Grants to two or more persons and their heirs to be construed to operate as giving estates in common unless expressed in each grant to be to the use of such grantees as joint tenants.

The rights of purchasers, mortgagees, &c. not to be impeached. tenants, any law to the contrary notwithstanding. II. Provided always nevertheless, and it is hereby declared, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend to impeach, or in any manner to affect the rights of any bona fide purchaser, mortgagee, or other incumbrancer, for valuable consideration; provided such purchasers, mortgagees, or other incumbrancers can shew their right, claim, or title to have vested previous to the passing of this Act.

the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper-Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of, and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, intituled, "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That all Grants of the Waste Lands of the Crown, which, previous to the

said first day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred,

passed the Great Seal of this Province to two or more persons and their

heirs, shall, from and after the day of the date of such Grants respectively,

be taken and construed in all Courts of Law and Equity, to enure and ope-

rate as giving to the several Grantees estates in common, and not in joint tenancy, unless it shall be distinctly expressed or declared in the said grant, that such Lands were to be held by, or to the use of such Grantees as joint

C. 4, 5. IN THE 43rd YEAR OF GEORGE III. A. D. 1803.

C H A P. V.

An Act to enable MARRIED WOMEN having REAL ESTATE, more conveniently to ALIEN and CONVEY the same.

[5th March, 1803.]

FOURTH SESSION.

THEREAS by the Laws of England, Married Women can only alien and convey their real estates by fine, or other matter of record, and there being as yet, no express provision made for levying fines in this Province, it has become expedient that some mode of conveyance should be by Law adopted, to enable such Married Women to alien their said real estates, Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, intituled, "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That from and after the first day of April, in this present year one thousand eight hundred and three, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Married Woman having real estate in this Province, and being above the age of twenty-one years, with the knowledge and consent

Recital.

It shall be lawful for any married woman having real estate, by deed, jointly with her husband, to all $n_1 \leq r_2$.

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sent of, and by any Deed or Deeds jointly with her husband, to alien, dcpart with, and convey the same to such use and uses as to her and her said husband shall seem meet, which conveyance shall be as valid and effectual in the Law, to all intents and purposes, as if she were sole, any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby declared, That nothing in such Such merried woman. Deed contained, shall have any force or effect to bar such Married Woman, court, touching her court or her said husband, or her heirs, during the continuance of the coverture, or sent. after the dissolution thereof, or shall be held to have any force or effect whatsoever, unless such Married Woman shall appear in open Court, in the Court of King's Bench, or before any Judge thereof at his Chambers, or before a Judge of Assize, at the sittings for the Home District, or on his Circuit, and be examined by the said Court or Judge, touching her consent, and shall freely and voluntarily, and without coercion, give her consent, before such Court or Judge, to alien and depart with such estate, nor unless such examination shall take place within six months from the time of the execution of such Deed of Conveyance as herein before stated.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case it shall appear to the said Court or Judge, that such Married Woman doth fully and to cause a certificate of freely consent to depart with, alien and convey her said real estate, without such married woman's consent to be endorsed coercion, or fear of coercion on the part of her husband, or any other person, it shall and may be lawful for such Court or Judge, and they are respectively hereby required, to cause a certificate thereof to be endorsed on the Deed so executed by her and her said husband as aforesaid, which certificate shall state the day on which such examination is taken, and shall be signed by the Chief Justice, or in his absence by the senier puisne Judge of the said Court, or hy the said Judge before whom the same shall be taken at the said Sittings, or on the Circuit, or at Chambers, for which Certificate the Clerk of the Crown, when the examination shall be taken in term time, shall be entitled to demand and receive the sum of five shillings, and no more, and when taken by a Judge during the Sittings, or upon the Circuit, or at Chambers, the Judge's Marshall shall be entitled to demand and receive the like sum of five shillings, as a fee for such certificate.

IV. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That nothing in this Act contained shall be taken or construed to give to such Deeds so executed as aforesaid, so far as relates to the Married Woman or or effect, than the same would have had in case such Married Woman had sole. teen sole at the time of executing the same.

The court or judge on the deed.

Fees for such certifi-

Such deeds to have no other force or affect than they would have

СНАР.