

Crooked and rotten wood low piled.

Seizure of crooked and rotten wood less than four feet long.

Preamble...of Coal, Salt, and Grain.

Forfeiture of Coal, Salt, or Grain, not duly measured.

Penalty to which a Measurer may subject himself.

Allowance to Surveyors and Measurers.

every person or persons bringing cord wood to market for sale, shall pile all crooked or rotten wood in distinct and separate piles from the sound wood, and upon neglect or refusal of the seller to pile the crooked and rotten wood, the same to be seized by the surveyor, and to be forfeited by the seller for the use aforesaid.

IV. *And be it further enacted*, That all crooked or rotten wood not measuring four feet in length, accounting half the carf, shall also be seized by the surveyors under the like penalty for neglect as imposed by the second section of this Act, and the wood to be forfeited for the use as aforesaid.

And whereas great and serious evils have arisen, and great abuses have been practised, by means of the delivery of Coals, Salt and Grain, without having been previously surveyed by the proper Officer: for remedy whereof,

V. *Be it further enacted*, That from and after the publication hereof, all coal, salt, and grain, delivered from any ship or vessel, to any truckman or any other person, without having been duly and regularly admeasured by the proper officer appointed by the Court of Sessions, to survey the same, shall be forfeited, or the value thereof, by the seller thereof, to and for the use of the poor of the Township.

VI. *And be it further enacted*, That each and every measurer of coal, salt, and grain, who shall undertake to attend the admeasurement of either, or any of the aforesaid articles, from more than one vessel at one and the same time, shall forfeit for each and every such offence, the sum of forty shillings, to be recovered before any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, by warrant of distress, and to be applied for County purposes.

VII. *And be it further enacted*, That the surveyor of cord wood shall receive from the seller, for each survey and examination, four pence per cord; and the measurer of grain shall receive for all grain (oats excepted) at the rate of four shillings per hundred bushels; and for oats two shillings per hundred bushels; and the measurer of salt, for every hoghead of salt, two pence; and the measurer of coals, for every chaldron of coals, six pence, to be paid by the seller of the aforesaid articles.

CAP. V.

An ACT for the preservation of Snipes and Woodcocks.

WHEREAS, it is expedient to prevent the killing of Snipes and Woodcocks during the time of their Breeding:

Preamble.

Between March and September not lawful to kill Snipes and Woodcocks.

Penalty for violating this Act.

I. *Be it therefore enacted, by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly*, That it shall not hereafter be lawful to kill any Snipe or Woodcock within this Province, from the first day of March, until the first day of September in each and every year respectively.

II. *And be it further enacted*, That every person who shall take, kill, sell, expose to sale, buy, cause to be bought, or have in his or her possession, any Snipe or Woodcock, between the days herein before mentioned, shall, for each Snipe or Woodcock so taken, killed, sold, exposed to sale, bought, caused to be bought, or found in his or her possession, forfeit the sum of Ten Shillings, to be recovered and applied in like manner as the Penalty imposed by the Acts made for the preservation of Partridges and Bluewinged Ducks. *Provided always*, That this Act shall not extend to any Indian or Poor Settler, who shall kill any Snipes or Woodcocks for his own use and not for sale.