

dance and such other treatment as the case may require, during the illness of such Sailor or Mariner, or person so sent as aforesaid.

Detailed accounts of the expenditure of the money to be made up and to be transmitted to the officer whose duty it is to receive such accounts.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that every person to whom shall be entrusted the expenditure of any portion of the monies hereby appropriated, shall make up detailed accounts of such expenditure, showing the sum advanced to the Accountant, the sum actually expended, the balance (if any) remaining in his hands, and the amount of the monies hereby appropriated to the purpose for which such advance shall have been made, remaining unexpended in the hands of the Receiver General; and that every such account shall be supported by vouchers, therein distinctly referred to by numbers corresponding to the numbering of the items in such account; and shall be made up to and closed on the tenth day of April and tenth day of October in each year, during which such expenditure shall be made, and shall be attested before a Justice of the Court of King's Bench, or a Justice of the Peace, and shall be transmitted to the Officer whose duty it shall be to receive such account, within fifteen days next after the expiration of the said periods respectively.

Application of the money to be accounted for to His Majesty, and a detailed account to be laid before the Legislature.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that due application of the monies appropriated by this Act, shall be accounted for to His Majesty, his heirs or successors, through the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, for the time being, in such manner and form as His Majesty, his heirs and successors shall direct; and that a detailed account of the expenditure of all such monies, shall be laid before the several branches of the Provincial Legislature, within the first fifteen days of the next Session thereof.

Continuance of this Act.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that this Act shall continue and be in force until the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and forty, and no longer.

C A P. XXXVI.

AN ACT to regulate the Measurement of Coal.

[21st March, 1836.]

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is necessary to regulate the Measurement of Coal:—
Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and

and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Lower Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, intituled, "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, "*An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America*;" And to make further provision for the Government of the said Province;" and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that whenever no agreement to the contrary shall be made between the parties, all sales of Coal in this Province shall be made by the Chaldron, or by the Bushel; which measures shall be of the dimensions hereinafter prescribed.

Where no agreement is made, sales of Coal how to be made.

Chaldron and bushel how to be measured, english measure.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that the Chaldron shall contain fifty-eight cubic feet and sixty-four hundredth parts of a cubic foot, or thirty-six bushels; each bushel containing two thousand and eight hundred and fourteen cubic inches and nine fourteenth parts of a cubic inch,—the whole being English measure.

The bushel to be of a certain measure.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that the bushel intended by this Act shall be nineteen inches and a half in diameter at the top, and eighteen inches and a half in diameter at the bottom, and nine inches and nine hundred and twenty-six thousandth parts of an inch, deep,—English measure.

Two bushel measure to contain certain cubic inches, and three bushel measure to contain certain cubic inches.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that the two bushel measures employed for the purposes of this Act, shall contain five thousand six hundred and twenty-nine cubic inches and four fourteenths of a cubic inch; and the three-bushel measures, eight thousand four hundred and forty-four cubic inches, and thirteen fourteenths of a cubic inch,—English measure; and the said measures, shall, as shall also the one bushel measure aforesaid, be in all cases unheaped or struck measure.

When coals are sold and bought by the weight, the same to be by ton.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that when, by agreement of the seller and buyer, Coals are sold or bought by the weight, the same shall be by the ton, consisting of twenty hundredweight *avoir du poids*.

Not to do away with an agreement contracted before the passing of this Act.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that nothing in this Act contained, shall extend to do away the former practice respecting the measurement of Coals in any case where any bargain therefor shall have been made or agreed upon before the passing of this Act.

VII.

In case of disputes, reference to be had to the Clerk of the Hay market, who is to decide.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that where any difference or dispute shall arise between any seller or buyer of Coal, with respect to the measurement or weight thereof, the same shall be referred to and adjusted by the Clerk of the Hay Market.

Continuance of this Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted and declared, that this Act shall continue and be in force until the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and forty, and no longer.

C A P. XXXVII.

An Act to provide more effectually for the safe conveyance of Prisoners charged with Criminal Offences, from the Country parts of this Province to the Common Gaols of the several Districts.

[21st March, 1836.]

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is necessary to make more effectual provision than now exists by law, for the conveyance of Prisoners charged with Criminal Offences, from the country parts of this Province to the Common Gaols of the several Districts, and to extend for this purpose the provisions relating to Peace Officers, contained in the Act or Ordinance passed in the twenty-seventh year of the Reign of His Majesty, King George the Third, intituled, " An Ordinance to explain and amend an Ordinance for establishing Courts of Criminal Jurisdiction in the Province of Quebec :—Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Lower Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, intituled, " An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, "*An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America* ;" And to make further provision for the Government of the said Province"; and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that from and after the passing of this Act, that each and every Captain, officer and serjeant of Militia in this Province, shall be a Peace Officer for the District within which he resides ; and it shall be his duty, when thereto commanded, by any Justice of the Peace or Superior Officer of Militia, to accompany, aid, and assist

Captains, officers, or serjeants of militia to be Peace Officers. Their duties as such.