## CAP. VI.

An Act for making a Navigable Canal, from the neighbourhood of Montreal to the Parish of Lachine, and to appropriate a certain sum of money for that purpose, and to repeal a certain Act thereinmentioned

(17th March, 1821)

## Preamble.

In case the Company of Pro-prietors incorpo-rated by the Act 59, Geo. III, cap. 6, shall not comthe pleat a navigable Canal from Montreal to Lachine, within the time prescribed by that Act, then the sum

THEREAS it is expedient to adopt effectual measures for opening a Navigable Canal from the neighbourhood of Montreal to Lachine, in the event that the Company of Proprietors by law thereunto authorized, shall not make and compleat the same within the period prescribed by an Act passed by the Legislature of this Province in the fifty-ninth year of the Reign of His late Majesty George the Third, Chapter fixth, or shall have lost their right so to do, by not fulfilling the conditions which are imposed on them by the laid Act or shall have abandoned their right to make such Canal pursuant to such Act; Be it cherefore enacted by Act, then the sum of £25000 granted by Act 55, Geo.
III, cap. 20, and
a further sum of
£50000 granted to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the
£10000 granted Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Lower-Canada, constituted under Act 50, ceo. III, cap. 6, and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliasshall be appropriated to the completation of the said Canal.

"In the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, intituted, "An Act for making the said Canal."

"An Act for making " more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North-" America," and to make further provision for the Government of the said Pro-" vince;" and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that in case the Company of Proprietors incorporated by the above-mentioned Act passed in the fifty-ninth year of His late Majesty's Reign, for the purpose of making and maintaining a navigable Canal, from the neighbourhood of the City of Montreal to the Parish of Lachine in the Island and County of Montreal, shall not make and compleat the same within the time by law prescribed, or shall have lost or shall relinquish their right to to do, the sum of twenty-five thousand pounds, currency, heretofore appropriated by an Act of the Legislature of this Province, passed in the fifty-fifth year of His late Majesty's Reign, intituled, "An Act to grant an aid. " to His Majesty, to affist in opening a Canal from the neighbourhood of Mones treal to Lachine, and further to provide for the execution of the same;" and the further sum of ten thousand pounds, appropriated by the third section of the above-mentioned Act passed in the fifty-ninth year of His late Majesty's Reign, towards the above-mentioned Canal, intended to be made by the faid Company

shall be, and the same is hereby appropriated for the purpose of making a Canal from the neighbourhood of Montreal to Lachine, aforesaid, as herein-after it is directed.

Commander of in addition to the sum appropriated King's boats to pass the Canal ree of Toll.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that if the Commander the forces, sub-scribing £10,000 of His Majesty's Forces in this Province, shall, on the part of His Majesty's Go-towards the fanal contribute and nav a sum of ten thousand pounds, currency, or more vernment, contribute and pay a fum of ten thousand pounds, currency, or more towards the making the faid Canal, in addition to the sums herein-above appropriated, all boats, batteaux, lighters or vessels, laden with warlike or other stores, belonging to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall and may at all times pass and repass through the said intended Canal, without paying any toll or duty whatfoever.

Governor impowered to appoint Commissioners, and Secretary for the purposes of this Act.

III. And be it further ena ded by the authority aforesaid, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor or perlon administering the Government of the Province for the time being, by an instrument under the Great Seal of the Province, to constitute and appoint such and so many persons as he shall think fit, to be Commissioners, and a Secretary to carry into execution and fuperintend the works necessary to make the said Canal, with power, to remove from time to time, the faid commissioners and Secretary, and to appoint others in their flead, or in the flead of fuch as may, from time to time, die or relign,

Commissioners declared a body - corporate.

IV. And be it further ena ded by the authority aforesaid, that the said Commisfioners and their successors shall be and they are hereby declared to be a body corporate under the name of the "Commissioners for the Lachine Canal," and as fuch shall have existence until the said Canal shall be compleated and no longer; and shall and may, as such body corporate, do, all and whatsoever a body corporate legally may do; and service of any summons upon the Secretary of the taid Commisfioners in any action against the said Corporation, shall be sufficient to compel the same to appear and defend such action in any Court of competent juristication. And the faid Commissioners shall annually submit in the English and French languages to the three branches of the Legislature, an account of the monies by them expended under and in virtue of this Act, accompained with a statement of their operations pursuant to the same.

Commissioners

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that the said Commismake and main- fioners or a majority of them, shall be, and they are hereby authorited and tain a noigable cannot from the empowered to cause to be opened, made and compleated, a navigable Canal, the lawrence Locks

Locks of which shall not be less than twenty feet in width, and not more than one river at Lachine. handred feet in length, of not less than forty feet at the furface of the water, and tw ney-eight feet at the bottom, and navigable for boats, batteaux or veffels drawing four and an half feet of water, from the neighbourhood of Montreal to the Parish of Lachine, in the line and direction which shall be most convenient and practicable for the faid undertaking; and the faid Commissioners shall, for that por ole, have power and authority to purchale such lands as heretofore may have been or that hereafter shall be set out and accertained to be necessary for the use of the faid Canal, and to supply the same while making, and when made, with water from the River St. Lawrence and from all such Brooks, Springs, Streams and water courses, as shall be formed in making the faid Canal or within the diftance of one thouland yards from any part of the faid Canal, or from any refereoir or refervoirs to be made for supplying the said Canal with water; and to make fuch and so many feeders and aqueducts for supplying the said refervoirs with water, as to them shall seem necessary and proper. And for the purposes aforesaid. they are hereby authorised to enter into and upon the lands or grounds of or belonging to any person or persons, community, Body Politic or Corporate, whatsoever, and to furvey and take levels of the same or any part thereof, and to set out and afcertain such parts thereof as they shall think necessary and proper for making the faid Canal, and to do and make all fuch other matters and conveniences as they shall think necessary and proper, for and towards making, offecting, preserving, improving, completing and using the said intended Canal; and also to pare, dig. cut. trench, remove, take, and carry away and lay earth, foil, clay, stone, rubbish, trees, beds of gravel or land, or any other matters or things which may be dug or got in the making of the faid Canal or refervoirs, funnels or aqueducts, or out of any lands of any person or persons contiguous thereto, and which may be proper, requisite or convenient for carrying on, continuing and repairing the said Canal or refervoirs. or which may hinder, prevent, or obstruct the making, using, completing and maintaining the same, and also to make, build erect, and set up, in or upon the laid intended Canal, or upon the lands, adjoining or near to the same, such and so many bridges, funnels, aqueducts, fluices, locks, wears, tanks, refervoirs, drains, wharves, quays, landing places, weigh-beams, cranes and other works. ways, roads and conveniences, as shall be deemed requisite and convenient for the purposes of the said Canal: and also, from time to time, to alter, repair, amend, widen and enlarge the same or any other of the conveniences above-mentioned, as well for the carrying or conveying Goods, commodities and other things to or from the faid Canal as for the carrying or conveying of all materiais necessary for the making, altering, repairing, amending, widening, or enlarging the works of and belonging to the faid Canal, and also to place, lay, work and manufacture the faid Materials on the grounds near to the place or places where the faid works, or any of them shall be intended to be made, erected, repaired or done; and also

to make, maintain, repair and alter any Fences or passages over, under, or through the said Canal or the Reservoirs, Funnels, Aqueducts, Trenches, Gutters, water-courses, Drains and Sluices respectively, which shall communicate therewith; and also to make, set up and appoint such Roads, Towing-Paths, Banks and Ways convenient for towing, hauling or drawing of Boats, Barges or other vessels, passing in, through, or upon the said Canal as shall be deemed necessary, and to construct, erect, and keep in repair any Piers, Arches or other works, in, upon and across any Rivers or Brooks, for making, using, maintaining and repairing the said Canal, and Towing-Paths over the sides thereof, doing as little damage as possible in the execution of the several powers hereby granted, and making satisfaction in manner herein-after mentioned, for all damages to be sustained by the Owners or proprietors of such lands or grounds, Rivers, Waters, water courses or Brooks respectively as shall be taken, used, removed, diverted or prejudiced in or by the execution of all or any of the powers granted by this Act.

Extent of the land and ground that may be taken for the Canal, &c.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforelaid, that the land and ground to be taken or used for such Canal and Towing-paths, and the Ditches, Drains and Fences to separate such Towing-Paths from the adjoining lands, shall not exceed thirty-fix yards in breadth, except in such places where the said Canal shall be raised higher, or cut more than five seet deeperthan the present surface of the soil; and in such places, where it shall be judged necessary, to widen the said Canal for boats and other vessels to turn, lie or pass each other, not more than sixty yards, nor shall any land or ground, so set out and ascertained for the purpose of making the said Canal and Reservoirs, be applied to the said purposes, without the consent of the owner or owners of the said Lands, respectively, under his or their hands in writing first had and obtained, unless the same shall be valued and paid for in manner as herein-after-mentioned.

Commissioners may take for the use of the Canal, so much land covered with water of the St. Lawrence, for making the Canal and thereon to erect wharves, &c. as exal be wanted.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, that it shall be lawful for the said commissioners, in constructing and making the said Canal from Lachine aforesaid, to the neighbourhood of Montreal as aforesaid, to take and appropriate, for the use of the said Canal, so much of the land covered with the water of the said River Saint Lawrence, or of the bed thereof, as may be found necessary for the making and compleating of the same, and thereon, to erect such whatves, quays, locks, works and erections, as the said company of Proprietors shall think convenient.

VIII.

When necessary cut into any highway, to con-duct the canal, a bridge to be built for passing of carciages.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the amhority aforefaid, that when and as often as it shall be necessary to cut in any highway in order to conduct the faid Canal through the same, the commissioners shall, within the shortest possible delay, cause to be constructed a secure, sufficient and commodious B idge, à dire d'Experts, for the paffing of carriages, in order to re-establish the communication between the several paits of luch highway.

Commissioners impowered break down public bridges and to erect other bridg-

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that if for the making of the faid Canal, it shall become necessary to break down any public Bridge, within or beyond the limits of the city of Montreal, it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Commissioners to cause such public Bridge to be broken down and removed, and they are hereby required to cause to be completed, within one month or sooner, all the necessary works of the said Canal, and to cause to be re-built, new, secure, sufficient and commodious Bridges, à dire d'Experts, for the passing of carriages, in lieu of those which they shall have so caused to be broken down and removed. Provided always, that none of the Bridges which shall be made over the faid Canal, shall be less in span, than the width of the locks of the said Canal.

Proviso.

Bodies politic and other persons allowed to sell and convey to the Commissioners, certain parts of their land, set out for the use of the

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that after any such parts of the faid lands or ground, shall be so set out and ascertained as aforesaid, for making the taid Canal, and other the purpoles and conveniences herein before-mentioned, it shall and may be lawful for all bodies politic, communities, corporations aggregate or sole, guardians, curators, testamentary executors, fidei commissaires, and all other Truftees what soever, not only for and in behalf of themseives, their heirs and successors, but also for and in behalf of those whom they represent, whether infants, lunatics, idiots, femmes covertes or other person or persons who are or shallbe possessed of or interested in any lands or grounds, whether the same be entailed (fubstitués) or not, which shall be set out or ascertained as aforesaid, to contract for, sell and convey unto the laid commissioners, or a majority of them, all or any part of fuch lands or grounds which shall, from time to time, be set out and ascertained as aforesaid, and that all such contracts, agreements and sales shall be valid and effectual in law to all intents and purpoies whatfoever, any law, statute or usage to the contrary thereof in anywife notwithstanding; and the ground to sold and acquired, for the use of the laid Canal, shall for ever thereafter be free of all mortgages and servitudes, (hypothéques et servitudes) whatsoever.

Bodies politic who may se res-trained by Law from selling their Land, may receive an equivalent, by a fixed annual reut.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that any body politic, community, corporation, or other person or persons whomsoever, who cannot, in common course of Law, sell or alienate any lands set out and ascertained as aforesaid, shall and may agree upon and fix, as herein-after directed, an annual rent, as an equivalent and not as a principal sum to be paid for the lands or ground necessary for the said Canal and other purposes relative thereto; for the payment of which annual rent, and every other annual rent for lands or grounds purchased for the said Canal, and other purposes relative thereto; the said Canal and the toll to be levied and collected thereon, shall be and hereby are made liable and chargeable in preference to all other claims and demands thereon what soever.

Bridges to be constructed awhich the Canal nasses.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that for the public conwithin certain dis-tances for the con-tances for the contauces for the convenience of the the faid Commissioners shall construct bridges across the faid Canal from place to public and the place, not further from each other, than the distance of thirty arpents.

Questions arising between the compecting Lands, that may be taken for the Canal, how to be settled.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that all questions between the commissioners and that shall arise between the said commissioners or a majority of them, and the seveproprietors respecting Lande, ral proprietors and persons interested in any lands, grounds or waters that shall or may be taken, affected or prejudiced by the execution of any of the powers hereby granted, or any indemnification for damages which may or shall be at any time or times sustained by any bodies politic or corporations, communities or any other perfon or persons respectively, being owners of or interested in any lands, grounds or waters, for or by reason of the making, repairing or maintaining the said Canal or refervoirs, trenches, passages, gutters, water-courses, roads, ways, locks or sluices for fupplying the same with water as aforesaid, or by the flowing, leaking or oozing of the water, over or through the banks of the faud Canal, refervoirs or other conveniences connected therewith, or by turning or diverting any streams or brooks into the same, shall and may be settled by agreement of the parties, or by arbitration; or if either of the parties shall not be inclined to make an agreement, or to appoint arbitrators, or by reason of absence, shall be prevented from treating, or through disability by nonage, coverture or other impediment, cannot treat or make such agreement or enter into such arbitration, or shall not produce a clear title to the preintles which they claim an interest in, then and in every such case, the said commissioners, or a majority of them, may make application to the Court of King's Bench of the District of Montreal, stating the grounds of such application, and such Court is hereby empowered and required from time to time, upon such application, to issue a Warrant directed to the Sheriff of the Diftrict of Montreal, for the time being, commanding

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commanding such Sheriff to impanel, summon and return a Fury, and the faid Sheriff is hereby required accordingly to impannel, furmion and return a Jury, qualified according to the Laws of this Province, to be returned for Trials of iffices, joined in civil cases in the said Court of King's Bench, to appear before the said Court, at fuch time and place as in such Warrant shall be appointed, and all parties concerned may have their lawful challenges against any of the faid jurymen, but shall not challenge the array, and the faid Court is hereby empowered to fummon and call before them, all and every such person or persons, as it shall be thought necessary to examine as witnesses, touching the matters in question, and the said Court may order and authorife the faid lury, or any fix or more of them to view the place or places or matter in controverly, which Jury upon their oaths, (all which oaths, as well as the oaths to be taken by any perion or perions who shall be called upon to give evidence, the faid Court is hereby empowered to administer) shall enquire of, affests and afcertain the diffin & sum or sums of money, or annual rent to be paid for the purchale of such lands or grounds, or the indemnistication to be made for the damage that may or shall be sustained as aforesaid; and the said Court shall give Judgment for such sum, rent, or indemnification, so to be affested by such Junes, which faid verdict and the judgment so thereupon pronounced, shall be binding and conclusive to all intents and purposes against all bodies politic or corporate, or communities, and all persons whomsoever.

licts, expences of summoning and of taking the inquest, as well as the costs and expences, how to be settled and by whom to be borne

XIV. Provided always and be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, that In easter of ver- in all cases where a verdict shall be given for more monies as an indemnification or fatisfaction for any lands or grounds, or for any damage to be done to any lands grounds or property of any person or persons whatsoever, than had been previously offered by or on the behalf of the faid Commissioners or a majority of them, then all the expenses of summoning and of taking such inquest, shall be settled by the Court, and by the faid Commissioners be defrayed, out of the monies hereby appropriated; but if any verdict shall be given for the same or for a less sum than had to been previously offered, then and in every such case, the said costs and expenfes after being fettled as above mentioned, shall be borne and paid by the person or persons with whom they shall have had such controversy.

of money or annual rent, as may be agreed for, be-tween the parties r determined by

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that upon payment of luch fum or fums of money, or annual tent as shall be contracted or agreed for, between the parties, or determined by Arbitrators, or affeffed by luch juries in manner respectively as aforesaid, to the Proprietors thereof, or other persons entitled to receive such money or rent respectively, or legal tender thereof made to

the

proprietors or to any persons intitled to receive the ame to e-prin-cipal officers of such body politic or community such lands may be applied to the purpose of making the Canal, &c.

proprietors or to the proprietors thereof or such other persons, or to the principal Officer or Officers of are such body politic or corporate, or community, at any time after the same Inall have been so agreed for, determined or affessed; such lands and grounds, respectively, may be applied to the purpose of making the said Canal, reservoirs and other works thence appertaining.

Agreements and determinations by Arbitrations and verdict and judgment to be kept by the Clerk of the Court of the Dis-trict of Montreal among the records of the Court.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that all agreements and all determinations by Arbitration as aforesaid, and also the said verdicts and judgments thereupon shall be transmitted to, and shall be kept by the Clerk of the Court of King's Bench for the District of Montreal, amongst the records of the said Court, and shall be deemed and taken to be, records of the said Court to all intents and purpoles, and the same or true copies thereof, shall be allowed to be good evidence in all Courts in this Province, and all persons shall have liberty to inspect the same, paying for each inspection, the sum of one shilling, and to take copies thereof on paying for each copy not exceeding one hundred words, the sum of six pence, and fo in proportion for any greater number of words.

Applicationto ges to be made within six ca-

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that application the Court for indemnity for any damage or injury sustained by reason of the powers and authority given by this Act, shall be made within fix calendar a notasterwards. months next after the time of such supposed damage sustained, nor shall any such application be received after that period.

Penalty on per-sons floating tim-ber upon the Canal.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, that if any person shall float any timber upon the said Canal or shall suffer the loading of any boat, batteau or vessel, to lie over the sides thereof, or shall over-load any boat, veffel, or raft, navigating in or upon the said Canal, so as by such over-loading, to obstruct the passage of any other boat, batteau, vessel or raft, and shall not immediately upon due notice given to the owner or person having the care of such boat, batteau, vessel or rast so obstructing the passage as aforesaid, remove the same, so as to make a free passage, every person so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such offence the sum of five pounds, currency; and if any person shall throw any ballast, gravel, stones, or rubbish, into any part of the faid Canal, every person so offending, shall for every such offence incur a forfeiture and penalty not exceeding ten pounds, currency; one half of which forfeiture and penalty, and of all other penalties imposed by this Act, shall go to the profecutor

cutor or informer, and the other half to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and shall be paid into the hands of the Receiver-General, and be applied for the public uses of this Province, and the support of the Government thereof.

cut in the Lands adjoining the Ca-nal, for the turn-ing of boats in the aid Canal.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that the said Commissioners shall and may, in such parts of the said Canal as they shall deem expedient, open or cut proper spaces or places in the lands adjoining to the said Canal, at convenient distances from each other for the turning or temporary reception of any boat, batteau, vessel or raft, in order that the same as occasion shall require, may retire thereto, so as to afford room to each other for passing and repassing in the faid Canal.

In cases of unexpected accidents to the wier's, &c. the same how to be repaired.

XX. And whereas, it may hereafter happen from floods or from some unexpected accidents, that Weirs, Flood gates, Dams, Banks, Reservoirs, Trenches or other works of the faid Canal, may be damaged or destroyed, and the adjacent lands or property thereon, thereby damaged, and that it may be necessary that the same should be immediately repaired or rebuilt, to prevent further damages; Be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that when and as often as such case may happen, it shall be lawful for the aforesaid Commissioners from time to time and for their Workmen and Agents without any delay or interruption from any Person or Persons whomsoever to enter into any lands or grounds adjoining or near to the faid intended Canal, or Branches, Refervoirs or Branches connected therewith or any of them (not being an Orchard, Garden or yard) and to dig for, work, get and carry away and use all such stones, gravel and other materials, as may be necessary or proper for the purposes aforesaid, without any previous treaty whatfoever, with the owner or owners, occupier or occupiers of or other person or persons interested in such lands or grounds, or any of them. doing as little damage thereby, as the nature of the works will admit of, the faid Commissioners making recompence for such damages, to the owners or occupiers of, or other persons interested in such lands or grounds, à dire d'Experts, to be named by the Commissioners and by the parties concerned according to law.

Penalty on per-

XXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that if any person or persons shall wilfully, maliciously and to the prejudice of the said Canal, break, throw

any Banks

the Canal.

throw down, damage or destroy any Bank, Lock, Gate, Sluice or any other work or works, machine or device to be erected or made in virtue of this Act, ordo any other wilful act, hurt or mischief to disturb, hinder or prevent the carrying into execution and completing, sapporting and maintaining the said Canal, every such person or persons fo offending, shall incur a forfeiture and penalty of treble the value of the damage, proved by Oath of two or more credible witnesses to have been done; such damages together with costs of suitto be recovered in any Court of Law, in this Province having competent Jurisdiction, and in case of default by the offender or offenders to make immediate payment of the amount awarded, he or they may at the discretion of the Court before which the conviction shall have taken place, be committed to the Common Gaol for a term not exceeding one month.

Masters of boats masters of boats made answerable for damages done to any bridges, are

XXII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that the master or owner of any Bateau, Boat or other Vessel or raft navigating upon the said Canal, shall be and he is hereby made answerable for any damage, spoil or mischief that shall be done by his boat, bateau or other vessel, or raft, or by any of the boatmen or watermen employed in and about the same respectively, unto any of the Bridges, Weirs, Locks, Dams, Engines or other works in, upon or near the faid intended Canal, or by loading or unloading any boat, bateau or other vessel, or raft, and for any injury or damage that shall or may be done to the owners of any building or land adjoining the same; and the master or owner of such boat, bateau or other vessel or raft, shall and may be prosecuted for the same, in any Court of Record; and if a verdict or Judgment be given against him in fuch Court, in any fuch cafe, the Plaintiff shall recover his Damages thereby sustained, with double costs of suit.

Canal declared whatfage.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that the said Canal, ree for certain dimensions of shall be free for all persons whomsoever, who are hereby authorised and impower-vessels, paying ed to navigate freely upon the same, with any Boat, Barge, or other vessel, and to whatsare. use the said towing Paths for hauling and drawing Boats, Barges and other vessels, and also to use the said wharves for loading and unloading any goods, wares and merchandize, under such conditions and regulations, and upon payment of such rates and dues, as shall or may hereafter, be enacted by an Act of the Legislature of this Province of Lower-Canada, fo foon as adequate information, touching the Premises shall be obtained from the Commissioners to be appointed, as aforesaid,

The Rates.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, that nothing in Nothing in this Act to prevent Act to prevent this A'& shall extend or be construed to extend, to restrain or hinder the owner

whose land the canal that or owners of any lands or grounds through which the faid Canal shall pass, from to make or use making, erecting or using any wharves, quays, landing places, cranes, weightheir own lands, beams or warehouses in or upon their own lands, grounds or waters adjoining or near to the faid Canal, or from landing any goods or merchandize or other things thereupon or upon the banks lying between the same and the said Canal, or from making or using proper and convenient places for boars, barges or other veffels to be in, so that the making, erecting or using thereof respectively shall not encroach unon, oblituct or prejudice the navigation of the said Canal or the Towing Paths thereof; and all sums of money which shall be paid for the use and benefit of the faid wharves, quays, landing places, cranes, weigh-beams and warehouses, refpectively, shall be and the same are hereby vested in the owner or owners of such lands or grounds who shall make and creck such Wharves, Quays, Landing places, Cranes, Weigh beams or Warehoules respectively, his, her and their heirs and assigns, so that the rates or dues to be granted for tonnage on the said Cana!, shall not be thereby reduced or altered.

Commissioners to the entrance of the Canal.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that with a part of empowered to the monies by this Act appropriated, the faid commissioners shall cause the navigamoney for clear ion of the share of the Saint Lawrence to be cleared and rendered easy and money for clear ion of the shore of the Saint Lawrence to be cleared and rendered easy and practicable for the navigation of boats, bateaux and mall veffels alcending the St Lawrence, practicable for the navigation of boats, scending from the foot of the current, river intended to pass into and through the said Canal, from the foot of the current, the River, to enable them to pass below Montreal, or place commonly called, the Cross, to the mouth or entrance of national the faid Canal, in the neighbourhood of Montreal.

Act 55 Geo. III. 20, 20, repealed.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that the abovementioned Act, passed in the fitty fifth year of the Reign of His late Mejesty, George the Third, intituled, "An Act to grant an aid to His Majesty, to assist in opening a Canal from the neighbourhood of Montreal to Lacine, and further " to provide for facilitating the same," shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Fines to be sued for within three months.

XXVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that the fines, forfeitures and penalties which shall be at any time incurred under this Act, shall be sued for within three months next after the commission of the offence and not afterwards.

XXVIII.

Not to affect His. Plajesty's rights &c.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend in any manner or way to affect the Rights of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or of any person or persons, or of any Body corporate or politic, except in as far as the same are hereby affected.

Public Act.

XXIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that the present Act shall be deemed and taken to be a public Act, and as such, shall be judicially noticed by all Judges, Justices and other persons without being specially pleaded.

Application of the money to be accounted for to the Crown. XXX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that the due application of the said monies pursuant to the directions of this Act, shall be accounted for to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, through the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, in such manner and form, as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors shall direct.

Commissioners to cause the Canal to be made, as far as circumstances may permit, at the place and according to the plan drawn by the Eugineer.

XXXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that in the intention of facilitating the execution of the plan which it might be useful to adopt in future, of continuing the said Canal as far as the place commonly called St. Mary's Current, it shall be the duty of the said Commissioners to cause the said Canal to be made, as far as circumstances will permit, at the place and according to the plan drawn by the Engineer employed by the said Company and by him deposited in the office of the Secretary of the Province.

Commissioners empowered to treat with the Company of Proprietors of the Lachine Canal, respecting the relinquishment of their rights.

XXXII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, so appointed under this Act, to treat with the said Company of Proprietors of the Lachine Canal, respecting the relinquishment of the rights of the said Company to make the said Canal, and also respecting the reimbursement of monies by them expended for the survey and levels, estimates and books of references, with the maps and plans of the said Canal which they have caused to be taken and made, as well as all other monies expended by the said Company for the purposes of the said Act, and towards the commencing and making the said Canal, which monies the said Commissioners may find to have been necessarily and usefully expended for the opening of the said Canal. Provided always, that no reimbursement shall be paid to the said Company in pursuance of any agreement before the same has been submitted to the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor or person administering the Government for the time being, and by him restified and approved.

CAP.

Proviso.—Reimbursement not to take effect, until approved by the Governor.