

I. Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governor, Legislative Council and Assembly, That in all cases when any verdict for or assessment of any debt or damages may be given or made for any party in any suit in such Court in which interest is or may have been included under the provisions of the said recited Act or otherwise, and the final judgment of the Court thereupon may have been delayed by the opposite party, either by a Rule Nisi, Demurrer, or otherwise, it shall be lawful for such Court in its discretion, when such verdict or assessment is sustained, to allow interest thereupon at a rate not exceeding six per cent. per annum, from the time of such verdict or assessment until the rendering of final judgment therefor.

Court may allow interest on amount of certain verdicts or assessments, when the verdict or assessment may be sustained after suspension by Rule Nisi, &c.

II. And be it enacted, That the said Court may by General Rule prescribe the form of the entry of judgment and execution in cases where such further interest may be so allowed.

Court may prescribe form of entry of judgment, &c. in such cases.

III. And be it enacted, That the provisions of the fifth section of an Act made and passed in the fourth year of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled *An Act to establish and regulate a Summary Practice in the Supreme Court*, authorizing a Judge of the Supreme Court to allow a Counsel fee of not more than two guineas on every cause entered for trial, and for every argument before the Court, shall extend to Defendants as well as Plaintiffs.

A Counsel fee for defendant may be allowed under Act 4 W. 4, c. 41, s. 5.

CAP. LXI.

An Act to amend an Act, intituled *An Act for improving the administration of Justice in Criminal cases.*

Passed 14th April 1847.

6 WHEREAS the provisions contained in the thirteenth section of an Act made and passed in the first year of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled *An Act for improving the administration of Justice in Criminal Cases*, do not apply to the crime of Forgery;

Preamble.

1 W. 4, c. 14.

I. Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governor, Legislative Council and Assembly, That if any person shall commit any offence of forging or altering any writing or matter whatsoever, or of offering, uttering, disposing of, or putting off any writing or matter whatsoever, knowing the same to be forged or altered, with intent to defraud any person whomsoever, whether the offence in any such case shall be indictable at Common Law, or by virtue of any Act or Acts now in force, or hereafter to be made, the offence of every such offender may be dealt with, indicted, tried, and punished, and laid and charged to have been committed in any County or place in which he shall be apprehended or in custody, as if his offence had been actually committed in that County or place; and every principal in the second degree, and every accessory before the fact, and every accessory after the fact, may be dealt with, indicted, tried, and punished, and his offence laid and charged to have been committed in any County or place in which the principal offender may be tried.

Trials, &c. for forgery or utterance may be had, &c. in any County in which the offender may be apprehended.

Accessories may be tried in the same place as the principals.

CAP. LXII.

An Act further to amend the Law regulating proceedings before Justices of the Peace in Civil Suits.

Passed 14th April 1847.

I. **B**E it enacted by the Lieutenant Governor, Legislative Council and Assembly, That if any order for the removal of any cause tried before any Justice of the Peace under and by virtue of the Act of Assembly made and passed in the fourth year of the Reign of King William the Fourth, intituled *An Act to regulate proceedings before Justices of the Peace in Civil Suits*, shall be or hath already

Party obtaining an order for the removal of a cause tried before a Justice of the Peace, and which has been obeyed, shall apply to the Judge within