"Unbrandable;" and when the grain from which Flour and Meal of any description is manufactured, had been previously kiln dried, the same shall be branded and marked by the Packer on each and every barrel or half barrel, either at length or by the word and letter "Kiln D."

IV. And be it enacted, That the twenty-second and twenty-third sections of the Act

first above cited shall be, and are hereby repealed.

V. And be it enacted, That every half barrel of Flour shall contain ninety-eight pounds net, and every barrel of Flour shall contain one hundred and ninety-six pounds Flour and Meal. net; every half barrel Rye Flour shall contain ninety-eight pounds net, and every barrel of Rye Flour shall contain one hundred and ninety-six pounds net; every half barrel Indian Meal shall contain eighty-four pounds or ninety-eight pounds net, and every barrel of Indian Meal shall contain one hundred and sixty-eight pounds, or one hundred and ninety-six pounds net; every half barrel of Oatmeal shall contain one hundred and twelve pounds net, and every barrel of Oatmeal shall contain two hundred and twenty-four pounds net; and it shall be the duty of the Packer or Manufacturer, to brand, paint or mark the initials of his Christian name, and also brand, paint or mark his surname at full length, and the name of his mill or place of packing, the quality and weight of the Flour or Meal therein contained, and the tare of the cask, on one end of each and every barrel or half barrel of Flour or Meal packed for sale, in a plain and distinguishable manner, under a penalty of Two Shillings currency, for each and every barrel or half barrel offered for sale or Inspection, with regard to which the requirements of this section have not been complied with.

VI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act shall invalidate, or in Proviso: as to existing any way alter, the true intent and meaning of any existing contract for the purchase or sale of Flour, based on the standard of Inspection heretofore established and in use in Quebec, Montreal and Toronto, and that the quality of all and any Flour so contracted for, purchased or sold, shall, on the requisition of any party interested in such contract, purchase, or sale, be ascertained and tested by the Inspector according to the standard of Inspection in use by him, immediately previous to this Act taking effect, and the said Inspector shall give a Certificate of the quality of the said Flour according to the said standard, but shall nevertheless, if required, brand on the barrels the quality of the

Flour according to the standard of Inspection now by this Act established.

CAP. XXX.

An Act to amend, and render permanent as amended, the Act to regulate the Inspection of Beef and Pork.

[10th August, 1850.]

HEREAS it is expedient to amend, and to make permanent as amended, the Act Preamble. passed in the Session held in the fourth and fifth years of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act to regulate the Inspection of Beef and Pork: Be it therefore enacted 4 and 5 Vict. c. 88. by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and intituled, An Act to re-unite the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, and for the Government of Canada, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That it shall not be lawful for any person other than an Inspector or Assistant Inspector duly appointed under the said Act, and having previously complied with all the requirements thereof, or the Beef or Pork. actual owner of the Beef or Pork inspected, to inspect any Beef or Pork, or to brand or mark any barrel or half barrel, tierce or half tierce, or cask or vessel of any kind, containing such Beef or Pork, or to give any Certificate of Inspection, under a penalty Penalty. of ten pounds for each barrel, half barrel, tierce or half tierce, cask or vessel of Beef or Pork so inspected or branded, or with regard to which such Certificate shall have been given, to be recovered and applied in the manner provided by the said Act with

Sect. 22 and 23, of the said Act repealed.

Weights of barrels and half-barrels of

contracts,

None but Inspectors or their Assistants or Owners shall inspect

regard

regard to penalties thereby imposed; And that if any owner of any Beef or Pork shall brand any such vessel as aforesaid containing any Beef or Pork, without affixing to his name and the initial of his Christian name, the date at which the same was branded, and the word "owner" or "owners," he shall be held to have inspected and branded the same contrary to the provisions of this Act, and shall incur the penalty aforesaid.

As to Beef and Pork, &c., re-inspected.

II. And be it enacted, That for and notwithstanding any thing in the eleventh section, or in any other part of the said Act, it shall be lawful to brand on the vessel containing any Beef and Pork re-inspected, the date of such re-inspection, with the other particulars required in case of inspection, but no preceding inspection brand or any part thereof shall be effaced; and every re-inspection which shall be made without complying with the requirements of this section, shall be held to be an inspection made contrary to this Act, and the person making it shall thereby incur the penalty aforesaid.

In what case only storage may be charged. III. And be it enacted, That for and notwithstanding any thing in the thirteenth section, or in any other part of the said Act, no Inspector shall charge storage on Beef or Pork inspected by him, unless the same shall have been left in his store more than ten days after he shall have delivered to the proprietor or consignee thereof, a notice of the same having been inspected, or shall have delivered an Inspection Bill thereof to such proprietor or consignee.

4 and 5 Vict. c. 88, made permanent as amended.

IV. And be it enacted, That the said Act as amended by this Act, shall be and is hereby continued and made permanent, and shall remain in force until repealed by Act of the Provincial Parliament.

CAP. XXXI.

An Act to protect from injury Electro-Magnetic Telegraphs in this Province. [10th August, 1850.]

Preamble.

Punishment of nartice

Punishment of parties damaging Telegraph wires, &c.

Who shall have jurisdiction.

How penalties shall be enforced, if not paid.

THEREAS it is necessary to protect from injury Electro-Magnetic Telegraph Lines in this Province: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and intituled, An Act to re-unite the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, and for the Government of Canada, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That if any person shall wilfully or maliciously cut, break, destroy, or injure any instrument, cap, wire, post or other erection, used for or by any Line of Electro-Magnetic Telegraph now or hereafter to be in operation in this Province, under any Act in force therein, or that may be passed by the Legislature thereof, or in any manner by any means impede or obstruct the action and operation of such Line, such person shall be punishable by imprisonment for not less than five days nor more than thirty days, or by fine not exceeding ten pounds, or by both, according to the discretion of the Magistrate before whom the offence shall be charged: That the jurisdiction over all offences against this Act shall be in any Justice of the Peace in any Parish, Village, City, Town or County where the offence was committed, or in which the offender may be found, and the proceedings thereon shall be summary; That the fine imposed may, if not forthwith paid, be levied, with all costs of the prosecution by Warrant of Distress against and by sale of the goods and chattels of the offender, or such offender may, (in the discretion of the Magistrate) whether imprisonment be or be not part of the sentence, be imprisoned for a period not exceeding thirty days, in addition to and after the expiration of any other imprisonment making part of his sentence, unless such fine and all expenses incurred in the prosecution be sooner paid; and all such fines, when collected, shall belong to the party aggrieved by and complaining of the offence, and be paid over to such party.