CAP. VII.

An ACT to DEFINE and DESCRIBE the crime of PETIT LARCENY.

Perfons convicted of ficaling Goods &c. to the value of 20f. to be punished for Grand Larceny, under 20f. for Petit Larceny.

DE IT ENACTED, by the Lieutenant Governor, Council and Assembly, That if any person shall seloniously take and carry away any goods, chattles, money or effects to the value of twenty shillings, and be thereof duly convicted, such offence shall be deemed, adjudged and punished as GRAND LARCENY: And if the value shall be found by verdict on trial to be less than twenty skillings, then such offence shall be deemed, adjudged and punished as Petit Larceny.

CAP. VIII.

An ACT for fixing PERMANENTLY the BOUNDARY LINES between the different GRANTS in this Province.

Prezmble.

THEREAS, great confusion, uneasiness and disquiet have arisen among the settlers in some parts of this province from the uncertainty that exists about the true extent and limits of their freeholds, particularly on Grants made some years ago; which uncertainty has been partly occasioned by running out the lateral boundary lines of the faid Grants at different times by the magnetic needle, the deviation of which from the meridian or the true line of North and South is in a continual state of variation; partly from the custom which many of the said settlers have been in of employing persons not properly deputifed, nor acting under oath, and with inaccurate instruments to run out the fide lines of their respective lots: and partly from the practice which has been generally purfued in fetting off even recent Grants, of merely marking the extent or limits of the fronts of the faid Grants without running back at all their lateral boundaries from the banks of the rivers, creeks or other fronts on which they lie; to prevent all such confusion, uneafiness and uncertainty in future, and the growth and increase of those evils and inconveniencies which if not remedied must soon give rise to an endless variety of disputes.

Any proprietor of land in any 1. BEITENACTED, by the Lieutenant Governor, Council and Assembly, That whenever one or more Grantees of the Crown of any lands already granted or hereafter to be granted in

this province either on one or both of two separate Grants ad- Grant being dejoining each other or comprised in any one Grant, or one or more the stellnes run freeholders on the faid Grant or Grants, shall be desirous of having the direction of the lateral boundary line or lines of such Grant, or between such Grants, ascertained, fixed and rendered permanent, he, she or they shall give notice thereof to the may on public other Grantees or Proprietors therein concerned, by advertising ten, have the the same in writing, posted up for one month in three at least the Surveyor Geof the most public places in the town or parish where such herd or any of his deputies lands lie, whereupon it shall and may be lawful for the Surveyor General of the province, by himself, or his sufficient deputy or deputies thereunto authorized and under oath, upon the application of such Grantee or Grantees, Freeholder or Freeholders, to run the faid lateral boundary line or lines of such Grant or between such Grants, with proper instruments to be examined and approved of by the Surveyor General, at least five bundred yards back from the bank of the river, creek or other front on which the faid Grants lie, and by the magnetical needle as expressed in the said Grants, and that in the said line or lines and have pillars and each of them two small pillars of stone, where stones can be ceased conveniently procured, or otherwife two front posts of durable or lasting wood and cleared of sap, one near the bank or other front or only at a fufficient distance therefrom to be in no danger of being washed away, and the other at least five bundred yards back from the fame, each reaching four feet below the furface of the Ground and four feet above the same, shall be erected under the direction of the Surveyor General or his Deputy or Deputies acting under oath as aforefaid, who shall carefully examine the faid pillars or posts and see that the line formed by the intersection of the vertical plane passing through their centers (or so as to divide them equally) with that of the herizon, shall exactly coincide with the above mentioned line run out by the needle: Which for permanent pillars or posts shall be considered as permanent land marks for fixing and ascertaining the direction of the said boundary line or lines of the faid Grant or between the faid Grants in all time to come, without any attention or regard what soever had to any future variation of the needle—The expence of running the faid line or Expence defraylines, and of erecting the faid pillars or posts to be defrayed by the ed by the party party or parties so applying: The Surveyor General when he acts Fees for surveyhimself to be paid at the rate of fifteen shillings per diem, and his ins. Deputies as is customary at the rate of ten shillings per diem respectively.

II. And be it further enacted, That the direction of all the la- The direction teral lines between lots already laid out, or that shall be laid out of all lines to be ascertained by hereaster on Grants of land throughout this province, shall be the said land regulated and fixed by a reference to the above mentioned permanent land marks, afcertaining the direction of the boundary line

or lines between the Grants on which faid lots lie, without any regard whatfoever had to the future variation of the needle; except only in such case or cases as are herein after mentioned.

Grants of land made by the true ded for-

III. And whereas certain Grants have been passed under the meridian proxi- seal of the province of Nova-Scotia, the boundary lines reprefented on the plans annexed to which, differ from those expressed in fuch Grants, by the projectors of the faid plans mistaking the true for the magnetic meridian. AND WHEREAS great inconvenience and confusion will arise to the proprietors of the : lots comprehended in such Grants if their boundary lines should be run by the courses expressed in the said Grants:—Be it enacted. That the boundary lines of all such Grants shall form the same angles with the ineridian that are expressed on the plans annexed to the faid Grants, without any reference whatfoever had to the lines or courses specified in the said Grants.

Proviso.

IV. PROVIDED ALWAYS, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to fix or ascertain the points where the boundary lines between any lots in any Grants shall commence, but that such points shall be left to be agreed on between the proprietors of fuch lots, or be fettled by a due course of law.

Proceedings to be registered in the Surveyor-General's office.

V. And be it also further enacted, That all proceedings relative to the fixing of permanent land marks as aforefaid shall be registered by the Surveyor General in his office: Which registry shall be deemed and taken, in all Courts of Law, good evidence of the manner in which the direction of fuch boundary lines was ascertained in case any of the said pillars or posts shall be at any time hereafter removed lost or destroyed.

Perfons deffroyjeg land marks,

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons shall at any time or times hereafter wilfully deface, pull down, remove or destroy any of the land marks creeted as above described for fixing permanently the direction of the boundary lines between Grants as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for any two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace residing near the place where such offence shall be committed, and such Justices are hereby respectively authorized and required, upon -complaint or information upon oath of such offence, to summon the person or persons so complained of, or to issue the warrant or warrants to apprehend and bring before them the -person or persons so accused, complained of or suspected, and upon his, her or their appearance, or neglect to appear, to proceed to examine the matter of fact with which such person or persons are charged and upon due proof thereof made, either by confession, or upon the oath or oaths of one or more credible witness or witnesses to determine

determine the same, and to convict the offender or offenders, and every person offending herein and being thereof convicted as a- to forfeit 51. et foresaid, shall forseit the sum of five pounds to be paid to the Overseers of the Poor, to the use of the poor of the town or parish wherein such offence shall be committed, the same to be levied by distress and sale of the offenders goods and chattels, together with the charges of fuch diffress and sale, rendering the overplus (if any be) to the owner or owners thereof: And for want of fufficient distress the said Justices are hereby required to commit the person or persons convicted as aforesaid to the Common Gaol of the county, town or place where the offence shall be committed; there to remain for the space of one month.

.C A P. .IX.

An ACT for ALTERING the times of holding the COURT of GENERAL SESSIONS of the PEACE, and IN-FERIOR COURT of COMMON PLEAS in the Counties therein mentioned.

HEREAS, the times appointed for holding the Court Presmits of General Sessions of the Peace and Inferior Court of Common Pleas in the county of Westmorland, King's county and Queen's county, have been found inconvenient.

I. BE IT ENACTED, by the Lieutenant Governor, Council and Assembly, That the faid Courts shall be holden hereafter as Times of holdfollows, to wit: For the county of Westmorland on the third in Westmonian Tuesdays in January and June; for Queen's county on the sin Queen's rounty on the sounts fourth Tuesdays in January and June; for King's county on the second Tuesday in February and first Tuesday in July; and for the City and County of Saint John on the third Tuesday instead of the sirst Tuesday of March, in each and every year, any law or ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That no writ or process of any kind whatsoever shall abate or be discontinued by reason of the al-altrasion. teration of the times of holding the faid Courts as aforefaid; but that all writs and processes which are or shall be returnable to the faid Courts respectively on the days and times heretofore established, shall be proceeded upon in the same manner as if the same were made returnable on the same days herein established and appointed.