORS.

Office of the Municipal Council of the County of
(or Registry Office of the County of
case may be).

(Place.) (Date.) 185.

Sir,

Sect. xxvii par. 2.

Hereby take notice, that pursuant to the provisions of "The Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act, 1855," in that behalf made, I have this day appointed you to preside at a Public Meeting of the Inhabitants of the Local Municipality of the (Parish, Township, &c., here insert name of Municipality,) to be held at in the said Municipality, on day, the day of instant, at noon, for the election of Municipal the clock in the Councillors for the same; And that I do hereby fix (here describe the house and place,) as the place at which, and the (instant or next,) as the day of day and hour on and at which the first Session of the Council shall be held. of the said Municipality of And I do hereby require you to make known the said place and time of such Session, to each of the persons who shall be elected Councillors as aforesaid.

D. E.

Warden (or Registrar or Deputy Registrar)
of the County of , or of the
Registration Division Number
of the County of , as the
case may be.)

(D.)

CERTIFICATE TO BE ANNEXED TO OR ENDORSED ON EVERY SPECIAL NOTICE.

I, A. B., residing at the (Parish, Township or Place, here Sect. 1x par. 2, insert residence), being duly sworn on the Holy Evangelists. do hereby certify and return, that on day, the day of , in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and at the hour of of the clock in the noon, in the (Parish, Township or Place), in the County of , I did serve the within Original Special Notice on the person (s) therein named to be notified, at his (or each of their, as the case may be) domicile (s), by leaving a true Copy thereof with (here mention the manner in which the service is made, either adding the said adding the said personally, or, a reasonable person of his family, and then and there exhibiting to him (or her) the said Original Special Notice.

Dated at , this one thousand eight hundred and

day of

Sworn before the undersigned, Warden of the Municipal Council of the County of (here insert name of County,) or Mayor of the Municipal Council of the (Parish, &c., here insert name of Municipality,) or one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the District of (here insert name of District, as the case may be).

E. F.

F. G.

(E.)

SPECIAL NOTICE TO MUNICIPAL COUNCILLOR INFORMING HIM OF HIS ELECTION AND OF THE DAY OF THE FIRST SESSION.

(Place.) (Date.) 185

Sir,

I hereby notify you that at a public Meeting of the Electors Sect. xxviii of the Municipality of (here insert name of Municipality,) con-par. 1. vened and held in conformity to the provisions of "The Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act, 1855," at the said (Parish, &c.,) on the day of (instant or last past,) you were then and there duly elected a Municipal Councillor for the said Municipality of (here insert name of Municipality,) and you are hereby required to attend the first Session

Session of the said Council which will be held at (here describe place of first Meeting,) on day, the day of (instant or next,) at the hour of of the clock in the noon.

G. H. President of the Election.

To H. I.

Municipal Councillor.

(F.)

NOTICE FROM PRESIDENT OF ELECTION TO WARDEN OR REGISTRAR, WHEN AN ELECTION HAS TAKEN PLACE.

(Place.) (Date.) 185 .

Sir,

Sect. xxviii par. 2.

I hereby inform you that at the public Meeting of the Inhabitants of the Municipality of the (Parish, Township, &c.,) of (here insert name of Municipality,) held at on day, the day of (instant or last past):

Name.	Residence.	Occupation.
A. B.	Quebec,	Carpenter,
C. D. E. F.	do. do. do.	do. do. do.
G. H. J. K.	do.	do.

were elected Councillors for the said Municipality, (by acclamation, they being the only candidates, if such be the case,) or they having the largest number of votes, as appears by the Poll Books, duly certified by me and herewith transmitted.

I. J.

President of Election.

To J. K., Esquire,
Warden or Registrar of
the County of

Cap. 100.

(G.)

APPOINTMENT OF A DEPUTY COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

(Name of place.) (Date.) 185 .

Sir,

I hereby nominate, constitute and appoint you to be a (or sect. xxi one of the) Deputy County Superintendent (s) for the County par. 4. of , pursuant to the provisions of "The Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act, 1855."

> K. L. County Superintendent for the County of

To L. M.

(Address.)

(H.)

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF A DEPUTY COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

(Name of place.) (Date.) 185

Sir,

Hereby take notice, that pursuant to the provisions of "The Sect. xxi Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act, 1855," and under the par. 4. authority of a Resolution of the Municipal Council of the , in that behalf made, I have this day County nominated, constituted and appointed A. B. of (residence, profession or calling,) to be a (or one of the) Deputy County Superintendent (s) for the County of

M. N.

County Superintendent for the County of

To N. O.

Warden of the County

BY-LAWS AND RESOLUTIONS.

(I.)

COUNTY COUNCIL BY-LAW.

Corporation of the ? County of

At a General Quarterly Session of the Municipal Council of Sects. xv & the County of (here insert the name of County) * held at in the said County, on day, the day of in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and , in conformity to the provisions of "The Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act, 1855," † at which Meeting are present, A. B., Mayor of the Corporation of the (Parish, &c.,) C. D., Mayor of the Corporation of (Parish, &c.,) E. F., Mayor

Mayor of the Corporation of (Parish, &c.,) the said (three Mayors, or more, as the case may be,) forming a quorum of the said Council, the said A. B. presiding (as Warden of the said Council, if such be the case,) ‡ the said Council doth hereby ordain and make the following By-law, to wit:

A BY-LAW.

(Here give a heading to By-law concisely indicating the purport of such By-law.)

I. That, &c., &c.

(Seal.)

A. B.

Warden (or Chairman, as the case may be.)
Attested, C. D.,
Secretary-Treasurer of said Council.

* (If it be a Special Meeting of the Council, the following head should be substituted):

At a Special Session of the Municipal Council of the County of (here insert the name of County), duly convened by Special Notice given to all the Members of the said Council by (the Warden of the said Council, or by A. B. and C. D., two Members of the said Council, as the case may be,) and, &c.

(J.)

LOCAL COUNCIL BY-LAW.

Corporation of the (Parish, Town-ship, &c.,) of

Sects. xv.

At a General Monthly Session of the Municipal Council of the (Parish, &c.,) (here insert the name of Municipality) * held in the said (Parish, &c.,) on day, the day of in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and , in conformity to the provisions of "The Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act, 1855," † at which Meeting are present A. B., C. D., E. F., &c., (here insert the names of the Councillors present) Members of the said Council, and forming a quorum thereof, the said A. B. presiding (as Mayor, if such be the case,) ‡ the said Council doth hereby ordain and make the following By-law, to wit:

475

A BY-LAW.

(Here give a heading to By-law concisely indicating the purport of such By-law.)

I. That, &c., &c.

(Seal.)

A. B.

Mayor (or Chairman, as the case may be.)

Attested, C. D., Secretary-Treasurer of said Council.

* (If it be a Special Meeting of the Council, the following head should be substituted):

At a Special Session of the Municipal Council of the (Parish &c.) of (here insert the name of Parish, &c.,) duly convened by Special Notice given to all the Members of the said Council by (the Mayor of the said Council, or by A. B. and C. D., two Members of the said Council, as the case may be,) and, &c.

† (If the Meeting of any Council be continued by adjournment, add):

And adjourned from the said day to day, the in the (said) year, (if further adjourned), and thence unto, &c.

(K.)

PUBLICATION OF A RESOLUTION OF A MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

(When by any part of this Act a resolution of a Municipal Sect. xxxiii Council is ordered to be published, the above heading of By-laws par. 6. may be used in the public notice as far as \pm after which, add, It was resolved, and for the words "are present" substitute " were present.")

(L.)

NOTICE FOR SPECIAL MEETING OF A MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Office of the Municipal Council of the (County, Parish, &c)

(Place.) (Date.) 185 .

Sir,

Hereby take notice that a Special Session of the Municipal Sect. xii Council of the (County, Parish, &c., as the case may be,) will par. 4. be held on day, the day of

instant (or next), at the hour of of the clock, in the noon, at the usual place of meeting.

P. Q.

Warden, or Mayor, or Members of the Municipal Council of the (County, Parish, &c.)

To Q. R.

(M.)

NOTICE FOR AN ADJOURNED MEETING OF A MUNICIPAL COUNCIL TO BE SERVED ON MEMBERS ABSENT AT THE TIME OF ADJOURNMENT.

Office of the Municipal Council of the (County, Parish, &c.)

(Place.) (Date.) 185

Sir,

Sect. xii par. 9. You are hereby notified that the Session of the Municipal Council of the (County, Parish, &c.,) stands adjourned from day, the day of instant, to day, the day of instant (or next), on which latter day the said Council will meet at the usual place and at the hour of of the clock, in the noon.

R. S.
Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipal Council of the
(County, Parish, &c.)

To Q. R.

(N.)

OATH OF OFFICE.

Sect. xi par. 8. I, A. B., having been elected or appointed (as the case may be) Councillor, Mayor, or Warden of the Municipal Council of the (County, Parish, &c.) do sincerely and solemnly swear, that I will faithfully fulfil the duties of the said Office, according to the best of my judgment and ability.

Sworn before the undersigned, Warden of the Municipal Council of the County of (here insert name of County), Mayor of the Municipal Council of the (Parish, &c., here insert name of Municipality,) or one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the District of (here insert name of District, as the case may be).

T. U.

S. T.

(0.)

SECRETARY-TREASURER'S SURETY BOND, WHEN GIVEN UNDER PRIVATE SEAL.

PROVINCE OF }
CANADA.

Know all men by these presents, that We, A. B. (here Sect. xiii insert name of Secretary-Treasurer,) of the (Parish &c.) of par. 5.

, in the District of , and (here insert names, residences and occupations of two Sureties,) are jointly and severally held and firmly bound to the Corporation of the (County, Parish, &c. as the case may be,) in the sum of Pounds, of good and lawful money of this Province, to be paid to and for the use of the said Corporation, for which payment well and truly to be made we jointly and severally (solidairement) bind ourselves and our respective heirs, executors and administrators, firmly by these presents, and do hereby specially hypothecate the properties hereinaster mentioned, to wit: the said A. B. (here insert name of Secretary-Treasurer, if he has real property) a certain (description of property hypothecated) and the said (here insert separately the name of each surety, together with description of the property hypothecated), signed in duplicate by our respective hands, sealed with our respective seals, and dated at day of , in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and in presence of (here insert names of Witnesses,) the subscribing Witnesses.

Whereas the said bounden (here insert the name of Secretary-Treasurer elect) hath been elected (or appointed) Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipal Council of the (County, Parish, Township, &c.); and whereas in accordance with the provisions of "The Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act, 1855," the said bounden (here insert names of Sureties) have been approved by a Resolution of the said Council as Sureties for the payment of all sums of money for which he the said (insert name of Secretary-Treasurer) so elected (or appointed) Secretary-Treasurer, may as such Secretary-Treasurer at any time be accountable to the said Corporation, including principal, interest and costs, as well as all penalties and damages to which he the said (insert name of Secretary-Treasurer) as such Secretary-Treasurer shall become liable in the exercise of his office.

Now the condition of the above written obligation and recognizance is such, that if the above named (insert name of Secretary-Treasurer) do faithfully discharge the duties of the office of Secretary-Treasurer as aforesaid, to which he has been elected (or appointed) so as aforesaid, and do well and truly account for and pay over to the said Corporation or to such person or persons as under the said Act shall be authorized to demand and receive the same, all sums of money for which he the said (insert name of Secretary-Treasurer) as such Secretary-Treasurer

Secretary-Treasurer shall be accountable to the said Corporation, including principal, interest and costs, as well as all penalties and damages to which he the said (insert name of Secretary-Treasurer) as such Secretary-Treasurer shall become liable in the exercise of his office, for and during the time the said (insert name of Secretary-Treasurer) shall continue to hold the said office of Secretary-Treasurer, then this obligation to be void and of none effect, otherwise to be and remain in full force and virtue.

A. B., Signature of Secretary-Treasurer. (Seal.)
C. D., Signatures of (Seal.)
E. F., Surfeties. (Seal.)

Witnesses. (Names of Witnesses.) \{ G. H. \} J. H.

(P.)

SPECIAL NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF A MUNICIPAL OFFICER.

Office of the Municipal Council of the (County, Parish, &c.,) of

(Place.) (Date.)

Sir,

Sect. xiv par. 1. You are hereby notified, that at a Session of the Municipal Council of the (County, Parish, &c., as the case may be,) of held on the day of instant (or last past), you were, by a resolution of the said Council, duly appointed to the office of (here insert name of office).

U. V.

Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipal Council of the (County, Parish, &c.,) of

To V. W. (Address.)

(Q.)

NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION OR APPOINTMENT OF MAYOR.

Office of the Municipal Council of the (Parish, Township, &c.)
(Place.) (Date.)

Sir,

Sect. xxx par. 5. You are hereby notified that (A. B., here insert name of Councillor) was on the day of instant (or last), duly elected (or appointed, as the case may be), Mayor of the Municipality of the said (Parish, Township, &c.)

W. X.

Secretary-Treasurer of the said Council.

To X. Y.

Registrar of the County of or Secretary-Treasurer of the Council of the County of

(R.)

(R.)

PETITION FOR ERECTION OF A VILLAGE.

To the Municipal Council of the County of

The Petition of the undersigned Inhabitants of the (Parish, Sect. XXXIV Township, &c.,) of qualified to vote at the Election par. 1. of Local Councillors—

Respectfully sheweth:

That they are desirous that the hereinafter described tract of land be erected into a separate Town (or Village) Municipality, under such name as may be given thereto by His Excellency the Governor General, under the provision of "The Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act, 1855."

That the said tract of land lies within the limits of the Municipality of the said County of and is bounded as follows, to wit: (here give boundaries and description of the said tract), and contains at least sixty inhabited houses within the space of thirty superficial arpents.

Wherefore the said Petitioners, resident within the said tract, pray that the Municipal Council of the said County of will order on their said Petition as in and by the said Act prescribed.

(Place.) (Date.)

(Signatures.)
(Not less than forty.)

(S.)

PUBLIC NOTICE TO BE GIVEN BY THE COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT IN RELATION TO THE ERECTION OF A TOWN OR VILLAGE.

(Place.) (Date.)

Public Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an Sect. XXXIV order to me given by the Municipal Council of the County of Par. 2.

, I shall, on day, the day of instant (or next), at the hour of of the clock in the noon, visit the tract of land mentioned and described in the petition of certain inhabitants of the Municipality of the (Parish, Township, &c.,) of presented to the Municipal Council of the County of on the of instant (or last past), praying for the erection of the said tract of land into a Town (or Village) Municipality; and all parties interested who may be desirous of being heard in relation to that petition are hereby

32

notified

notified to present themselves then and there before me for that purpose.

County Superintendent.

(T.)

PUBLIC NOTICE TO BE GIVEN BY A COUNTY COUNCIL BEFORE
THE HOMOLOGATION OF A COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT'S
REPORT IN RELATION TO THE ERECTION OF A TOWN OR
VILLAGE.

Office of the Municipal Council of the County of

(Date.)

Sect. xxxiv par. 6.

Public Notice is hereby given, that on day, the day of instant, (or next) at the hour of of the clock in the noon, the Municipal Council of the County of after having heard the County Superintendent and parties interested, will proceed to the examination of the County Superintendent's report on the petition of certain Inhabitants of the Municipality of the (Parish, Township, &c.,) of praying for the erection into a separate Town (or Village) Municipality of a certain tract of land therein mentioned.

V. U.
Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipal
Council of the County of

(U.)

OATH TO BE ADMINISTERED TO SPECIAL CONSTABLES.

Sect. xxvii

I, A. B., do swear that I will well and truly serve our Sovereign Lady the Queen in the office of Special Constable for the of , without favor or affection, malice, or ill will; and that I will to the best of my power cause the peace to be kept and preserved, and will prevent all offences against the persons and properties of Her Majesty's subjects; and that while I continue to hold the said office, I will to the best of my skill and knowledge discharge all the duties thereof faithfully according to law: So help me God.

(V.)

WARRANT OF COMMITMENT ON VIEW.

PROVINCE OF CANADA,
Municipality of the (Parish,
Township &c.) of

To all or any of the Constables and Peace Officers in the District of and to the Keeper of the (House of Correction,

Correction, Lock-up House, &c.) at District of

, in the said

Whereas A. B. (here describe the person) hath this day sect. xxvii during the Election for the Municipal Councillors for the Mu-par. 6. nicipality of the (Parish, Township, &c.) of broken and disturbed the public peace and tranquillity (here describe the manner), in the presence and within view of the undersigned duly appointed to preside and presiding at the said Election; and whereas I have adjudged the said A. B. for the said offence to be imprisoned in the (House of Correction, Lock-up House, &c.) for the time and space of days.

These are therefore to command you the said Constables or Peace Officers, or any one of you, in Her Majesty's name, forthwith to convey the said A. B. to the (House of Correction, Lock-up House, &c.) at , and there deliver him into the custody of the Keeper thereof, together with this Precept; And I hereby require you, the said Keeper, to receive the said A. B. into your custody in the said (House of Correction, Lock-up House, &c.) and there safely keep him until the expiration of the said period of imprisonment.

Given under my Hand and Seal, this day of , one thousand eight hundred and , at in the Municipality aforesaid.

Z. Y.

(W.)

DISTRESS WARRANT in virtue of any By-law made under Section XXIII, par. 7.

PROVINCE OF ? CANADA.

The Corporation of the (Parish, Township, &c., as the case may be,) to wit:

To all or any Constables and Peace Officers in the District of

Whereas in and by a certain By-law made and passed by Sect. xxiii the Municipal Council of the (Parish, Township, &c., as the case par. 8. may be,) at a (General Monthly) Session of the said Council of the (Parish, Township, &c., as the case may be,) held at

, on day, the day of in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and in conformity to the provisions of an Act of the Legislature of the Province of Canada, passed in the eighteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, an Act (here insert title of this Act,) it was provided (here insert part of By-law made in virtue of the fifth paragraph of the twenty-third Section of the above Act.)

did lately, certain person And whereas (instant or now last day of to wit: on the past,) hold (here state the nature of performance or exhibition,) and whereas A. B. being (the proprietor &c., as the case may be,) (here insert the connection such person may have with the performance or exhibition,) hath been required by the Secretary-Treasurer of the said Municipal Council to pay into his hands for and on behalf of the said Municipal Council, the sum of the amount of duty imposed on every such (performance or exhibition) under and in virtue of the said Law and of the said By-law; And whereas the said A. Ba hath neglected and refused to pay unto the said Secretary-Treasurer, on his said demand, the said sum of so as aforesaid, lawfully imposed on the said (performance or exhibition). These are therefore to command you forthwith to make distress of the goods and chattels of the said A. B., and of all and every the goods and chattels appertaining to the said (performance or exhibition;) or of all or any of the persons connected with such (performance or exhibition); and if within the space of after the making of such distress, the said mentioned sum, together with the reasonable charges of taking and keeping the said distress, shall not be paid, that then you do sell the said goods and chattels so by you detained, and do pay the money arising from such sale unto the Secretary-Treasurer of the said Municipal Council, that he may apply the same as by law directed, and may render the overplus, if any, on demand, to the said A. B., or others whom it may concern, and if no such distress can be found, then that you certify the same unto me, to the end that such proceedings may be had therein, as to Law doth appertain.

Given under my Hand and the Seal of the said Corporation, this day of , in the year of our Lord , at in the District aforesaid.

Y. X. Mayor of the said Corporation.

(X.)

SPECIAL NOTICE TO BE GIVEN TO ANY PERSON APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL, AND TO THE SECRETARY-TREASURER OF THE MUNICIPALITY IN WHICH SUCH PERSON HAS BEEN APPOINTED.

Office of the Registrar or of the Municipal Council of the County of

(Place.) (Date.)

Sect. XXXVI
par. 1.

SIR,—You are hereby notified that (you have) or (A. B. of in &c. has) been appointed by the Governor in the Municipality of the (County, Parish, or Township, &c.) of (if it be addressed to a Councillor, add)

Session

Session of the Municipal Council of the said (County, Parish, Township, &c.,) will be held at (here describe place) on day, the day of instant (or next) at the hour of of the clock of the N. U.

Registrar or Warden of the County of

To A. B., Warden, or D. H. Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipal Council of

(Y.)

NOTICE TO PERFORM STATUTE LABOUR.

Municipality of the (Parish, Township, &c., &c.,) of

(Date.)

To Mr.

You are required to attend at (here insert place) on the (insert Sect. 1vii days of month) days of (instant or next) at par. 2. of the clock in the noon, bringing with you an axe and a hoe, (or a horse, ox, waggon, car or other vehicle and harness,) for the purpose of performing statute labour on the (here describe road, bridge, &c.)

K. L.

County Superintendent (or Inspector or Overseer of Roads, as the case may be.)

Secretary-Treasurer.

X. S.

(Z.)

-TREASURER'S NOTICE FOR PAYMENT

Sect. lxxiv par. 5.

To the Corporation of the (Parish, Township, &c.) Hereby take notice that under "The Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act, ä MUNICIPALITY OF THE (Parish, Township, &c.) ž ŝ သူ ધ (Date of delivery.) SIR, SIR, Hereby take notice that under "The Lower Canada Municipal ST 1855," you are required to pay the within mentioned sum of Here add the various other items of taxation)..... Total..... at (4d:) in the £..... Assessment on your (here mention the property as house, land, within thirty days from the above date. Ö. &c.) valued at Mr. (Parish, Township, &c.) MUNICIPALITY OF THE (Copy of Account.)

Mr.

(here insert date of notice.) Notice served

(AA.)

(AA.)

PUBLIC NOTICE OF THE EXAMINATION OF ANY PROCÈS-VERBAL.

Office of the Municipal Council of the (County, Parish, Township, &c.) of (Place.) (Date.)

Public Notice is hereby given to all parties interested, that Sect. xlix pursuant to the provisions of "The Lower Canada Municipal par. 2. and Road Act, 1855," on day, the day of instant (or next,) at the hour of of the clock in the noon, at (here describe the place) the Municipal Council of the (County, Parish, Township, &c.) of will proceed to the examination or revision of the County Supering tendent's Proces-verbal relative to the (here give the nature of the work, &c.)

Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipal Council of the (County, &c.) of

(BB.)

SPECIAL NOTICE OF COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT, &C., OF HIS INTENTION TO ENTER ON OCCUPIED LAND FOR THE PURPOSE OF SURVEY.

Sir,—Hereby take notice that under the authority in me sect. liii par. 2. vested by the provisions of "The Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act, 1855," on day, the day of instant (or next), I shall enter on the land occupied by you situate in (here describe land) for the purpose of then and there making a survey for a certain Road, viz: (here describe

road by its direction, &c.)

1.6.34

C. F.
County Superintendent
(or other person, as the case may be.)

(CC.)

Public Notice of County Superintendent's intention to examine Roads in Local Municipality.

(Place.) (Date.)

Public Notice is hereby given that on day, the Sect. liv day of (January or June, as the case par. 4.

may be), I shall visit the (Parish or Township, here insert name of Local Municipality.) for the purpose of then and there examining the Roads within the said Municipality.

G. H. County Superintendent.

(DD.)

SPECIAL NOTICE OF THE INTENTION OF INSPECTOR OF ROADS TO VISIT AN OVERSEER'S SECTION.

(Place.)

(Date.)

Sect. lv per. 3. Sir,—Hereby take notice that on day next, the day of instant (or next) I shall visit the roads in that portion of my division of the Municipality of the (name of Local Municipality) conbraced within the section thereof for which you are Overseer; and you are hereby required to meet me at the hour of of the noon of that day at (place of meeting) and to accompany me in my visit of that section, conformably to the provisions of "The Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act, 1855."

E. F.

Inspector of Roads.

To S. T. Overseer.

Valuation-Roll of the Municipality of the (Parish, Township, &c.) of (name of Municipality.)

	Otheritems according to by law, &c., of w. mi-cipulity.					
	Profestion or Otheritems		200 200 300 0 0 0			A. B. \ Valuators for the said Municipality of the
4-10 A 10 A		Value of Property.	1 190 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			Valuators for the said Munic
	.43	No. of Houses.				the
	Real. If in a Village.	Name of No. of No. of Hauses.	21.00 			tors for
	inc	T to 10.1	E310			ลในล
		Concessi Range.	3160			~
		Designation.	Fum ecr-			A. B.
	Liable to Statut	Name	y. 4 4 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
	l Property.	Designa- tion.	Notary. Advocate.			
	Occupant of Real Property. Liable to Statute Labour.	Name.	John Brown Notary. William Jones. Advocate.			
		Designa- tion.	Notary. Physician.			
	Owner of Real Property.		John Brown Rotary. Isaac Smith Physician		Sect. Ixv par. 3.	

(FF.)

PUBLIC NOTICE OF THE REVISION OF A VALUATION-ROLL.

Office of the Municipal Council of the (Parish, Township, &c.,) of (Place.) (Date.)

Sect. Ixviii par. 3.

Public Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Municipality of the (Parish, Township, &c.,) of that on instant, (or next) at the day of day, the noon, the Municipal of the clock in the hour of Council of the said (Parish, Township, &c.,) will proceed to the examination or revision of the Valuation-Roll for the said Municipality.

F. G.

Secretary-Treasurer of the said Council.

(G. G.)

(D.F)

Collection-Roll of the Municipality of the (Parish, Township, &c.) of (name of Municipality.)

		Total amount of Tax payable.	3000000 ;r0044- iguresses
		Amount of Other items according Tax ‡ in the to By-Law, &c, of Municipality.	Here insert columns according (.essnassancording
Rrv.		Amount of Fax 4 in the £.	300000 , 2000000000000000000000000000000
E PROPERT		Total value of assessable Property.	25. d. 550 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
ASSESSABLE	Personal.	Value of.	200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
ASS	Per	Nature of.	£ s. d. 150 0 0 Profession. 200 0 0 Trade. 100 0 0 0 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
		Value of Property.	
	Real.	Name of or No. Street.	E4 10
		Concession Range.	- 4 :0:0 당 : 4:0 전
TOPCOATO	LINGOINS.	Designa-	Notary. Physician. Merchant. Printer. Farmer. Carter.
TAYABI U DUDCOMO	TOVVOTE	Name.	John Brown. Notary. Isaac Smith. Physician. Wm. Roe. Merchant. John Jones. Printer. Robt. Snow. Farmer. Thos. Silk Carter. Sect. 1xxiv par. 3.

Secretary-Treasurer of Municipality of the (Parish

(HH.)

(HH.)

DISTRESS WARRANT FOR ASSESSMENTS DUE.

Province of a Canada.

The Corporation of the (Parish, Township, &c., as the case may be,) to wit:

To all or any of the Constables and Peace Officers in the District

Sect. Izeir par. 6.

WHEREAS A. B., (name and designation of debtor,) hath been required by the Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipal Council of the (name of Municipality,) to pay into his hands for and on behalf of the said Municipal Council, the sum of being the amount due by him to the said Municipality, as appears by the collection-roll of the said Municipality for the ; And whereas the said A. B., hath neglected and refused to pay unto the said Secretary-Treasurer, within the period prescribed by law, the said sum of are therefor to command you forthwith to make distress of the goods and chattels of the said A. B.; and if within the space of eight days after the making of such distress, the said mentioned sum, together with the reasonable charges of taking and keeping the said distress, shall not be paid, that then you do on such day as shall be indicated to you by the said Secretary-Treasurer, sell the said goods and chattels so by you detained, and do pay the money arising from such sale unto the Secretary-Treasurer of the said Municipal Council, that he may apply the same as by law directed, and may render the overplus, if any, on demand, to the said A. B., or others whom it may concern, and if no such distress can be found, then that you certify the same unto me, to the end that such proceedings may be had therein, as to Law doth appertain.

Given under my Hand and the Seal of the said Corporation, this day of , in the year of our Lord , at in the District aforesaid.

Y. X.
Mayor of the said
Corporation.

(II.)

NOTICE OF THE DAY AND PLACE OF SALE OF GOODS AND CHATTELS SEIZED FOR TAXES.

Public notice is hereby given that on day, the Sect. Ixiv day of instant (or next) at the hour of of the Put. 8. clock in the noon, at (here describe the place), the goods and chattels of A. B. (name of person) now under seizure for non-payment of manicipal assessments (or other dues, as the case may be), will be sold by public auction at (here name place) on day, the day of instant (or next.)

(Place.)

(Date.)

D.B.

Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipal Council of the

(JJ.)

CERTIFICATE OF A SECRETARY-TREASURER OF COUNTY COUNCIL OF AMOUNT REQUIRED FROM A LOCAL MUNICIPALITY.

Office of the Municipal Council of the County of

(Place.)

(Date.)

Sir.—I hereby certify to you that under and by virtue of a Sect. Ixxiv By-law passed by the Municipal Council of the County of (here per. 9. insert name of county), on the day of instant (or last past), intituled, a By-law (insert title of By-law) the sum of (insert sum) is therein directed to be levied in the Municipality of the (Parish, Township, &c. insert name of local Municipality) for the county purposes mentioned in the said By-law.

G. F.

1. 1.

Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipal Council
of the County of

(KK.)

STATEMENT OF VALUE OF ASSESSABLE PROPERTY.

Office of the Municipal Council of the (Township, Parish, &c.) of

(Place.) (Date.)

Sir,—In conformity to the provisions of "The Lower Canada Sec's Irriv Municipal and Road Act, 1855," I transmit you the following Par. 9. statement of the value of the assessable property in the Municipality Municipality of the (Township, Parish, &c.,) according to the last Assessment-Roll as finally revised.

NATURE OF PROPERTY.	VALUE (OT ANNUAL VALUE.)		
Real Property	£25,222 0 0		
Personal Property	20,106 0 0		

K. M.

Secretary-Treasurer of Municipal Council of

To Z. H.

Secretary-Treasurer of the Council of the County of

(LL.)

STATEMENT OF LANDS TO BE SOLD FOR TAXES, AND NOTICE OF SALE.

Office of the Municipal Council of the County of

Sect. lxxiv par. 11.

I do hereby give Public Notice, that the lands hereinafter mentioned will be sold by Public Auction, at the (here insert day of name of place), on Monday, the of the clock in the noon, February next, at for the assessments and charges due to the Municipalities hereinafter mentioned upon the several lots hereinafter described, unless the same be paid with costs at least two days before the above day.

Description of Land.					AMOUNT DUE	
Name of Municip'y.	Concession.	Range.	Lot.	Extent.	on Each l	Lor.
	1 3 5 6	2 1 3 4	7 6 8 11	100 Acres. 175 do. 200 do. 200 do.	£0 18 0 17 1 1 1 0	9 6 3 9
(If i	n a Seig Bound	gniory, ; aries.)	give			

P. Q., Secretary-Treasurer of Municipality of the County of

(MM.)

(MM.)

FORM OF DEBENTURE.

Municipality of the (as the case may be.)

No.

£

Cy. or Stg.

This Debenture witnesseth, that the Municipality of the Sect. xv. (name of Municipality), under the authority of a By-Law passed par. 9. by the Council of the said Municipality in conformity to the provisions of "The Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act, 1855," intituled, a By-Law, &c., (insert title of By-Law,) have received from (name) of (domicile, profession, or occupation,) the sum of (insert sum at full length), as a loan, to bear interest from the date hereof at the rate of per centum per annum, payable half yearly on the day of , which sum of (insert sum at full length) the said Municipality, as a Municipal Corporation, hereby binds and obliges itself to pay on the , to the said or to the bearer hereof, and to pay the interest thereon half yearly, as aforesaid, according to the coupons or interest warrants hereto attached.

In testimony whereof I, , Mayor of the said Municipality, being hereunto duly authorized, have signed these presents, and have hereunto affixed the Common Seal of the said Municipality, at , in the County of

, on this day of in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and

(Signature of Mayor.)

Countersigned by (Secretary-Treasurer.)

[Seal.]

CAP. CI.

An Act to abolish the publication in Courts of Justice in Lower Canada of Acts containing substitutions, and to provide for their Registration in the Registry Offices.

[Assented to 30th May, 1855.]

W HEREAS the reading and publication of Acts of Dona- Preamble. tion, Wills and other Acts containing substitutions, in the Courts of Civil Jurisdiction in Lower Canada, is a useless formality, and it is expedient to substitute the registration of the said Acts in the Registry Offices, in the stead of their insinuation in the Registers of the Courts: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and of the