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Acts of the General Assembly of His Majesty's Province of New-Brunswick passed in the year 1823. Fredericton, NB: George K. Lugrin, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, 1823.

4 George IV – Chapter 16

An Act further to continue and alter an Act for the preservation of Oysters in the Counties of Westmorland and Northumberland. Passed the 27th March, 1823.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council, and Assembly, That an Act made and passed in the fifty-eighth year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for the preservation of Oysters in the Counties of Westmorland and Northumberland," be and the same is hereby further continued, (excepting wherein the same is hereby altered for four years, and thence to the end of the next Session of the General Assembly.

And be it further enacted, That no Oysters shall, during the continuance of this Act, be taken in that part of the Harbour of Shediac, which is comprised between that part of the southerly boundary of the County of Northumberland, which lies between the mouth of Shediac River and the north end of Shediac Island, thence by a southerly line to Indian Island, so called, and thence in a straight line from Indian Island, to the Store of Benjamin Wilson, Esquire, on the main land, excepting in the winter season through the ice: That if any person or persons shall take or fish for any Oysters in any part of the Harbour of Shediac above described, at any other time than in the winter season through the ice, every person so offending, shall for each and every offence, forfeit and pay the sum of five pounds; to be recovered with costs, before any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the County where such offence shall be committed, upon conviction on the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, to be levied by warrant of distress and sale of the offender's good sand chattels; and in case no sufficient goods and chattels can be found whereon to levy such distress, every offender shall, by such Justice, be committed to the common Gaol in such County, there to remain without bail or mainprize, for a term not exceeding twenty days, nor less than ten days; one moiety of which penalty shall be to the use of the person who shall sue and prosecute for the same, the other moiety thereof to be paid to the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish where such offence shall be committed, for the use of the Poor of such Parish.