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The Provincial Statutes of Lower-Canada, Being the second session of the fifteenth Provincial Parliament of Lower-Canada. Quebec: John Carleton Fisher & William Kemble, Law Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, 1836.

6 William IV - Chapter 10

An Act to repeal certain parts of an Ordinance therein mentioned, concerning persons to be admitted to practise the Law or to practise as Notaries in this Province. (21st March, 1836.)

Whereas it is no longer expedient that any person should be admitted to practise the Law in this Province, solely because he has been admitted or is entitled to be admitted to practise the Law in some other part of His Majesty's Dominions, and without his having served a regular Clerkship within this Province, and it is therefore necessary to repeal so much of the Ordinance hereinafter mentioned, as allows such persons to be admitted as aforesaid; and whereas it is likewise expedient in certain cases to shorten the term of the Clerkship of Advocates and Notaries:—Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly oi the Province of Lower Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, intituled, "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America;' And to make further provision for the Government of the said Province;" and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that so much of the first Section of a certain Ordinance passed in the twenty-fifth year of the Reign of His Majesty George the Third, Chapter four, intituled, "An Ordinance concerning Advocates, Attorneys, Solicitors and Notaries, and for the more easy collection of His Majesty's Revenues," as is in the following words, "or in some other part of His Majesty's Dominions,"—and so much of the said Ordinance as is in the following words: "unless such person shall have been already called to the Bar, or entitled so to be, and to practise as an Advocate or Attorney in some Court of Civil Jurisdiction within some part of His Majesty's Dominions," shall be and is hereby repealed, and no person shall hereafter be commissioned, appointed or permitted to practise in any of His Majesty's Courts of Civil Jurisdiction in this Province, as a Barrister, Advocate, Solicitor, Attorney or Proctor at Law, who shall not have bona fide served a regular and continued Clerkship, within this Province, in the manner prescribed in and by the Ordinance aforesaid, as amended by this Act.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that any person who shall have gone through a regular, complete and continued collegiate course of study, including the courses of Belles Lettres, Rhetoric and Philosophy, (comprising Logic, Moral Philosophy, Mathematics and natural Philosophy,) in one or in several of the Seminaries or Colleges of Quebec, Montreal, Saint Hyacinthe, Nicolet or Saint Anne de la Pocatiere, or in any other College legally established, or which shall be legally established in this Province or elsewhere, in which the said courses of study shall be taught, and shall produce a certificate

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to that effect, under the hand of the Superior of such Seminary or College and shall moreover have served a regular and continued Clerkship under a Contract in writing for that purpose, made and entered into with some Advocate or Attorney duly admitted and practising in the Courts of Civil Judicature in this Province, or with some duly commissioned and practising Notary Public, respectively, for and during the space of four years, and shall in all other respects have complied with and fulfilled the requirements of the Ordinance hereinbefore cited, shall be entitled to be commissioned and to practise as a Barrister, Advocate, Solicitor, Attorney or Proctorat Law in any of His Majesty's Courts of Civil Jurisdiction in this Province, or as a Notary Public, any thing in the said Ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding.